

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(95, 7.708, 255.837)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(95, 7.708, 255.837) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(95, 7.933, 256.823)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E5F2FF
RGB	229, 242, 255
RGB Percent	90%, 95%, 100%
CMY	0.1008, 0.0498, 0.0000
CMYK	0.10, 0.05, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	210°, 100%, 95%
HSV	210°, 10%, 100%
XYZ	82.3378, 87.6183, 107.4252
YIQ	239.5950, -11.9210, 1.2870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

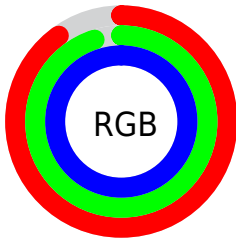
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	229, 238, 255
Decimal	15069951
CIE Lab	95.00, -1.81, -7.72
CIE LCh	95, 7.933, 256.823
Yxy	87.6183, 0.2968, 0.3159
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293260031 (0xFFE5F2FF)
YUV	239.5950, 7.5947, -9.2918
Hunter-Lab	93.6047, -6.7935, -2.5208

# Details

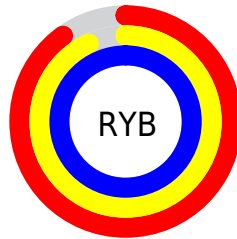
The CIELCh color **95, 7.933, 256.823** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **96, 8.008, 73.501**, and the grayscale version is **95, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **75, 7.863, 254.918** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 15.460, 257.707**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.074, 260.819**.

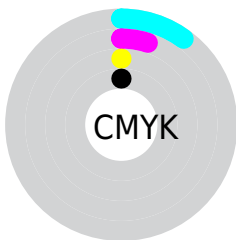
# Distribution



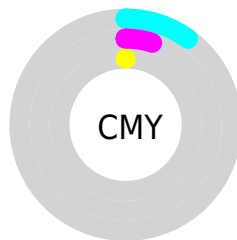
- Red (90%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 95, 7.933, 256.823 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 95, 7.933, 256.823 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



95, 7.933, 256.823

95, 7.933, 256.823

100, 7.933,  
256.823

85, 7.933, 256.823

75, 7.933, 256.823

65, 7.933, 256.823

55, 7.933, 256.823

45, 7.933, 256.823

35, 7.933, 256.823

25, 7.933, 256.823

15, 7.933, 256.823

5, 7.933, 256.823

95, 7.933, 256.823

95, 7.933, 256.823

90, 15.460,  
257.707

100, 0.074,  
260.819

85, 22.991,  
259.564

100, 0.012,  
296.813

80, 30.376,  
261.787

76, 37.597,  
264.440

71, 44.663,  
267.578

67, 51.619,  
271.229

63, 58.555,  
275.368

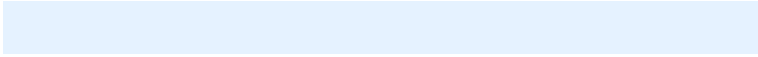
59, 65.593,  
279.884

■ 55, 72.801,  
284.461

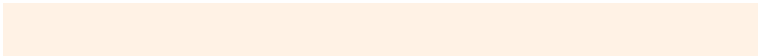
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



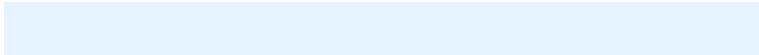
95, 7.933, 256.823



96, 8.008, 73.501

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95, 7.933, 256.823



95, 7.933, 306.823



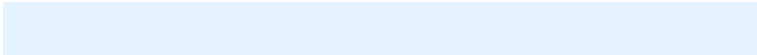
95, 7.933, 76.823



95, 7.933, 126.823

# Sweetspot

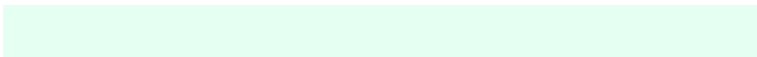
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95, 7.810, 256.171



99, 2.337, 255.349



98, 11.313, 161.963



52, 1.769, 255.411



0, 0.000, 0.000



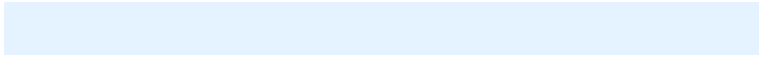
53, 0.007, 296.813



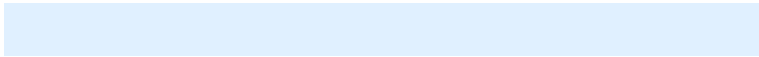


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95, 7.810, 256.171



94, 9.283, 256.441



92, 13.096, 290.584



51, 4.405, 256.092



42, 57.634, 283.613



12, 23.486, 277.012



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93, 11.373, 344.147



92, 13.563, 344.325



99, 12.800, 108.513



50, 6.407, 344.094



41, 68.312, 1.562

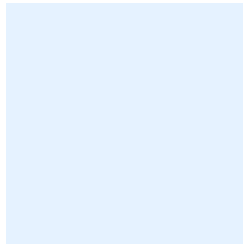


10, 31.925, 356.052



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 95, 7.933, 256.823 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

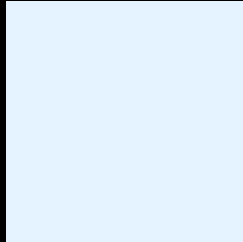
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 95, 7.933, 256.823 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

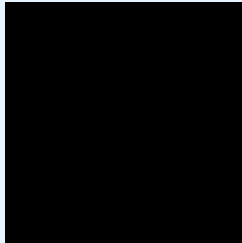
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

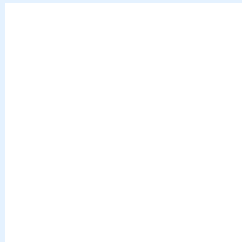
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 95, 7.933, 256.823

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 7.933, 256.823.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 7.933, 256.823.

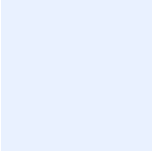
# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
95, 7.647, 269.812

# Trichromacy



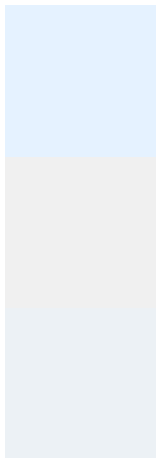
**Original Color**  
95, 7.933, 256.823

**Protanomaly**  
95, 7.255, 282.580

**Deuteranomaly**  
95, 9.706, 307.427

**Tritanomaly**  
95, 7.768, 267.461

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
95, 7.933, 256.823

**Achromatopsia**  
95, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
95, 2.678, 249.777

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 95, 7.933, 256.823 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 242, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 242, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 242, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 242, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 95, 7.933, 256.823 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 242, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 242, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 242, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 242, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 242, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 242,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 95, 7.933, 256.823 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 242, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
242, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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