

Converting Colors

CIELCh(95, 7.756, 311.737)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(95, 7.756, 311.737) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(95, 7.756, 311.737)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | F6EEFC |
| RGB | 246, 238, 252 |
| RGB Percent | 96%, 93%, 99% |
| CMY | 0.0360, 0.0674, 0.0125 |
| CMYK | 0.02, 0.06, 0.00, 0.01 |
| HSL | 274°, 69%, 96% |
| HSV | 274°, 6%, 99% |
| XYZ | 86.0039, 87.6183, 104.3211 |
| YIQ | 241.9880, 0.2740, 6.0500 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

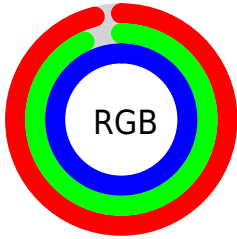
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| R _Y B | 246, 238, 252 |
| Decimal | 16183036 |
| CIE Lab | 95.00, 5.16, -5.79 |
| CIE LCh | 95, 7.756, 311.737 |
| Yxy | 87.6183, 0.3094, 0.3152 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294373116 (0xFF6EEFC) |
| YUV | 241.9880, 4.9359, 3.5185 |
| Hunter-Lab | 93.6047, 0.1976, -0.5546 |

Details

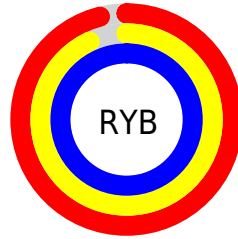
The CIELCh color `95, 7.756, 311.737` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFFFFF`. A complement of this color would be `98, 7.686, 131.308`, and the grayscale version is `95, 0.011, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `75, 7.645, 313.248` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `88, 21.980, 312.194`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `100, 1.603, 110.010`.

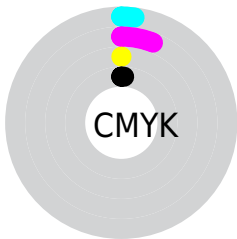
Distribution



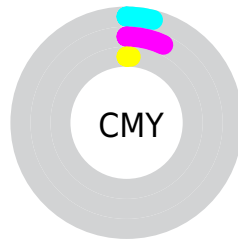
- Red (96%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 95, 7.756, 311.737 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 95, 7.756, 311.737 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

95, 7.756, 311.737

95, 7.756, 311.737

100, 7.756,
311.737

85, 7.756, 311.737

75, 7.756, 311.737

65, 7.756, 311.737

55, 7.756, 311.737

45, 7.756, 311.737

35, 7.756, 311.737

25, 7.756, 311.737

15, 7.756, 311.737

5, 7.756, 311.737

95, 7.756, 311.737

95, 7.756, 311.737

88, 21.980,
312.194

100, 1.603,
110.010

81, 36.530,
312.671

74, 51.285,
313.159

68, 66.026,
313.634

61, 80.394,
314.056

56, 93.827,
314.367

51, 105.538,
314.485

47, 114.600,
314.313

■ 44, 120.260,
313.760

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95, 7.756, 311.737



98, 7.686, 131.308

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



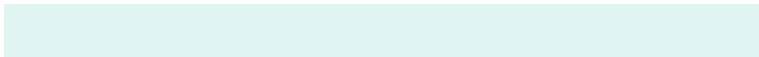
95, 7.756, 311.737



95, 7.756, 1.737



95, 7.756, 131.737



95, 7.756, 181.737

Sweetspot

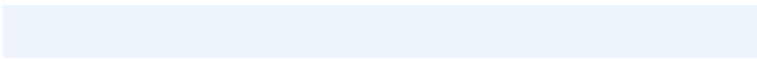
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95, 7.753, 311.733



99, 2.812, 311.544



96, 4.545, 263.085



53, 1.599, 311.536



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95, 7.753, 311.733



95, 9.883, 311.800



95, 8.354, 326.562



49, 6.321, 311.827



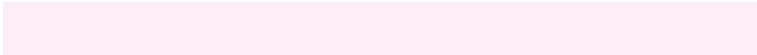
31, 98.007, 313.624



6, 43.249, 314.764

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95, 5.863, 348.084



95, 7.476, 348.234



98, 8.332, 145.996



49, 4.782, 348.294



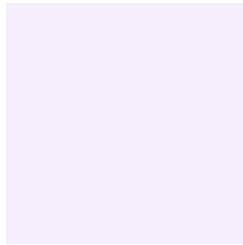
40, 67.387, 8.963



10, 30.576, 2.007

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 95, 7.756, 311.737 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

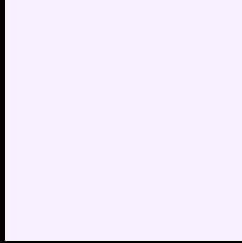
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 95, 7.756, 311.737 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

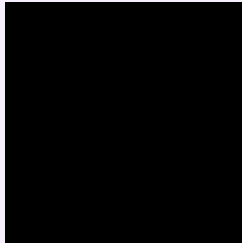
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

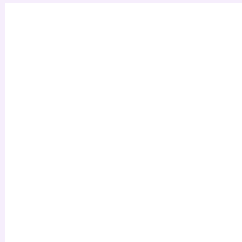
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 95, 7.756, 311.737

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 7.756, 311.737.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 7.756, 311.737.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


95, 7.756, 311.737

Protanopia

95, 7.246, 296.212

Deuteranopia

95, 10.481, 332.816



Tritanopia
95, 9.813, 309.369

Trichromacy



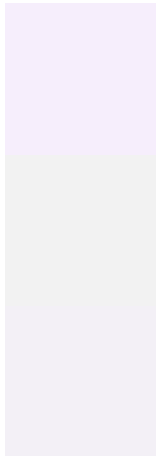
Original Color
95, 7.756, 311.737

Protanomaly
95, 7.353, 301.588

Deuteranomaly
95, 9.582, 326.492

Tritanomaly
95, 9.328, 310.364

Monochromacy



Original Color
95, 7.756, 311.737

Achromatopsia
95, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
95, 3.277, 309.133

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 95, 7.756, 311.737 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(246, 238, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 238, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 238, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 238, 252) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 95, 7.756, 311.737 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 238, 252) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 238, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 238, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 238, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 238, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 238,  
252) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 95, 7.756, 311.737 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 238, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
238, 252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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