

Converting Colors

CIELCh(95, 9.288, 313.611)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(95, 9.288, 313.611) contains.

CIELCh(95, 9.453, 312.353)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(95, 9.453, 312.353)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7EDFE
RGB	247, 237, 254
RGB Percent	97%, 93%, 100%
CMY	0.0308, 0.0700, 0.0033
CMYK	0.03, 0.07, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	275°, 91%, 96%
HSV	275°, 7%, 100%
XYZ	86.6485, 87.6183, 106.2347
YIQ	241.9280, 0.5030, 7.4070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

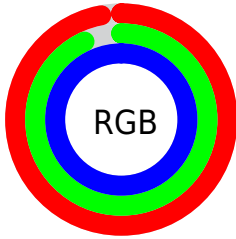
Format	Color
RYB	247, 237, 254
Decimal	16248318
CIELab	95.00, 6.37, -6.99
CIElCh	95, 9.453, 312.353
Yxy	87.6183, 0.3089, 0.3124
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294438398 (0xFFFF7EDFE)
YUV	241.9280, 5.9515, 4.4481
Hunter-Lab	93.6047, 1.4268, -1.7667

Details

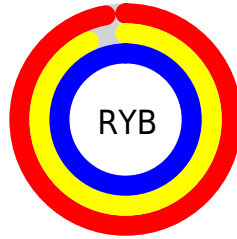
The CIELCh color **95, 9.453, 312.353** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **99, 9.365, 131.824**, and the grayscale version is **96, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **75, 9.429, 313.630** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 23.873, 312.807**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.420, 109.962**.

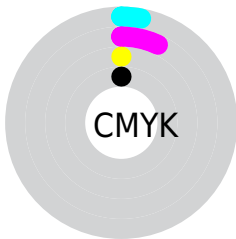
Distribution



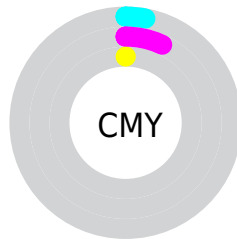
- Red (97%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 95, 9.453, 312.353 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 95, 9.453, 312.353 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 95, 9.453, 312.353

 95, 9.453, 312.353

 100, 9.453,
312.353

 85, 9.453, 312.353

 75, 9.453, 312.353

 65, 9.453, 312.353

 55, 9.453, 312.353

 45, 9.453, 312.353

 35, 9.453, 312.353

 25, 9.453, 312.353

 15, 9.453, 312.353

 5, 9.453, 312.353

95, 9.453, 312.353

95, 9.453, 312.353

88, 23.873,
312.807

100, 0.420,
109.962

81, 38.599,
313.279

74, 53.492,
313.756

68, 68.311,
314.213

62, 82.662,
314.608

56, 95.947,
314.882

51, 107.353,
314.953

47, 115.968,
314.725

■ 44, 121.131,
314.118

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



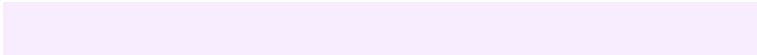
95, 9.453, 312.353



99, 9.365, 131.824

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



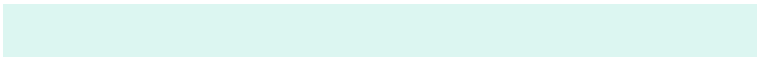
95, 9.453, 312.353



95, 9.453, 2.353



95, 9.453, 132.353



95, 9.453, 182.353

Sweetspot

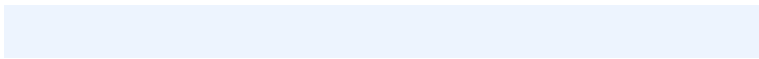
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95, 9.450, 312.350



99, 2.823, 312.108



96, 5.598, 264.820



53, 1.605, 312.101



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95, 9.450, 312.350



94, 11.353, 312.410



96, 10.020, 327.124



49, 8.083, 312.478



32, 98.648, 314.060



7, 44.709, 315.334

Inverse Universe

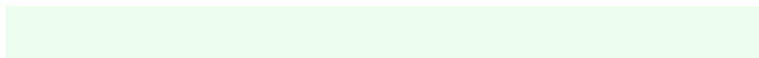
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95, 7.045, 349.217



95, 8.467, 349.352



98, 9.996, 146.405



50, 6.031, 349.505



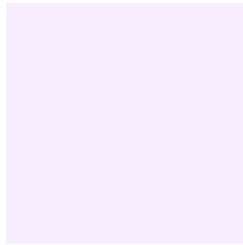
41, 68.196, 10.656



10, 31.327, 3.784

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 95, 9.453, 312.353 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

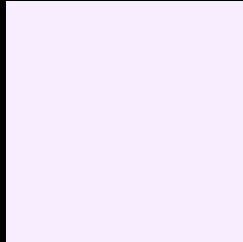
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 95, 9.453, 312.353 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

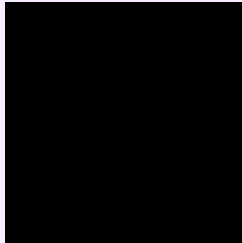
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

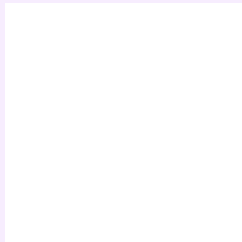
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 95, 9.453, 312.353

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 9.453, 312.353.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 9.453, 312.353.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

95, 9.453, 312.353

Protanopia

95, 8.269, 295.594

Deuteranopia

95, 11.655, 327.699



Tritanopia
95, 9.931, 311.271

Trichromacy



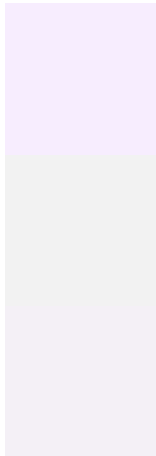
Original Color
95, 9.453, 312.353

Protanomaly
95, 8.941, 301.971

Deuteranomaly
95, 10.425, 323.175

Tritanomaly
95, 9.931, 311.271

Monochromacy



Original Color
95, 9.453, 312.353

Achromatopsia
95, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
95, 3.410, 314.712

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 95, 9.453, 312.353 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 237, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 237, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 237, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 237, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 95, 9.453, 312.353 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 237, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 237, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(247, 237, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 237, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 237, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 237,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 95, 9.453, 312.353 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 237, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
237, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor