

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(96, 10.569, 83.886)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(96, 10.569, 83.886) contains.

<b>CIELCh(96, 10.638, 84.989)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# **Color**

**CIELCh(96, 10.638, 84.989)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FEF2DF
RGB	254, 242, 223
RGB Percent	100%, 95%, 87%
CMY	0.0034, 0.0505, 0.1250
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.12, 0.00
HSL	37°, 95%, 94%
HSV	37°, 12%, 100%
XYZ	86.0446, 90.0078, 82.7375
YIQ	243.4220, 13.2510, -3.3650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">243, 254, 223</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16708319</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">96.00, 0.93, 10.60</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">96, 10.638, 84.989</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">90.0078, 0.3325, 0.3478</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294898399</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFFEF2DF</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">243.4220, -10.0680, 9.2769</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">94.8724, -4.1360, 14.7044</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color **96, 10.638, 84.989** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **93, 10.536, 268.307**, and the grayscale version is **96, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **76, 10.548, 85.385** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93, 19.648, 83.689**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 1.883, 86.142**.

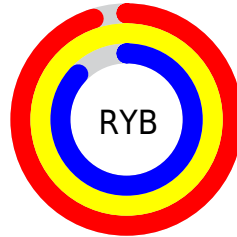
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (95%)

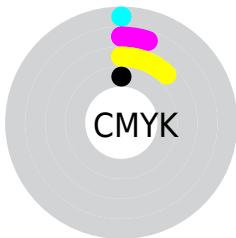
Blue (87%)



Red (95%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (87%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 10.638, 84.989 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 10.638, 84.989 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 96, 10.638, 84.989

 96, 10.638, 84.989

 100, 10.638,  
84.989

 86, 10.638, 84.989

 76, 10.638, 84.989

 66, 10.638, 84.989

 56, 10.638, 84.989

 46, 10.638, 84.989

 36, 10.638, 84.989

 26, 10.638, 84.989

 16, 10.638, 84.989

 6, 10.638, 84.989

96, 10.638, 84.989

96, 10.638, 84.989

93, 19.648, 83.689

99, 1.883, 86.142

90, 28.905, 82.326

100, 0.303,  
201.575

87, 38.375, 80.923

85, 47.963, 79.475

82, 57.466, 77.960

79, 66.487, 76.322

77, 74.316, 74.443

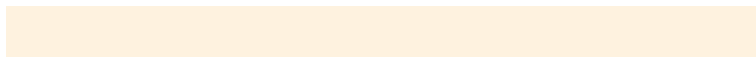
75, 79.932, 72.110

73, 82.527, 69.898

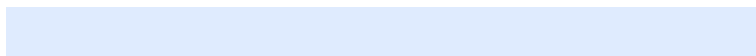
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96, 10.638, 84.989



93, 10.536, 268.307

# Rectangle

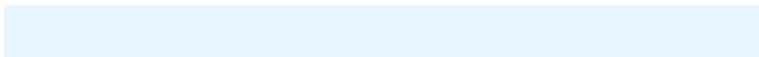
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 10.638, 84.989



96, 10.638, 134.989



96, 10.638, 264.989



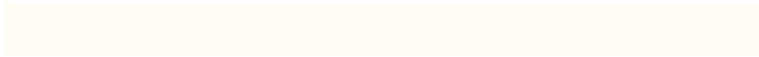
96, 10.638, 314.989

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 10.639, 85.003



99, 3.451, 85.995



92, 12.867, 350.512



53, 2.456, 85.914



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

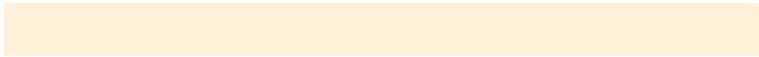


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 10.639, 85.003



95, 13.173, 84.641



99, 15.747, 113.108



52, 4.952, 85.345



56, 66.587, 70.518



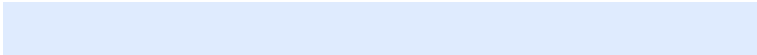
18, 27.492, 73.157





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93, 10.536, 268.307



91, 13.005, 268.735



90, 16.191, 295.193



50, 4.919, 267.917



35, 72.219, 293.411

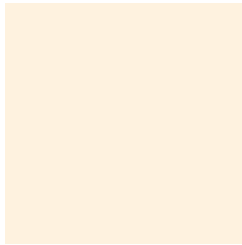


9, 28.992, 287.806



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 96, 10.638, 84.989 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

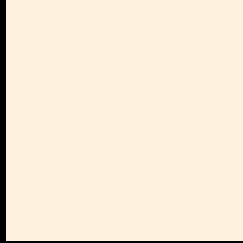
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 96, 10.638, 84.989 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

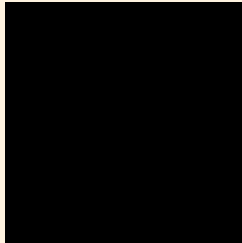
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 96, 10.638, 84.989

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 10.638, 84.989.

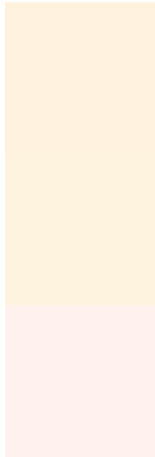


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 10.638, 84.989.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

96, 10.638, 84.989

### Protanopia

96, 10.829, 89.608

### Deuteranopia

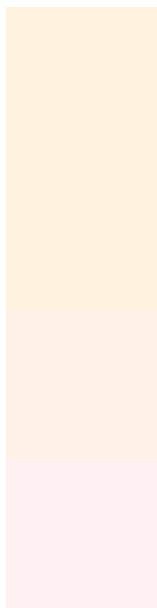
96, 5.410, 41.752



**Tritanopia**  
96, 9.153, 328.376



# Trichromacy



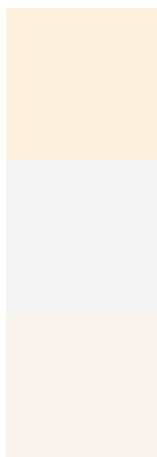
**Original Color**  
96, 10.638, 84.989

**Protanomaly**  
96, 10.829, 89.608

**Deuteranomaly**  
96, 6.821, 61.861

**Tritanomaly**  
96, 5.448, 8.855

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
96, 10.638, 84.989

**Achromatopsia**  
96, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
96, 3.978, 83.171

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 10.638, 84.989 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 242, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 242, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 242, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 242, 223) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 10.638, 84.989 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 242, 223) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 242, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 242, 223)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 242, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 242, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 242,  
223) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 10.638, 84.989 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 242, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
242, 223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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