

Converting Colors

CIELCh(96, 10.716, 167.150)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(96, 10.716, 167.150)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(96, 10.458, 166.177)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0F9EE
RGB	224, 249, 238
RGB Percent	88%, 98%, 93%
CMY	0.1205, 0.0224, 0.0656
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.04, 0.02
HSL	154°, 69%, 93%
HSV	154°, 10%, 98%
XYZ	80.2637, 90.0078, 94.2479
YIQ	240.2710, -11.3690, -8.7210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

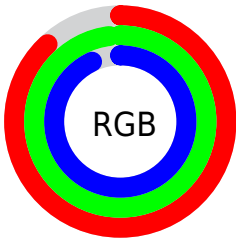
Format	Color
R_{YB}	224, 240, 249
Decimal	14744046
CIE _{Lab}	96.00, -10.16, 2.50
CIE _{LCh}	96, 10.458, 166.177
Yxy	90.0078, 0.3034, 0.3403
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292934126 (0xFFE0F9EE)
YUV	240.2710, -1.1196, -14.2697
Hunter-Lab	94.8724, -15.0127, 7.5110

Details

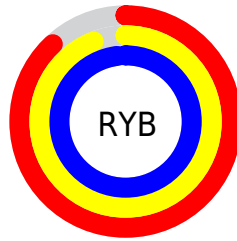
The CIELCh color **96, 10.458, 166.177** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **92, 10.642, 347.859**, and the grayscale version is **95, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **76, 10.667, 164.917** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94, 20.816, 165.179**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 0.028, 185.510**.

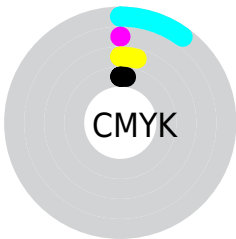
Distribution



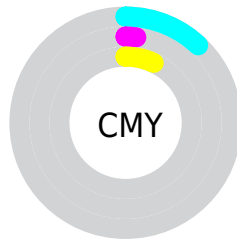
- Red (88%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (2%)





- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (7%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 10.458, 166.177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 10.458, 166.177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 96, 10.458,
166.177


 96, 10.458,
166.177


 100, 10.458,
166.177


 86, 10.458,
166.177

 76, 10.458,
166.177

 66, 10.458,
166.177

 56, 10.458,
166.177

 46, 10.458,
166.177

 36, 10.458,
166.177

 26, 10.458,

166.177

■ 16, 10.458,
166.177

■ 6, 10.458, 166.177

■ 96, 10.458,
166.177

■ 96, 10.458,
166.177

■ 94, 20.816,
165.179

■ 98, 0.028, 185.510

■ 93, 30.951,
164.097

■ 99, 3.556, 324.479

■ 91, 40.701,
162.894

■ 90, 49.888,
161.542

■ 89, 58.337,
160.016

■ 88, 65.899,
158.290

■ 88, 72.481,
156.349

■ 87, 78.076,
154.193

■ 87, 82.830,
151.898

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96, 10.458, 166.177



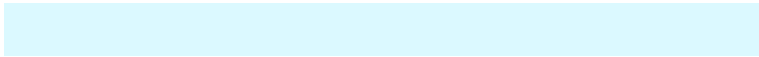
92, 10.642, 347.859

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 10.458, 166.177



96, 10.458, 216.177



96, 10.458, 346.177



96, 10.458, 36.177

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 10.460, 166.172



99, 3.182, 166.913



96, 13.716, 130.373



53, 2.413, 166.810



0, 0.000, 0.000



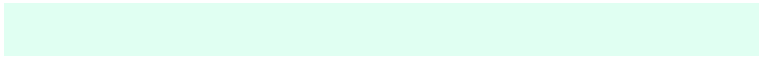
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 10.460, 166.172



98, 12.740, 165.979



96, 8.139, 203.494



51, 5.939, 166.224



68, 66.636, 152.327



22, 28.287, 155.721

Inverse Universe

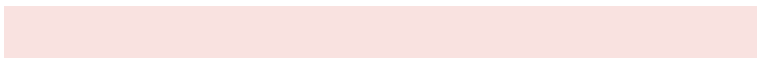
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92, 10.642, 347.859



92, 13.001, 348.055



92, 8.688, 24.185



49, 6.037, 347.806



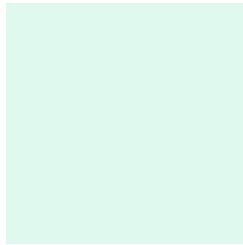
40, 67.339, 7.851



10, 30.629, 1.061

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 96, 10.458, 166.177 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

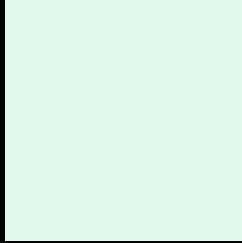
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 10.458, 166.177 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

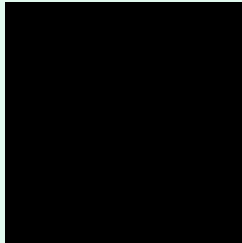
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

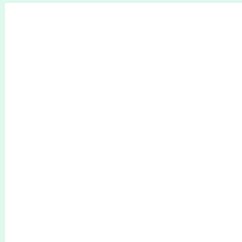
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 96, 10.458, 166.177

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 10.458, 166.177.

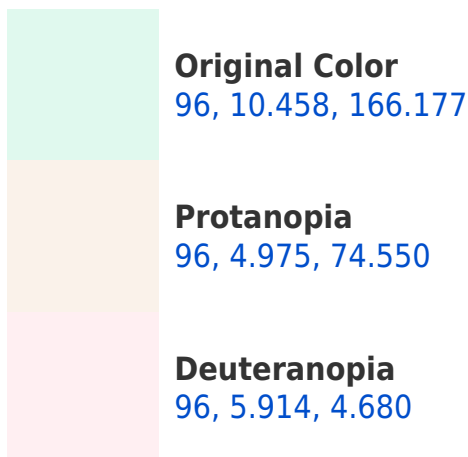


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 10.458, 166.177.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



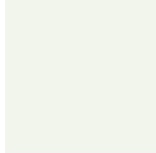


Tritanopia
96, 6.227, 264.506

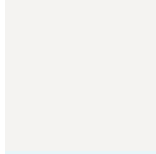
Trichromacy



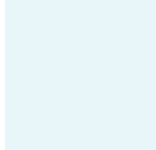
Original Color
96, 10.458, 166.177



Protanomaly
96, 4.822, 126.959



Deuteranomaly
96, 1.069, 90.712

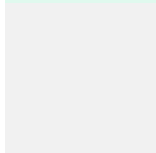


Tritanomaly
96, 5.041, 217.020

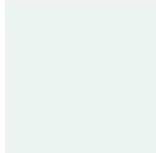
Monochromacy



Original Color
96, 10.458, 166.177



Achromatopsia
95, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
95, 3.787, 166.572

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 10.458, 166.177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 249, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 249, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 249, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 249, 238) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 10.458, 166.177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 249, 238) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 249, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 249, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 249, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 249, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 249,  
238) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 10.458, 166.177 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 249, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
249, 238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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