

Converting Colors

CIELCh(96, 14.766, 201.579)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(96, 14.766, 201.579)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(96, 14.676, 200.535)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D0FCFD
RGB	208, 252, 253
RGB Percent	82%, 99%, 99%
CMY	0.1848, 0.0123, 0.0084
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	181°, 91%, 90%
HSV	181°, 18%, 99%
XYZ	78.4493, 90.0078, 106.0521
YIQ	238.9580, -26.5450, -9.0170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

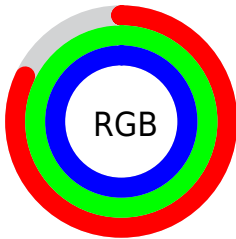
Format	Color
R_{YB}	208, 230, 253
Decimal	13696253
CIE _{Lab}	96.00, -13.74, -5.15
CIE _{LCh}	96, 14.676, 200.535
Yxy	90.0078, 0.2858, 0.3279
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291886333 (0xFFD0FCFD)
YUV	238.9580, 6.9227, -27.1502
Hunter-Lab	94.8724, -18.4265, 0.1340

Details

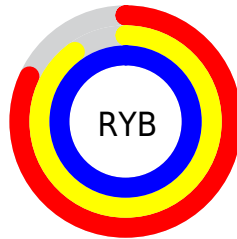
The CIELCh color **96, 14.676, 200.535** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **87, 16.521, 22.390**, and the grayscale version is **94, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **76, 14.515, 200.474** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94, 22.140, 200.134**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 6.613, 201.020**.

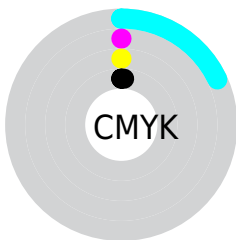
Distribution



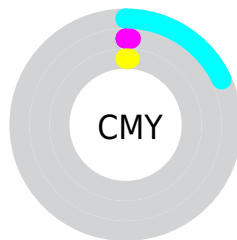
- Red (82%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)





- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (1%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 14.676, 200.535 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 14.676, 200.535 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 96, 14.676,
200.535


 96, 14.676,
200.535


 100, 14.676,
200.535


 86, 14.676,
200.535

 76, 14.676,
200.535

 66, 14.676,
200.535

 56, 14.676,
200.535

 46, 14.676,
200.535

 36, 14.676,
200.535

 26, 14.676,

200.535

■ 16, 14.676,
200.535

■ 6, 14.676, 200.535

■ 96, 14.676,
200.535

■ 96, 14.676,
200.535

■ 94, 22.140,
200.134

■ 98, 6.613, 201.020

■ 99, 0.707, 23.604

■ 93, 28.860,
199.817

■ 100, 0.607, 53.004

■ 92, 34.697,
199.584

■ 100, 0.691, 83.136

■ 91, 39.534,
199.442

■ 100, 0.910,
102.681

■ 90, 43.290,
199.401

100, 1.072,
110.026

■ 90, 45.936,
199.465

■ 89, 47.514,
199.636

■ 89, 48.165,
199.910

■ 89, 48.246,
199.977

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



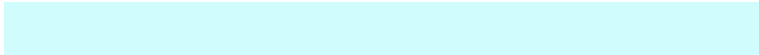
96, 14.676, 200.535



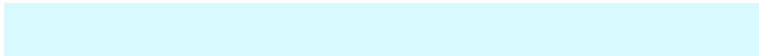
87, 16.521, 22.390

Rectangle

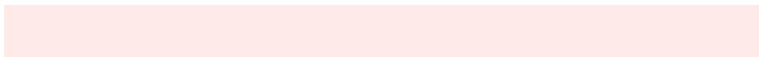
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 14.676, 200.535



96, 14.676, 250.535



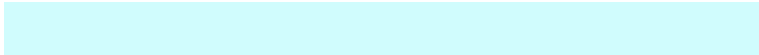
96, 14.676, 20.535



96, 14.676, 70.535

Sweetspot

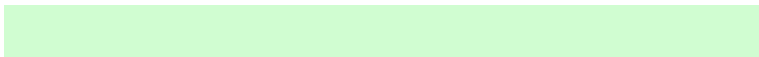
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 14.677, 200.528



99, 4.300, 201.205



95, 27.911, 143.755



53, 2.929, 201.153



0, 0.000, 0.000



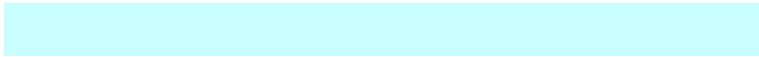
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

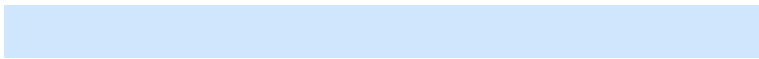
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 14.677, 200.528



96, 17.258, 200.393



90, 13.900, 259.776



52, 4.835, 200.923



69, 39.128, 199.915



23, 18.066, 199.478

Inverse Universe

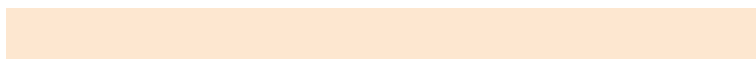
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88, 27.833, 326.018



87, 33.088, 326.199



93, 14.494, 74.937



50, 8.922, 325.545



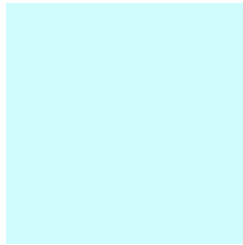
45, 91.479, 329.133



12, 42.173, 329.023

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 96, 14.676, 200.535 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

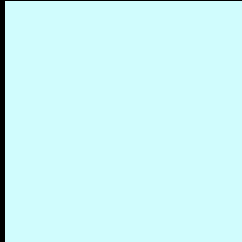
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 14.676, 200.535 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

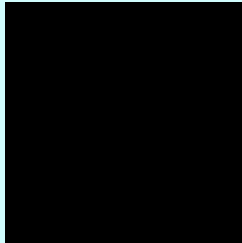
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

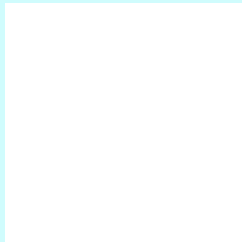
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 96, 14.676, 200.535

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 14.676, 200.535.

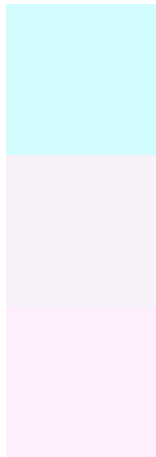


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 14.676, 200.535.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

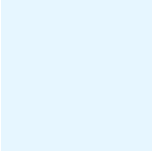
Dichromacy



Original Color
96, 14.676, 200.535

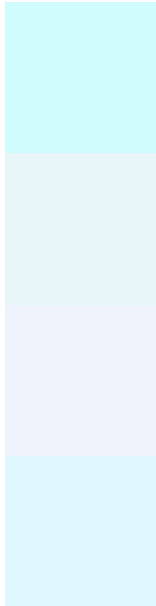
Protanopia
96, 2.946, 318.819

Deuteranopia
96, 9.381, 330.090



Tritanopia
96, 7.066, 240.063

Trichromacy



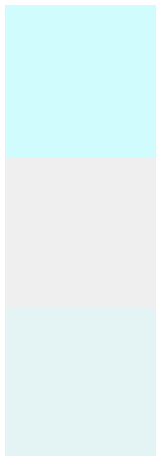
Original Color
96, 14.676, 200.535

Protanomaly
96, 5.041, 217.020

Deuteranomaly
96, 4.905, 269.954

Tritanomaly
96, 9.251, 218.422

Monochromacy



Original Color
96, 14.676, 200.535

Achromatopsia
94, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
95, 5.544, 199.158

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 14.676, 200.535 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 252, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 252, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 252, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 252, 253) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 14.676, 200.535 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

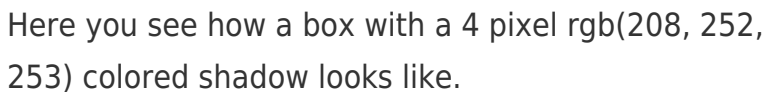
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 252, 253) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 252, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 252, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 252, 253); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 252, 253); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 252, 253) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 14.676, 200.535 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 252, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
252, 253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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