

# Converting Colors

CIECh(96, 15.084, 251.177)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(96, 15.084, 251.177)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(96, 10.622, 218.686)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DBF9FF
RGB	219, 249, 255
RGB Percent	86%, 98%, 100%
CMY	0.1416, 0.0239, 0.0000
CMYK	0.14, 0.02, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	190°, 100%, 93%
HSV	190°, 14%, 100%
XYZ	81.2170, 90.0078, 108.4634
YIQ	240.7140, -19.8060, -4.4940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

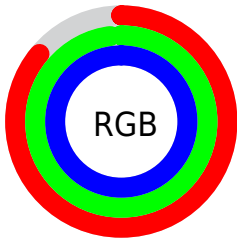
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	219, 235, 255
Decimal	14416383
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	96.00, -8.29, -6.64
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	96, 10.622, 218.686
Yxy	90.0078, 0.2904, 0.3218
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292606463 (0xFFDBF9FF)
YUV	240.7140, 7.0430, -19.0432
Hunter-Lab	94.8724, -13.2190, -1.3729

# Details

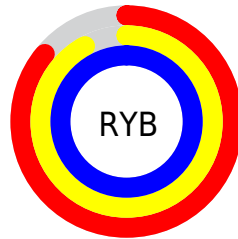
The CIELCh color **96, 10.622, 218.686** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **92, 11.532, 35.845**, and the grayscale version is **95, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **76, 10.434, 213.716** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93, 17.358, 216.543**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 3.170, 216.176**.

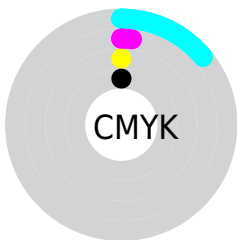
# Distribution



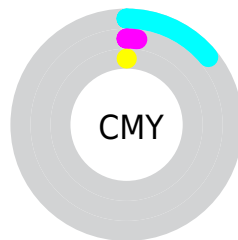
- Red (86%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 10.622, 218.686 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 10.622, 218.686 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 96, 10.622,  
218.686


 96, 10.622,  
218.686


 100, 10.622,  
218.686


 86, 10.622,  
218.686

 76, 10.622,  
218.686

 66, 10.622,  
218.686

 56, 10.622,  
218.686

 46, 10.622,  
218.686

 36, 10.622,  
218.686

 26, 10.622,

218.686

■ 16, 10.622,  
218.686

■ 6, 10.622, 218.686

■ 96, 10.622,  
218.686

■ 96, 10.622,  
218.686

■ 93, 17.358,  
216.543

■ 99, 3.170, 216.176

■ 91, 23.616,  
217.064

100, 0.012,  
296.813

■ 88, 29.154,  
217.826

■ 86, 33.855,  
218.888

■ 84, 37.627,  
220.316

■ 82, 40.420,  
222.187

■ 81, 42.254,  
224.574

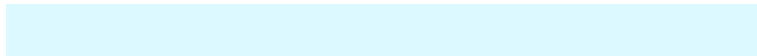
■ 79, 43.241,  
227.533

■ 79, 43.562,  
229.479

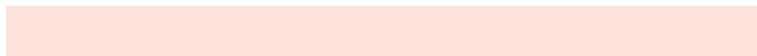
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



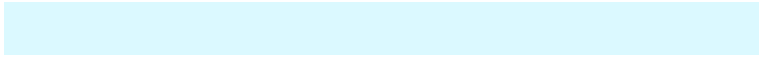
96, 10.622, 218.686



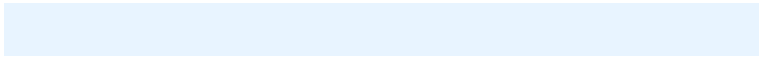
92, 11.532, 35.845

# Rectangle

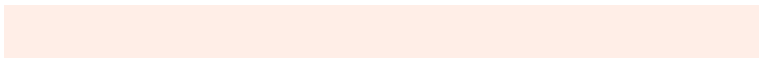
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



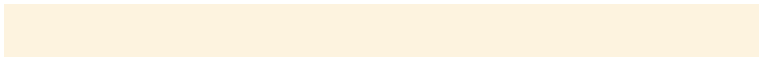
96, 10.622, 218.686



96, 10.622, 268.686



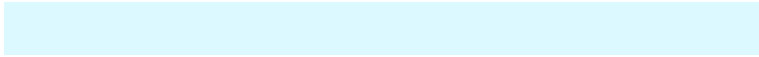
96, 10.622, 38.686



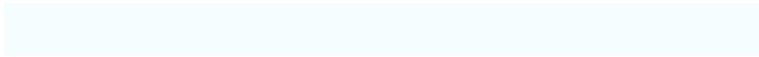
96, 10.622, 88.686

# Sweetspot

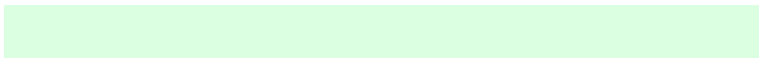
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 10.503, 216.226



99, 3.047, 216.182



97, 20.104, 148.464



53, 2.161, 216.159



0, 0.000, 0.000



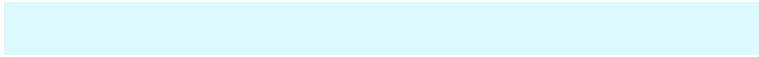
53, 0.007, 296.813



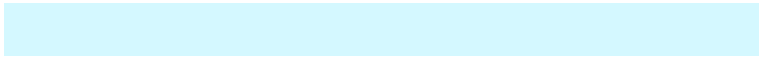


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 10.503, 216.226



95, 12.501, 216.296



91, 13.022, 273.088



52, 4.271, 216.149



60, 35.077, 228.837



20, 16.154, 224.419



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 20.129, 330.318



89, 24.190, 330.500



96, 13.052, 89.314



50, 8.059, 330.018



44, 81.574, 336.340

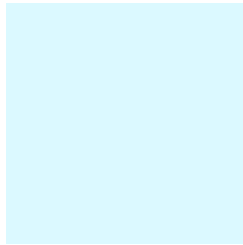


12, 38.117, 335.202



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 96, 10.622, 218.686 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

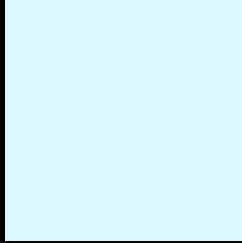
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 96, 10.622, 218.686 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

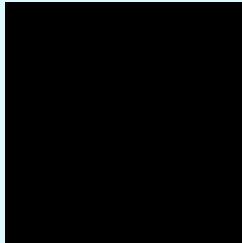
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 96, 10.622, 218.686**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 10.622, 218.686.

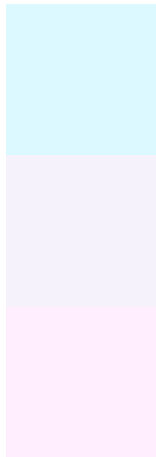


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 10.622, 218.686.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
96, 10.485, 215.970

**Protanopia**  
96, 4.753, 303.229

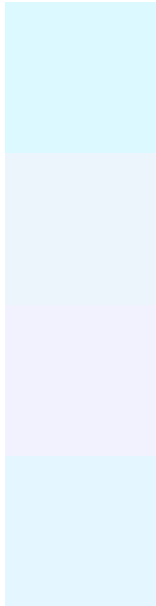
**Deuteranopia**  
96, 9.778, 328.170





**Tritanopia**  
96, 6.501, 251.484

# Trichromacy



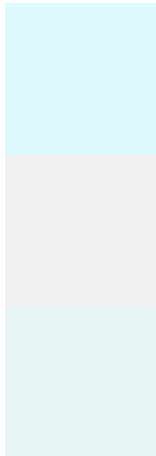
**Original Color**  
96, 10.485, 215.970

**Protanomaly**  
96, 4.701, 249.216

**Deuteranomaly**  
96, 6.161, 290.662

**Tritanomaly**  
96, 7.582, 236.737

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
96, 10.485, 215.970

**Achromatopsia**  
95, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
95, 3.936, 214.455

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 10.622, 218.686 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 249, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 249, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 249, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 249, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 10.622, 218.686 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 249, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 249, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 249, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 249, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 249, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 249,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 10.622, 218.686 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 249, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
249, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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