

Converting Colors

CIELCh(96, 15.283, 90.667)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(96, 15.283, 90.667) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(96, 15.442, 92.231)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF3D6
RGB	255, 243, 214
RGB Percent	100%, 95%, 84%
CMY	0.0010, 0.0480, 0.1617
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.16, 0.00
HSL	42°, 99%, 92%
HSV	42°, 16%, 100%
XYZ	85.2305, 90.0078, 76.3371
YIQ	243.2820, 16.4610, -6.4750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

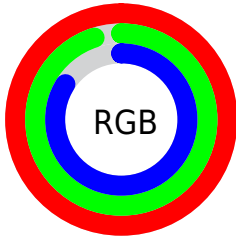
Format	Color
RYB	231, 255, 214
Decimal	16774102
CIELab	96.00, -0.60, 15.43
CIELCh	96, 15.442, 92.231
Yxy	90.0078, 0.3388, 0.3578
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294964182 (0xFFFFF3D6)
YUV	243.2820, -14.4360, 10.2767
Hunter-Lab	94.8724, -5.6678, 18.7043

Details

The CIELCh color **96, 15.442, 92.231** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **90, 15.509, 276.454**, and the grayscale version is **96, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **76, 15.608, 92.595** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94, 25.243, 90.951**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 5.790, 93.466**.

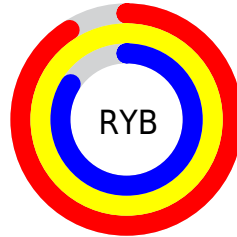
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (95%)

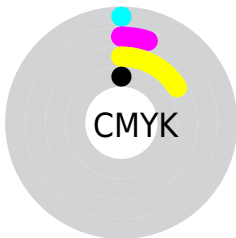
Blue (84%)



Red (91%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (84%)

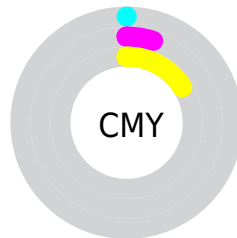


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (16%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 15.442, 92.231 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 15.442, 92.231 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 96, 15.442, 92.231

 96, 15.442, 92.231

 100, 15.442,
92.231

 86, 15.442, 92.231

 76, 15.442, 92.231

 66, 15.442, 92.231

 56, 15.442, 92.231

 46, 15.442, 92.231

 36, 15.442, 92.231

 26, 15.442, 92.231

 16, 15.442, 92.231

 6, 15.442, 92.231

96, 15.442, 92.231

96, 15.442, 92.231

94, 25.243, 90.951

98, 5.790, 93.466

91, 35.144, 89.620

100, 0.087,
207.061

89, 45.057, 88.250

87, 54.801, 86.837

85, 64.048, 85.362

83, 72.234, 83.780

81, 78.518, 81.995

79, 82.003, 79.855

78, 82.800, 78.940

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96, 15.442, 92.231



90, 15.509, 276.454

Rectangle

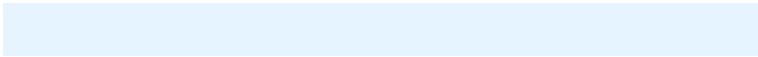
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 15.442, 92.231



96, 15.442, 142.231



96, 15.442, 272.231



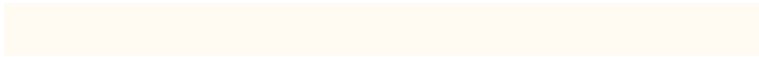
96, 15.442, 322.231

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 15.443, 92.240



99, 4.751, 93.590



89, 16.235, 357.547



53, 3.244, 93.510



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

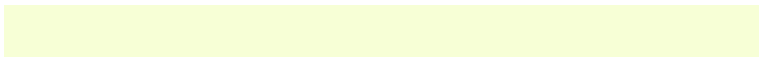
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 15.443, 92.240



95, 18.296, 91.870



98, 20.972, 116.888



52, 5.429, 93.059



60, 66.800, 79.416



20, 28.699, 82.097

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 15.509, 276.454



88, 18.383, 276.909



87, 21.709, 299.212



50, 5.450, 275.504



31, 84.026, 298.799



7, 33.720, 293.948

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 96, 15.442, 92.231 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

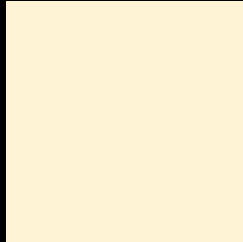
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 15.442, 92.231 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

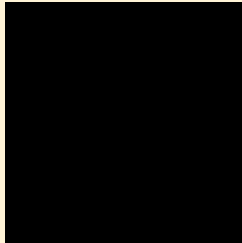
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 96, 15.442, 92.231

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 15.442, 92.231.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 15.442, 92.231.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


96, 15.442, 92.231

Protanopia

96, 15.442, 92.231

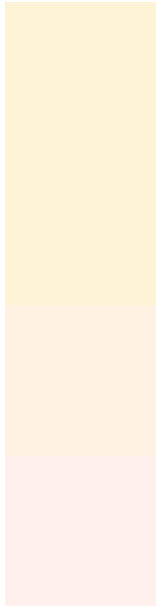
Deuteranopia

96, 5.882, 50.939



Tritanopia
96, 8.758, 330.441

Trichromacy



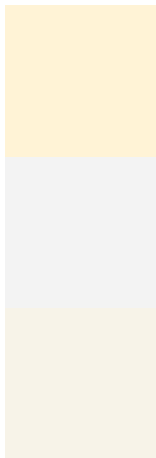
Original Color
96, 15.442, 92.231

Protanomaly
96, 15.442, 92.231

Deuteranomaly
96, 8.990, 77.754

Tritanomaly
96, 5.464, 30.405

Monochromacy



Original Color
96, 15.442, 92.231

Achromatopsia
96, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
96, 5.784, 95.331

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 15.442, 92.231 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 243, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 243, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 243, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 243, 214) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 15.442, 92.231 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 243, 214) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 243, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 243, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 243, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 243, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 243,  
214) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 15.442, 92.231 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 243, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
243, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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