

Converting Colors

CIELCh(96, 19.439, 200.667)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(96, 19.439, 200.667)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(96, 19.277, 199.768)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C3FEFF
RGB	195, 254, 255
RGB Percent	76%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.2339, 0.0025, 0.0000
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	181°, 100%, 88%
HSV	181°, 23%, 100%
XYZ	76.2633, 90.0078, 108.2687
YIQ	236.4730, -35.4850, -12.1970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	195, 225, 255
Decimal	12844799
CIE _{Lab}	96.00, -18.14, -6.52
CIE _{LCh}	96, 19.277, 199.768
Yxy	90.0078, 0.2778, 0.3278
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291034879 (0xFFC3FEFF)
YUV	236.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718
Hunter-Lab	94.8724, -22.5394, -1.2512

Details

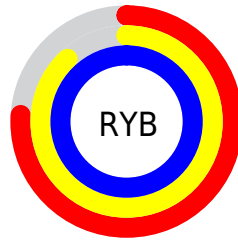
The CIELCh color **96, 19.277, 199.768** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **84, 22.606, 21.993**, and the grayscale version is **94, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.695, 200.315**, and **76, 19.148, 199.615** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 26.494, 198.794**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 11.400, 199.676**.

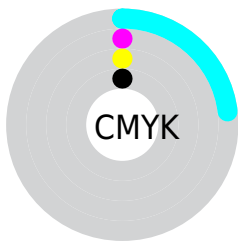
Distribution



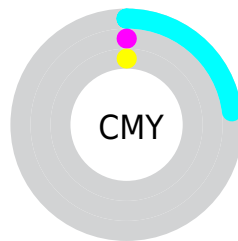
- Red (76%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 19.277, 199.768 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 19.277, 199.768 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 96, 19.277,
199.768


 96, 19.277,
199.768


 100, 19.277,
199.768


 86, 19.277,
199.768

 76, 19.277,
199.768

 66, 19.277,
199.768

 56, 19.277,
199.768

 46, 19.277,
199.768

 36, 19.277,
199.768

 26, 19.277,

199.768

■ 16, 19.277,
199.768

■ 6, 19.277, 199.768

■ 96, 19.277,
199.768

■ 96, 19.277,
199.768

■ 95, 26.494,
198.794

■ 98, 11.400,
199.676

■ 93, 32.860,
198.459

■ 99, 2.960, 200.342

■ 92, 38.260,
198.200

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 92, 42.596,
198.021

■ 91, 45.815,
197.928

■ 91, 47.931,
197.918

■ 90, 49.033,
197.989

■ 90, 49.350,
198.069

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



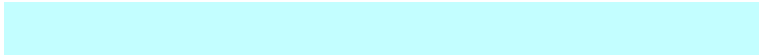
96, 19.277, 199.768



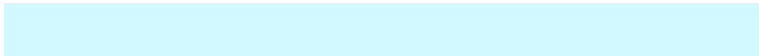
84, 22.606, 21.993

Rectangle

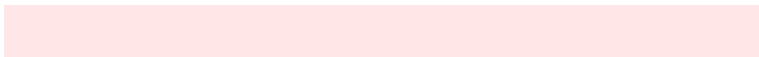
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 19.277, 199.768



96, 19.277, 249.768



96, 19.277, 19.768



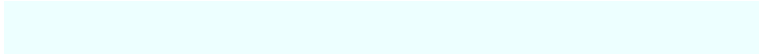
96, 19.277, 69.768

Sweetspot

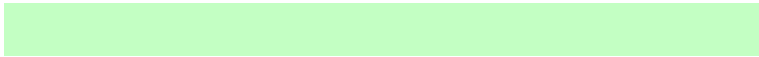
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 19.293, 199.199



99, 6.061, 200.042



95, 37.391, 142.880



53, 3.933, 200.003



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

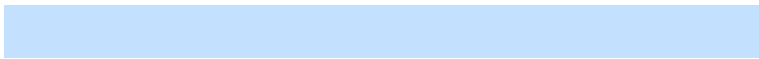
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 19.293, 199.199



95, 22.708, 199.004



88, 18.061, 258.928



52, 4.892, 199.888



70, 39.759, 198.040



23, 18.324, 197.838

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86, 37.143, 326.012



83, 44.423, 326.264



91, 19.245, 72.486



50, 8.992, 325.230



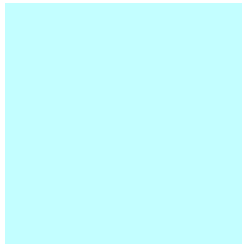
45, 92.314, 328.657



12, 42.511, 328.606

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 96, 19.277, 199.768 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

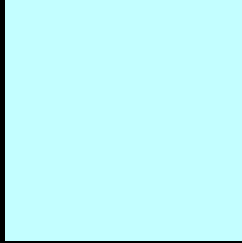
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 96, 19.277, 199.768 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

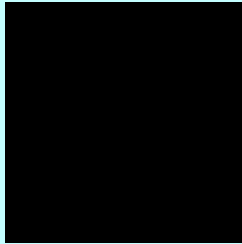
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

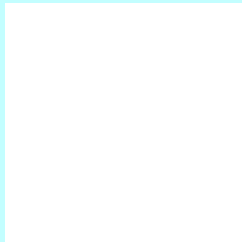
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 96, 19.277, 199.768

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 19.277, 199.768.

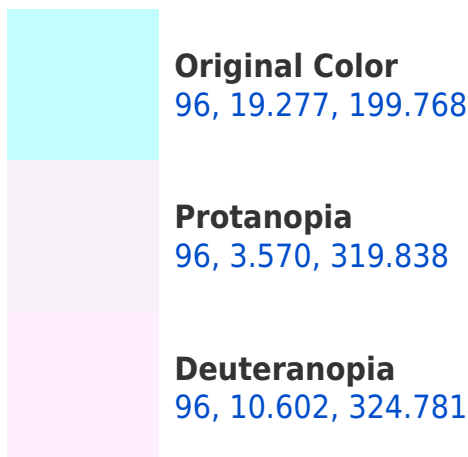


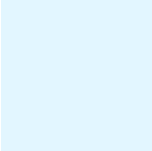
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 19.277, 199.768.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



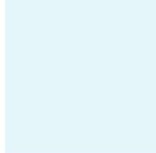


Tritanopia
96, 8.118, 233.851

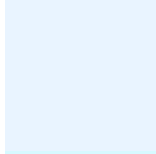
Trichromacy



Original Color
96, 19.277, 199.768



Protanomaly
96, 6.465, 217.662



Deuteranomaly
96, 6.718, 256.610

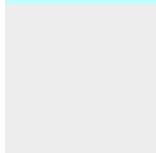


Tritanomaly
96, 11.725, 214.040

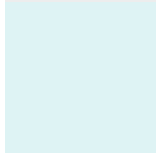
Monochromacy



Original Color
96, 19.277, 199.768



Achromatopsia
94, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
94, 7.240, 203.107

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 19.277, 199.768 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 254, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 254, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 254, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 254, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 19.277, 199.768 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

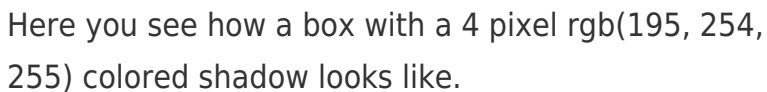
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 254, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 254, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 254, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 254, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 254, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 254,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 19.277, 199.768 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 254, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
254, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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