

Converting Colors

CIELCh(96, 19.602, 197.453)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(96, 19.602, 197.453)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(96, 19.673, 196.702)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C3FFFE
RGB	195, 255, 254
RGB Percent	76%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.2365, 0.0013, 0.0052
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	179°, 99%, 88%
HSV	179°, 24%, 100%
XYZ	75.9181, 90.0078, 106.8660
YIQ	236.9460, -35.4390, -13.0310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	195, 225, 255
Decimal	12845054
CIE _{Lab}	96.00, -18.84, -5.65
CIE _{LCh}	96, 19.673, 196.702
Yxy	90.0078, 0.2783, 0.3300
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291035134 (0xFFC3FFFE)
YUV	236.9460, 8.4076, -36.7866
Hunter-Lab	94.8724, -23.1889, -0.3746

Details

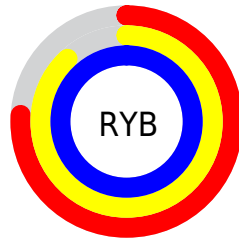
The CIELCh color **96, 19.673, 196.702** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **84, 22.946, 19.915**, and the grayscale version is **94, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.695, 200.315**, and **76, 19.570, 196.364** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 26.992, 196.175**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 11.673, 197.272**.

Distribution



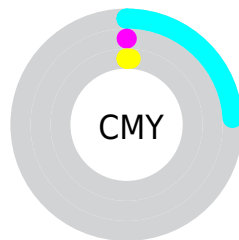
- Red (76%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 19.673, 196.702 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 19.673, 196.702 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 96, 19.673,
196.702


 96, 19.673,
196.702


 100, 19.673,
196.702


 86, 19.673,
196.702

 76, 19.673,
196.702

 66, 19.673,
196.702

 56, 19.673,
196.702

 46, 19.673,
196.702

 36, 19.673,
196.702

 26, 19.673,

196.702

■ 16, 19.673,
196.702

■ 6, 19.673, 196.702

■ 96, 19.673,
196.702

■ 96, 19.673,
196.702

■ 95, 26.992,
196.175

■ 98, 11.673,
197.272

■ 94, 33.481,
195.699

■ 99, 3.137, 198.010

■ 93, 39.010,
195.271

100, 0.190,
326.802

■ 92, 43.476,
194.889

100, 0.209,
322.966

■ 91, 46.828,
194.551

■ 91, 49.075,
194.249

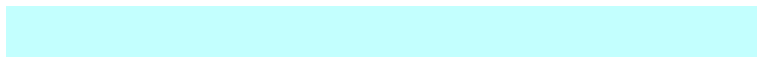
■ 91, 50.311,
193.974

■ 91, 50.712,
193.806

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96, 19.673, 196.702



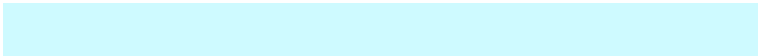
84, 22.946, 19.915

Rectangle

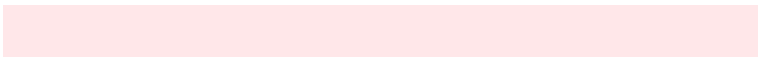
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 19.673, 196.702



96, 19.673, 246.702



96, 19.673, 16.702



96, 19.673, 66.702

Sweetspot

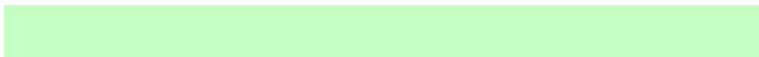
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 19.674, 196.697



99, 6.135, 197.703



95, 37.213, 142.051



53, 3.980, 197.659



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

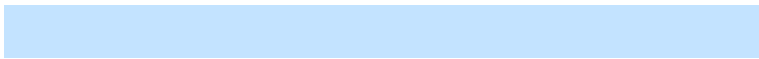
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 19.674, 196.697



95, 23.042, 196.459



89, 17.641, 255.166



52, 4.953, 197.529



70, 40.875, 193.849



24, 18.775, 194.151

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84, 22.946, 19.915



81, 27.756, 20.429



91, 19.064, 68.898



49, 5.252, 18.592



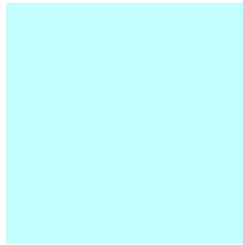
40, 83.474, 39.343



10, 33.228, 26.511

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 96, 19.673, 196.702 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

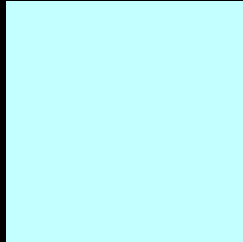
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 19.673, 196.702 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

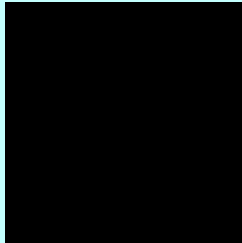
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 96, 19.673, 196.702

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 19.673, 196.702.

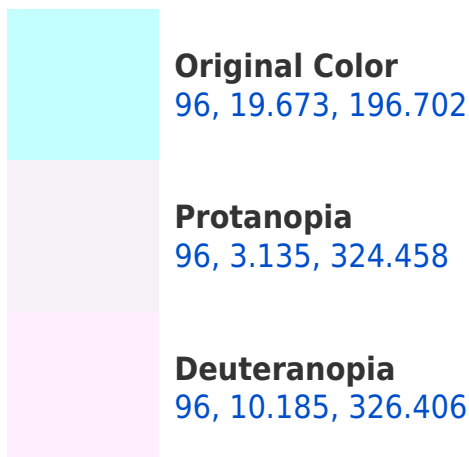


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 19.673, 196.702.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



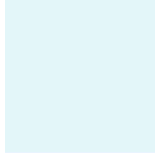


Tritanopia
96, 8.118, 233.851

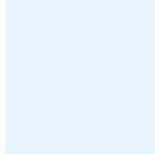
Trichromacy



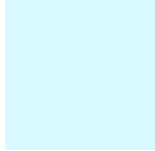
Original Color
96, 19.673, 196.702



Protanomaly
96, 6.670, 212.461

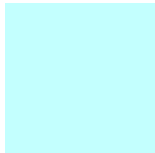


Deuteranomaly
96, 6.304, 253.919

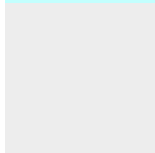


Tritanomaly
96, 11.725, 214.040

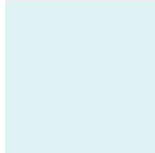
Monochromacy



Original Color
96, 19.673, 196.702



Achromatopsia
94, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
94, 7.245, 199.018

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 19.673, 196.702 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 255, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 255, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 255, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 255, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 19.673, 196.702 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

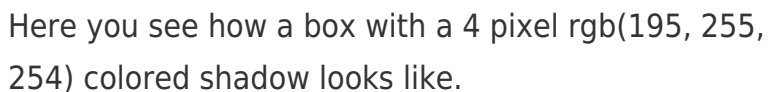
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 255, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 255, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 255, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 255, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 255, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 255,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 19.673, 196.702 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 255, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
255, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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