

Converting Colors

CIELCh(96, 22.467, 160.873)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(96, 22.467, 160.873)
contains.

CIELCh(96, 22.302, 161.375)	3
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Color

CIElCh(96, 22.302, 161.375)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CCFFE5
RGB	204, 255, 229
RGB Percent	80%, 100%, 90%
CMY	0.2000, 0.0000, 0.1020
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.10, 0.00
HSL	149°, 100%, 90%
HSV	149°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	74.7989, 90.0078, 87.5537
YIQ	236.7870, -22.0500, -18.8980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

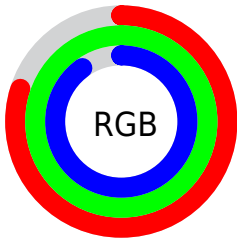
Format	Color
RYB	204, 238, 255
Decimal	13434853
CIELab	96.00, -21.13, 7.12
CIELCh	96, 22.302, 161.375
Yxy	90.0078, 0.2964, 0.3567
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291624933 (0xFFCCFFE5)
YUV	236.7870, -3.8390, -28.7542
Hunter-Lab	94.8724, -25.2946, 11.6945

Details

The CIELCh color **96, 22.302, 161.375** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **87, 22.848, 344.871**, and the grayscale version is **94, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **76, 22.087, 161.977** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94, 33.265, 160.322**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 11.164, 162.327**.

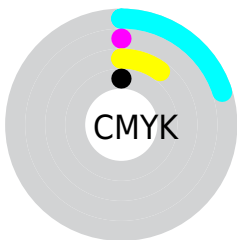
Distribution



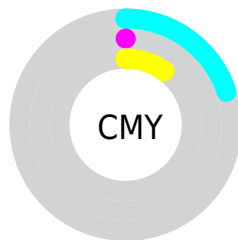
- Red (80%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 22.302, 161.375 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 22.302, 161.375 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 96, 22.302,
161.375


 96, 22.302,
161.375


 100, 22.302,
161.375


 86, 22.302,
161.375

 76, 22.302,
161.375

 66, 22.302,
161.375

 56, 22.302,
161.375

 46, 22.302,
161.375

 36, 22.302,
161.375

 26, 22.302,

161.375

■ 16, 22.302,
161.375

■ 6, 22.302, 161.375

■ 96, 22.302,
161.375

■ 96, 22.302,
161.375

■ 94, 33.265,
160.322

■ 98, 11.164,
162.327

■ 93, 43.874,
159.139

100, 0.011,
291.421

■ 92, 53.937,
157.800

100, 0.013,
300.383

■ 91, 63.262,
156.277

■ 90, 71.680,
154.549

■ 89, 79.078,
152.604

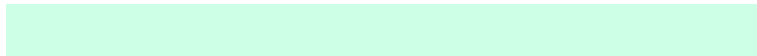
■ 89, 85.429,
150.449

■ 88, 90.872,
148.165

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



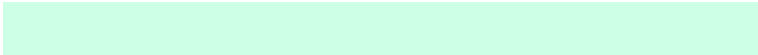
96, 22.302, 161.375



87, 22.848, 344.871

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



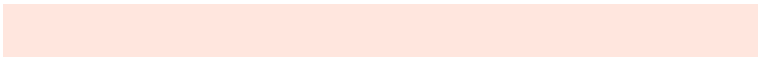
96, 22.302, 161.375



96, 22.302, 211.375



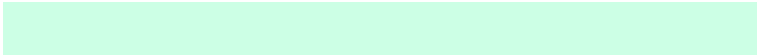
96, 22.302, 341.375



96, 22.302, 31.375

Sweetspot

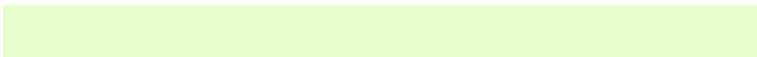
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 22.304, 161.373



99, 6.691, 162.702



97, 27.432, 127.556



53, 4.439, 162.640



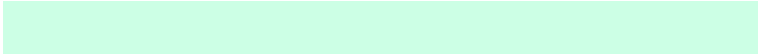
0, 0.000, 0.000



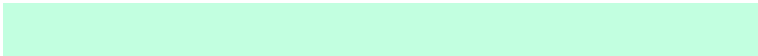
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

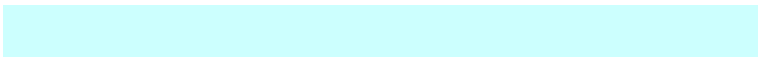
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 22.304, 161.373



95, 26.718, 160.967



97, 16.917, 196.898



52, 6.346, 162.373



68, 72.540, 148.595



23, 31.270, 151.823

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 22.848, 344.871



85, 27.497, 345.275



86, 19.242, 19.546



50, 6.425, 343.875



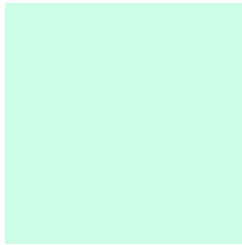
41, 68.362, 1.178



10, 31.965, 355.732

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 96, 22.302, 161.375 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

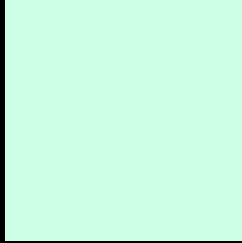
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 96, 22.302, 161.375 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

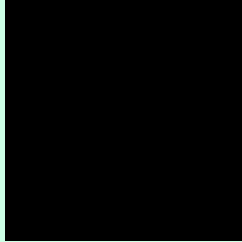
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

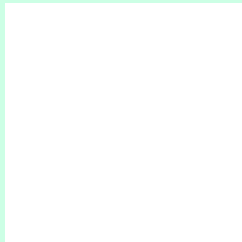
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 96, 22.302, 161.375

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 22.302, 161.375.

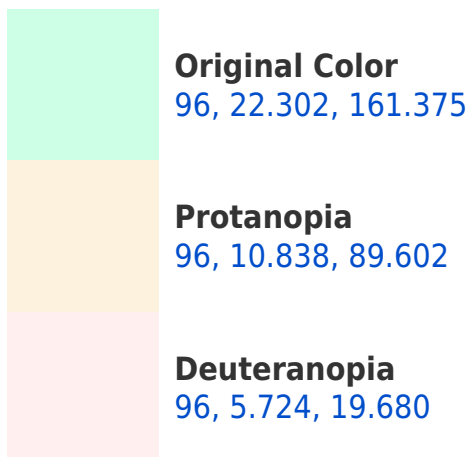


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 22.302, 161.375.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



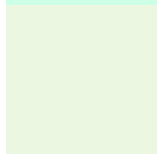


Tritanopia
96, 7.321, 238.340

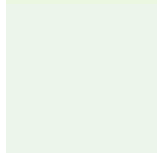
Trichromacy



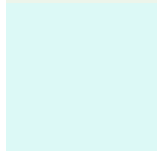
Original Color
96, 22.302, 161.375



Protanomaly
96, 12.069, 130.269



Deuteranomaly
96, 6.057, 141.555

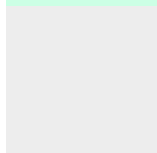


Tritanomaly
96, 10.084, 190.019

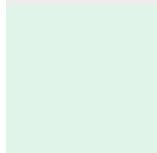
Monochromacy



Original Color
96, 22.302, 161.375



Achromatopsia
94, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
95, 8.484, 161.678

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 22.302, 161.375 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 255, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 255, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 255, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 255, 229) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 22.302, 161.375 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 255, 229) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 255, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 255, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 255, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 255, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 255,  
229) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 22.302, 161.375 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 255, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
255, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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