

Converting Colors

CIELCh(96, 23.496, 150.278)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(96, 23.496, 150.278)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(96, 23.478, 150.284)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D2FEDC
RGB	210, 254, 220
RGB Percent	82%, 100%, 86%
CMY	0.1753, 0.0027, 0.1361
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.13, 0.00
HSL	134°, 97%, 91%
HSV	134°, 17%, 100%
XYZ	75.1609, 90.0078, 81.3301
YIQ	236.9680, -15.3100, -19.9020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

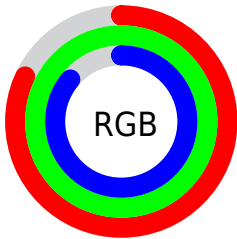
Format	Color
R_{YB}	210, 246, 254
Decimal	13827804
CIE _{Lab}	96.00, -20.39, 11.64
CIE _{LCh}	96, 23.478, 150.284
Yxy	90.0078, 0.3049, 0.3651
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292017884 (0xFFD2FEDC)
YUV	236.9680, -8.3652, -23.6509
Hunter-Lab	94.8724, -24.6135, 15.5839

Details

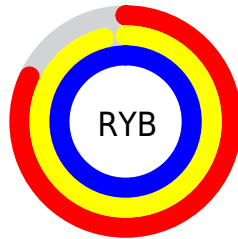
The CIELCh color **96, 23.478, 150.284** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **89, 23.588, 332.614**, and the grayscale version is **94, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **76, 23.337, 150.361** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94, 37.064, 149.409**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 9.864, 151.055**.

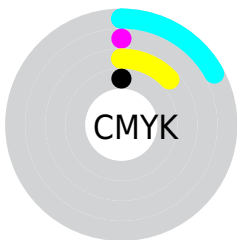
Distribution



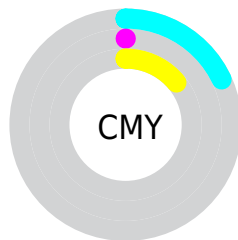
- Red (82%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 23.478, 150.284 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 23.478, 150.284 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 96, 23.478,
150.284

 96, 23.478,
150.284

 100, 23.478,
150.284

 86, 23.478,
150.284

 76, 23.478,
150.284

 66, 23.478,
150.284

 56, 23.478,
150.284

 46, 23.478,
150.284

 36, 23.478,
150.284

 26, 23.478,

150.284

■ 16, 23.478,
150.284

■ 6, 23.478, 150.284

■ 96, 23.478,
150.284

■ 96, 23.478,
150.284

■ 94, 37.064,
149.409

■ 98, 9.864, 151.055

■ 93, 50.408,
148.399

100, 0.436,
323.747

■ 91, 63.258,
147.231

■ 90, 75.330,
145.893

■ 89, 86.329,
144.383

■ 88, 95.973,
142.725

■ 88, 104.020,
140.975

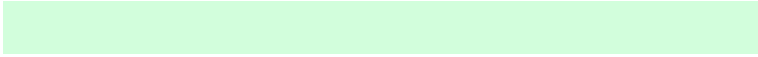
■ 88, 110.304,
139.243

■ 88, 111.728,
138.825

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



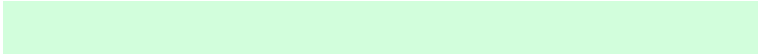
96, 23.478, 150.284



89, 23.588, 332.614

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 23.478, 150.284



96, 23.478, 200.284



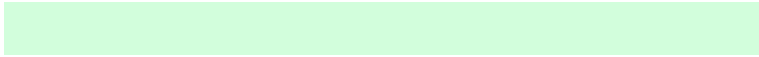
96, 23.478, 330.284



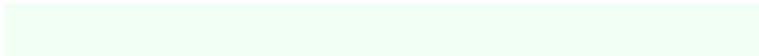
96, 23.478, 20.284

Sweetspot

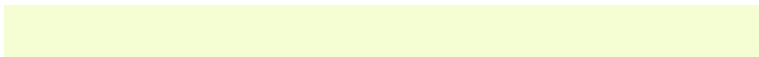
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 23.480, 150.283



99, 6.752, 151.230



98, 22.562, 117.478



53, 4.609, 151.176



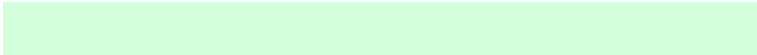
0, 0.000, 0.000



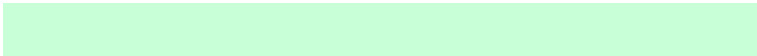
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

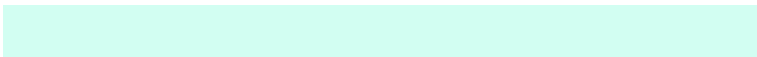
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 23.480, 150.283



96, 28.573, 149.975



97, 16.449, 175.508



52, 7.704, 150.890



68, 89.525, 139.131



23, 38.776, 141.724

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 23.588, 332.614



87, 28.719, 332.870



88, 17.351, 358.859



50, 7.732, 332.080



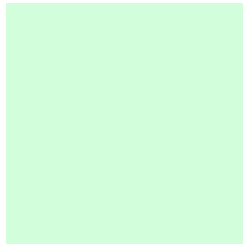
43, 78.104, 339.897



11, 36.659, 338.181

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 23.478, 150.284 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 96, 23.478, 150.284 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

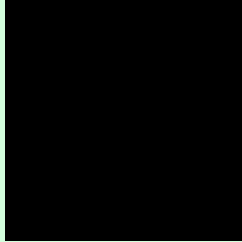
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

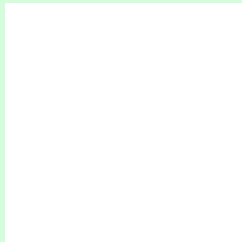
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 96, 23.478, 150.284

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 23.478, 150.284.

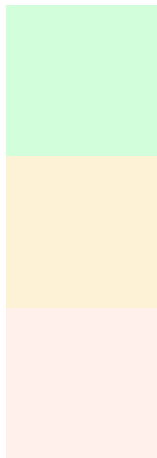


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 23.478, 150.284.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
96, 23.478, 150.284

Protanopia
96, 14.964, 91.722

Deuteranopia
96, 5.754, 40.409

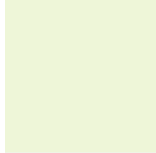


Tritanopia
96, 6.712, 249.205

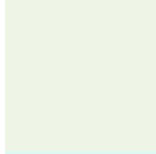
Trichromacy



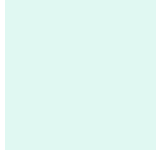
Original Color
96, 23.478, 150.284



Protanomaly
96, 15.595, 119.803

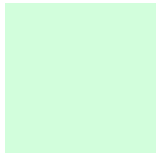


Deuteranomaly
96, 7.976, 125.214

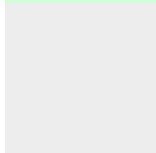


Tritanomaly
96, 8.916, 178.689

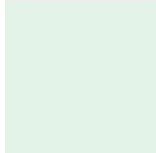
Monochromacy



Original Color
96, 23.478, 150.284



Achromatopsia
94, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
94, 8.421, 151.944

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 23.478, 150.284 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(210, 254, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 254, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 254, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 254, 220) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 23.478, 150.284 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 254, 220) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 254, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 254, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(210, 254, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 254, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 254,  
220) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 23.478, 150.284 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 254, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210,  
254, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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