

Converting Colors

CIELCh(96, 29.100, 134.902)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(96, 29.100, 134.902)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(96, 29.149, 134.997)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DAFECB
RGB	218, 254, 203
RGB Percent	85%, 100%, 80%
CMY	0.1455, 0.0043, 0.2043
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.20, 0.00
HSL	102°, 96%, 90%
HSV	102°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	75.0537, 90.0078, 69.8504
YIQ	237.4220, -5.0850, -23.4930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

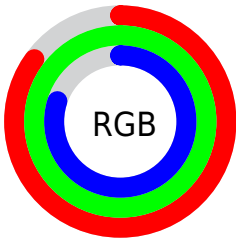
Format	Color
R_{YB}	203, 254, 239
Decimal	14352075
CIE _{Lab}	96.00, -20.61, 20.61
CIE _{LCh}	96, 29.149, 134.997
Yxy	90.0078, 0.3195, 0.3832
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292542155 (0xFFDAFECB)
YUV	237.4220, -16.9700, -17.0331
Hunter-Lab	94.8724, -24.8151, 22.7581

Details

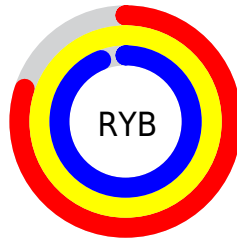
The CIELCh color **96, 29.149, 134.997** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **86, 29.590, 316.779**, and the grayscale version is **94, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **76, 28.807, 134.866** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94, 43.643, 134.459**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 14.595, 135.495**.

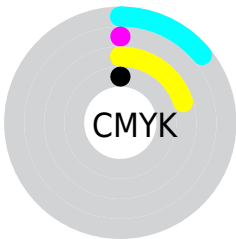
Distribution



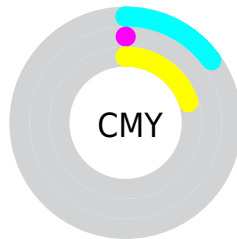
- Red (85%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 29.149, 134.997 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 29.149, 134.997 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 96, 29.149,
134.997

 96, 29.149,
134.997


 100, 29.149,
134.997


 86, 29.149,
134.997

 76, 29.149,
134.997

 66, 29.149,
134.997

 56, 29.149,
134.997

 46, 29.149,
134.997

 36, 29.149,
134.997

 26, 29.149,

134.997

■ 16, 29.149,
134.997

■ 6, 29.149, 134.997

■ 96, 29.149,
134.997

■ 96, 29.149,
134.997

■ 94, 43.643,
134.459

■ 98, 14.595,
135.495

■ 93, 57.871,
133.892

■ 100, 0.114,
137.832

■ 92, 71.562,
133.327

■ 100, 0.696,
324.021

■ 91, 84.332,
132.826

■ 90, 95.666,
132.481

■ 89, 104.936,
132.422

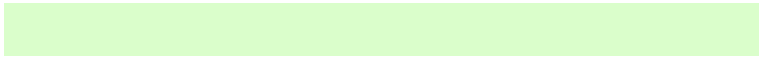
■ 89, 111.560,
132.773

■ 88, 115.499,
133.499

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



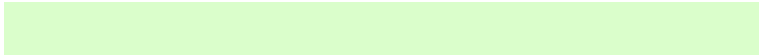
96, 29.149, 134.997



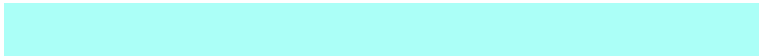
86, 29.590, 316.779

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 29.149, 134.997



96, 29.149, 184.997



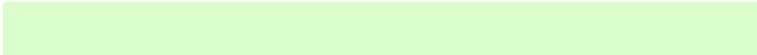
96, 29.149, 314.997



96, 29.149, 4.997

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 29.151, 134.998



99, 8.692, 135.691



95, 19.154, 91.167



53, 5.768, 135.659



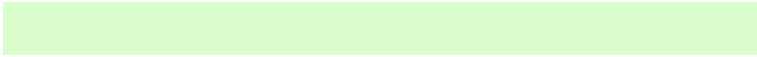
0, 0.000, 0.000



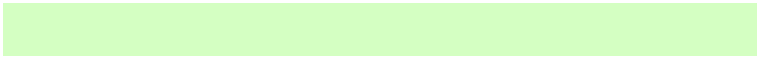
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

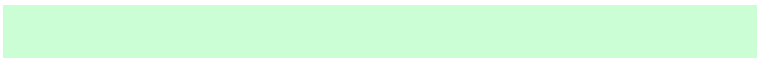
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 29.151, 134.998



96, 34.962, 134.792



95, 27.782, 149.108



52, 8.253, 135.523



68, 93.092, 133.288



23, 41.382, 132.208

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86, 29.590, 316.779



84, 35.588, 316.953



87, 27.894, 331.801



50, 8.320, 316.307



36, 96.357, 317.530



8, 44.052, 318.680

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 29.149, 134.997 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

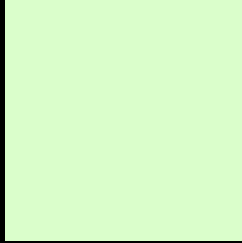
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 29.149, 134.997 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

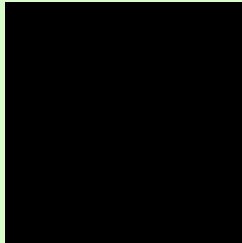
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

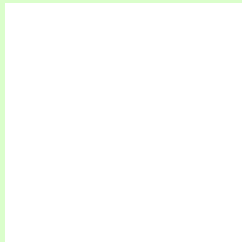
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 96, 29.149, 134.997

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 29.149, 134.997.

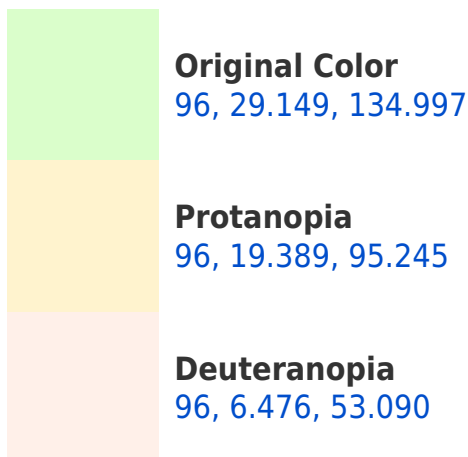


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 29.149, 134.997.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



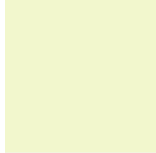


Tritanopia
96, 6.377, 261.736

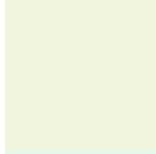
Trichromacy



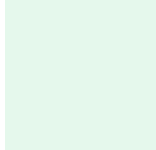
Original Color
96, 29.149, 134.997



Protanomaly
96, 21.447, 113.504



Deuteranomaly
96, 11.793, 114.572

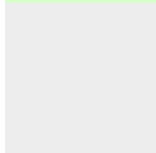


Tritanomaly
96, 9.137, 156.666

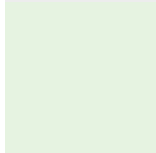
Monochromacy



Original Color
96, 29.149, 134.997



Achromatopsia
94, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
94, 10.377, 136.133

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 29.149, 134.997 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 254, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 254, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 254, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 254, 203) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 29.149, 134.997 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 254, 203) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 254, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 254, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 254, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 254, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 254,  
203) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 29.149, 134.997 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 254, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
254, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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