

Converting Colors

CIE LCh(96, 3.199, 325.234)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(96, 3.199, 325.234) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(96, 3.132, 324.457)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7F2F7
RGB	247, 242, 247
RGB Percent	97%, 95%, 97%
CMY	0.0313, 0.0509, 0.0313
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	300°, 24%, 96%
HSV	300°, 2%, 97%
XYZ	86.9117, 90.0078, 100.8015
YIQ	244.0650, 1.3750, 2.6150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

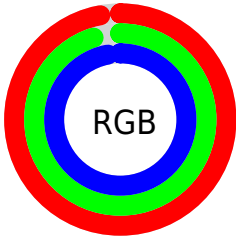
Format	Color
R_{YB}	247, 242, 247
Decimal	16249591
CIE _{Lab}	96.00, 2.55, -1.82
CIE _{LCh}	96, 3.132, 324.457
Yxy	90.0078, 0.3129, 0.3241
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294439671 (0xFFF7F2F7)
YUV	244.0650, 1.4470, 2.5740
Hunter-Lab	94.8724, -2.5047, 3.4154

Details

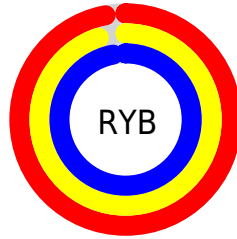
The CIELCh color $96, 3.132, 324.457$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be $97, 3.109, 144.426$, and the grayscale version is $96, 0.011, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $76, 3.287, 324.508$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $90, 18.688, 325.089$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $99, 4.949, 144.326$.

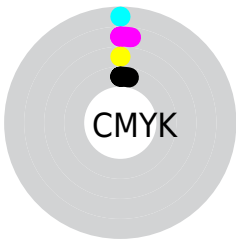
Distribution



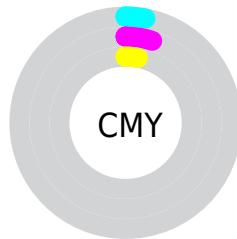
- Red (97%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (3%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 3.132, 324.457 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 3.132, 324.457 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 96, 3.132, 324.457

 96, 3.132, 324.457

100, 3.132,
324.457


 86, 3.132, 324.457

 76, 3.132, 324.457

 66, 3.132, 324.457

 56, 3.132, 324.457

 46, 3.132, 324.457

 36, 3.132, 324.457

 26, 3.132, 324.457

 16, 3.132, 324.457

 6, 3.132, 324.457

96, 3.132, 324.457

96, 3.132, 324.457

90, 18.688,
325.089

99, 4.949, 144.326

84, 34.325,
325.646

99, 4.949, 144.325

79, 49.764,
326.184

99, 4.948, 144.323

74, 64.614,
326.689

99, 4.948, 144.320

69, 78.368,
327.145

99, 4.948, 144.319

65, 90.430,
327.536

99, 4.948, 144.316

62, 100.198,
327.844

99, 4.948, 144.314

60, 107.203,
328.061

■ 59,111.283,
328.185

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



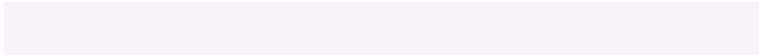
96, 3.132, 324.457



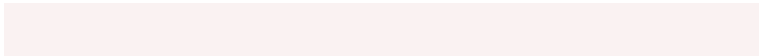
97, 3.109, 144.426

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



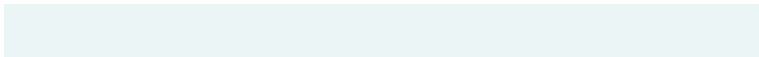
96, 3.132, 324.457



96, 3.132, 14.457



96, 3.132, 144.457



96, 3.132, 194.457

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 3.129, 324.457



99, 1.592, 324.303



96, 2.528, 289.742



53, 0.905, 324.290



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 3.129, 324.457



99, 3.176, 324.455



96, 2.221, 342.717



51, 1.746, 324.443



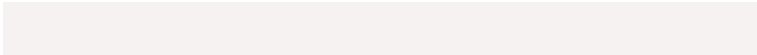
44, 91.228, 328.232



11, 40.561, 328.232

Inverse Universe

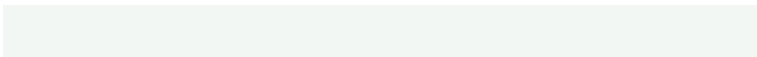
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96, 1.769, 19.161



99, 1.795, 19.157



97, 2.201, 162.814



51, 0.986, 19.129



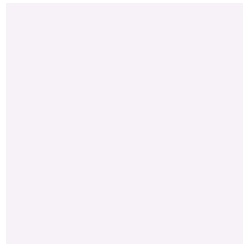
39, 82.550, 39.999



8, 31.024, 25.006

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 3.132, 324.457 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 3.132, 324.457 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

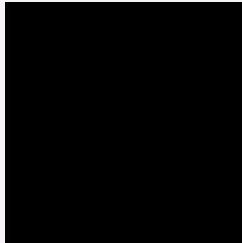
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

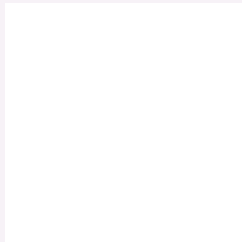
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 96, 3.132, 324.457

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 3.132, 324.457.

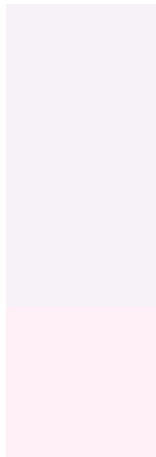


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 3.132, 324.457.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

96, 3.132, 324.457

Protanopia

96, 3.132, 324.457

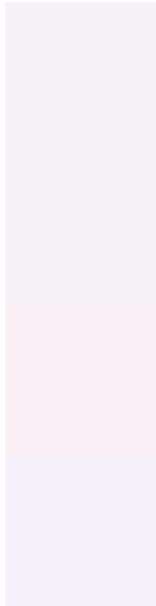
Deuteranopia

96, 6.732, 347.637



Tritanopia
96, 7.510, 306.784

Trichromacy



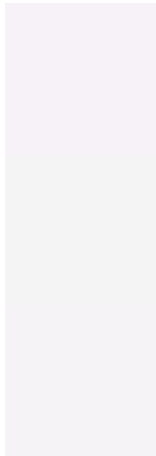
Original Color
96, 3.132, 324.457

Protanomaly
96, 3.132, 324.457

Deuteranomaly
96, 5.265, 343.953

Tritanomaly
96, 6.050, 310.800

Monochromacy



Original Color
96, 3.132, 324.457

Achromatopsia
96, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
96, 1.259, 324.249

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 3.132, 324.457 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 242, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 242, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 242, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 242, 247) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 3.132, 324.457 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 242, 247) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 242, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(247, 242, 247)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 242, 247); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 242, 247);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 242,  
247) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 3.132, 324.457 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 242, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
242, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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