

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(96, 31.377, 140.032)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(96, 31.377, 140.032)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(96, 30.763, 140.114)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D3FFCC
RGB	211, 255, 204
RGB Percent	83%, 100%, 80%
CMY	0.1745, 0.0000, 0.1981
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.20, 0.00
HSL	113°, 100%, 90%
HSV	113°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	73.6041, 90.0078, 70.9315
YIQ	236.0300, -9.8530, -25.1890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

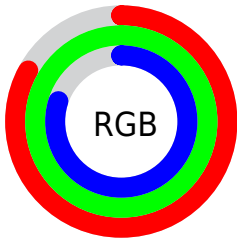
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	204, 255, 248
Decimal	13893580
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	96.00, -23.61, 19.73
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	96, 30.763, 140.114
Yxy	90.0078, 0.3138, 0.3838
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292083660 (0xFFD3FFCC)
YUV	236.0300, -15.7908, -21.9513
Hunter-Lab	94.8724, -27.5426, 22.0824

# Details

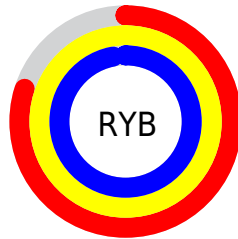
The CIELCh color **96, 30.763, 140.114** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **87, 30.619, 322.123**, and the grayscale version is **93, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **76, 30.309, 139.662** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94, 45.822, 139.409**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 15.012, 140.695**.

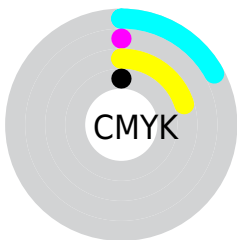
# Distribution



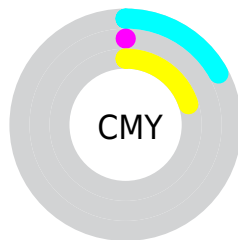
- Red (83%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 30.763, 140.114 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 30.763, 140.114 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 96, 30.763,  
140.114


 96, 30.763,  
140.114


 100, 30.763,  
140.114


 86, 30.763,  
140.114


 76, 30.763,  
140.114

 66, 30.763,  
140.114

 56, 30.763,  
140.114

 46, 30.763,  
140.114

 36, 30.763,  
140.114

 26, 30.763,

140.114

■ 16, 30.763,  
140.114

■ 6, 30.763, 140.114

■ 96, 30.763,  
140.114

■ 96, 30.763,  
140.114

■ 94, 45.822,  
139.409

■ 98, 15.012,  
140.695

■ 93, 60.872,  
138.646

100, 0.012,  
296.813

■ 91, 75.259,  
137.822

■ 90, 88.532,  
136.986

■ 89, 100.120,  
136.225

■ 89, 109.359,  
135.665

■ 88, 115.647,  
135.440

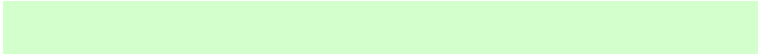
■ 88, 118.957,  
135.543

■ 88, 119.006,  
135.544

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



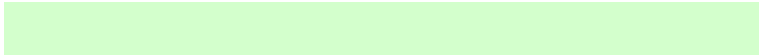
96, 30.763, 140.114



87, 30.619, 322.123

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 30.763, 140.114



96, 30.763, 190.114



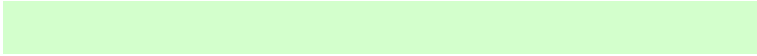
96, 30.763, 320.114



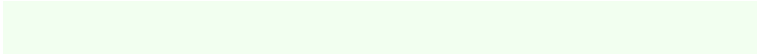
96, 30.763, 10.114

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 30.450, 140.092



99, 9.160, 140.910



97, 22.351, 101.954



53, 6.079, 140.873



0, 0.000, 0.000



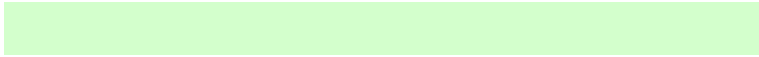
53, 0.007, 296.813



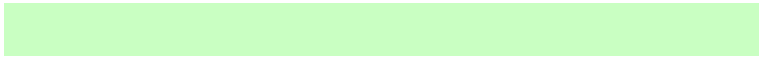


# Same Dimension

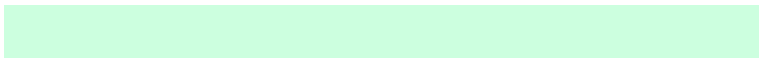
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 30.450, 140.092



95, 36.919, 139.816



96, 24.265, 155.536



52, 8.702, 140.712



68, 95.717, 135.440



23, 42.875, 135.134



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 30.619, 322.123



85, 37.153, 322.325



87, 24.567, 338.615



50, 8.735, 321.616



41, 93.891, 323.634



11, 43.131, 324.172



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 30.763, 140.114 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 30.763, 140.114 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

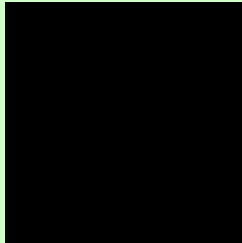
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

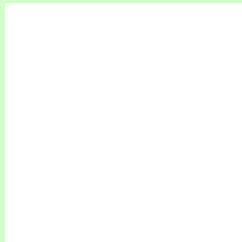
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 96, 30.763, 140.114

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 30.763, 140.114.

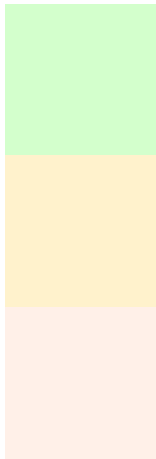


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 30.763, 140.114.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
96, 30.571, 139.580

**Protanopia**  
96, 19.992, 94.460

**Deuteranopia**  
96, 6.777, 56.644



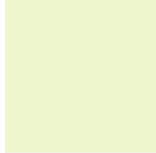


**Tritanopia**  
96, 6.712, 249.205

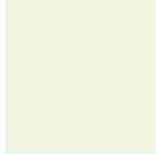
# Trichromacy



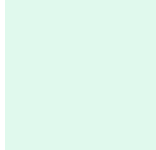
**Original Color**  
96, 30.571, 139.580



**Protanomaly**  
96, 22.087, 116.229



**Deuteranomaly**  
96, 11.958, 119.752

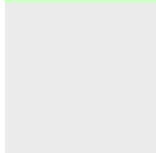


**Tritanomaly**  
96, 10.759, 163.925

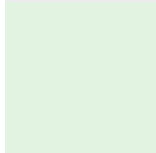
# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
96, 30.571, 139.580



**Achromatopsia**  
93, 0.011, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
94, 10.915, 141.050

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 30.763, 140.114 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 255, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 255, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 255, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 255, 204) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 30.763, 140.114 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 255, 204) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 255, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 255, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 255, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 255, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 255,  
204) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 30.763, 140.114 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 255, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
255, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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