

Converting Colors

CIELCh(96, 31.653, 142.413)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(96, 31.653, 142.413)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(96, 30.924, 142.177)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D0FFCE
RGB	208, 255, 206
RGB Percent	82%, 100%, 81%
CMY	0.1845, 0.0000, 0.1924
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.19, 0.00
HSL	118°, 100%, 90%
HSV	118°, 19%, 100%
XYZ	73.2095, 90.0078, 71.8731
YIQ	235.3610, -12.2830, -25.2030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

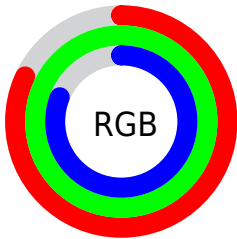
Format	Color
R _{YB}	206, 255, 253
Decimal	13696974
CIE Lab	96.00, -24.43, 18.96
CIE LCh	96, 30.924, 142.177
Yxy	90.0078, 0.3114, 0.3829
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291887054 (0xFFD0FFCE)
YUV	235.3610, -14.4750, -23.9956
Hunter-Lab	94.8724, -28.2850, 21.4940

Details

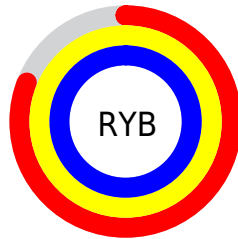
The CIELCh color **96, 30.924, 142.177** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **88, 30.392, 324.346**, and the grayscale version is **93, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **76, 30.030, 142.389** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94, 46.087, 141.411**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 14.493, 142.847**.

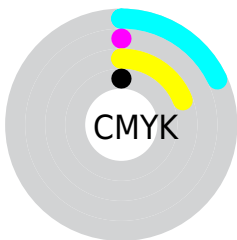
Distribution



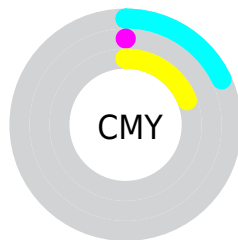
- Red (82%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 30.924, 142.177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 30.924, 142.177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 96, 30.924,
142.177

 96, 30.924,
142.177


 100, 30.924,
142.177


 86, 30.924,
142.177

 76, 30.924,
142.177

 66, 30.924,
142.177

 56, 30.924,
142.177

 46, 30.924,
142.177

 36, 30.924,
142.177

 26, 30.924,

142.177

■ 16, 30.924,
142.177

■ 6, 30.924, 142.177

■ 96, 30.924,
142.177

■ 96, 30.924,
142.177

■ 94, 46.087,
141.411

■ 98, 14.493,
142.847

■ 92, 61.488,
140.535

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 91, 76.150,
139.562

■ 90, 89.592,
138.533

■ 89, 101.223,
137.531

■ 88, 110.376,
136.684

■ 88, 116.464,
136.136

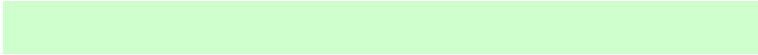
■ 88, 119.434,
135.922

■ 88, 119.591,
135.903

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



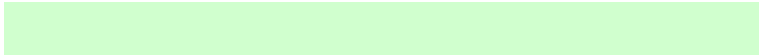
96, 30.924, 142.177



88, 30.392, 324.346

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 30.924, 142.177



96, 30.924, 192.177



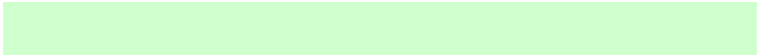
96, 30.924, 322.177



96, 30.924, 12.177

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 30.326, 142.179



99, 9.391, 143.049



98, 23.584, 106.144



52, 6.233, 143.008



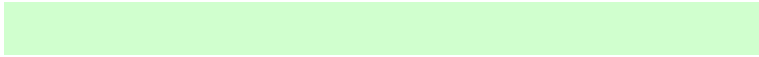
0, 0.000, 0.000



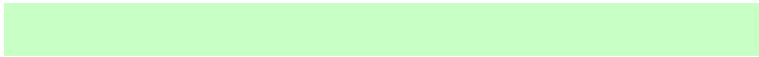
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

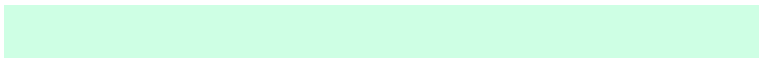
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 30.326, 142.179



95, 36.280, 141.903



96, 22.119, 159.425



52, 8.923, 142.830



68, 96.259, 135.854



22, 43.488, 136.211

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88, 30.392, 324.346



86, 36.362, 324.544



88, 22.543, 342.651



50, 8.943, 323.825



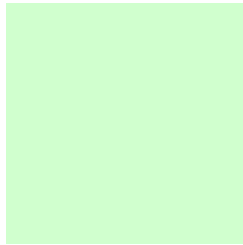
44, 93.274, 326.619



12, 42.897, 326.812

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 30.924, 142.177 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

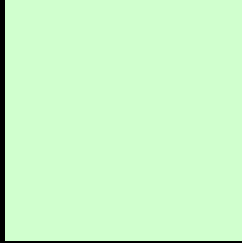
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 30.924, 142.177 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

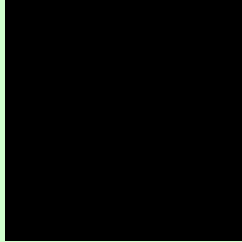
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

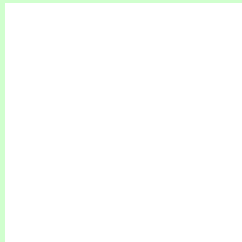
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 96, 30.924, 142.177

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 30.924, 142.177.

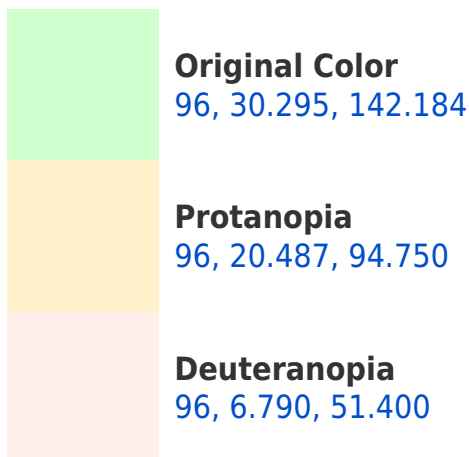


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 30.924, 142.177.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



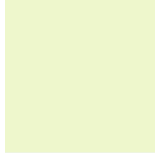


Tritanopia
96, 7.163, 245.075

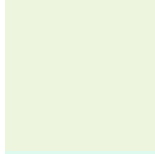
Trichromacy



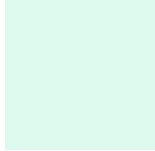
Original Color
96, 30.295, 142.184



Protanomaly
96, 22.145, 117.175



Deuteranomaly
96, 11.536, 121.989

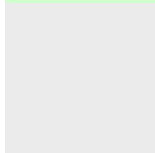


Tritanomaly
96, 11.329, 165.843

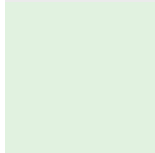
Monochromacy



Original Color
96, 30.295, 142.184



Achromatopsia
93, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
94, 11.119, 142.570

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 30.924, 142.177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 255, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 255, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 255, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 255, 206) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 30.924, 142.177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 255, 206) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 255, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 255, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 255, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 255, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 255,  
206) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 30.924, 142.177 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 255, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
255, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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