

Converting Colors

CIELCh(96, 34.371, 132.961)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(96, 34.371, 132.961)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(96, 34.338, 133.222)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7FFC2
RGB	215, 255, 194
RGB Percent	84%, 100%, 76%
CMY	0.1562, 0.0000, 0.2386
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.24, 0.00
HSL	99°, 100%, 88%
HSV	99°, 24%, 100%
XYZ	73.6472, 90.0078, 64.6290
YIQ	236.0860, -4.2590, -27.4510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

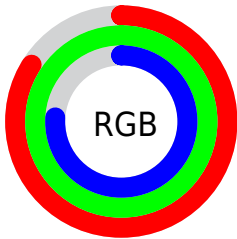
Format	Color
RYB	194, 255, 234
Decimal	14155714
CIELab	96.00, -23.52, 25.02
CIELCh	96, 34.338, 133.222
Yxy	90.0078, 0.3226, 0.3943
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292345794 (0xFFD7FFC2)
YUV	236.0860, -20.7484, -18.4924
Hunter-Lab	94.8724, -27.4615, 26.0212

Details

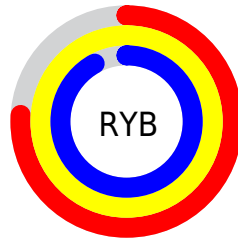
The CIELCh color **96, 34.338, 133.222** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **84, 34.972, 315.311**, and the grayscale version is **94, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 2.017, 109.989**, and **76, 34.214, 132.948** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 48.474, 132.670**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 19.857, 133.687**.

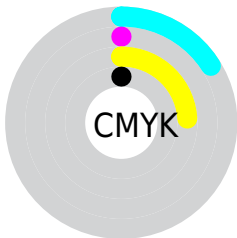
Distribution



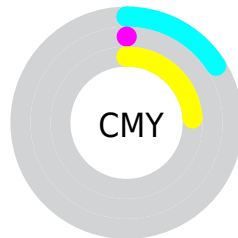
- Red (84%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 34.338, 133.222 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 34.338, 133.222 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 96, 34.338,
133.222


 96, 34.338,
133.222

 100, 34.338,
133.222


 86, 34.338,
133.222

 76, 34.338,
133.222

 66, 34.338,
133.222

 56, 34.338,
133.222

 46, 34.338,
133.222

 36, 34.338,
133.222

 26, 34.338,

133.222

■ 16, 34.338,
133.222

■ 6, 34.338, 133.222

■ 96, 34.338,
133.222

■ 96, 34.338,
133.222

■ 95, 48.474,
132.670

■ 98, 19.857,
133.687

■ 93, 62.368,
132.140

■ 99, 5.497, 134.160

■ 92, 75.616,
131.648

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 91, 87.799,
131.267

■ 90, 98.362,
131.107

■ 90, 106.674,
131.302

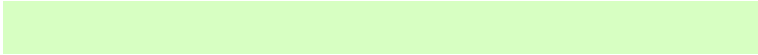
■ 89, 112.258,
131.955

■ 89, 114.510,
132.523

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



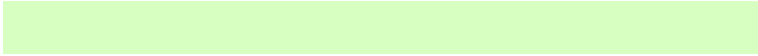
96, 34.338, 133.222



84, 34.972, 315.311

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 34.338, 133.222



96, 34.338, 183.222



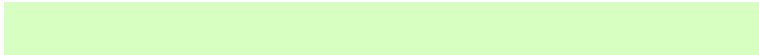
96, 34.338, 313.222



96, 34.338, 3.222

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 34.233, 133.193



99, 10.004, 134.008



93, 21.893, 86.670



53, 6.502, 133.980



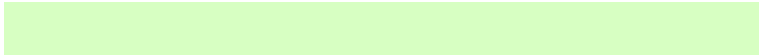
0, 0.000, 0.000



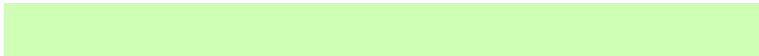
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

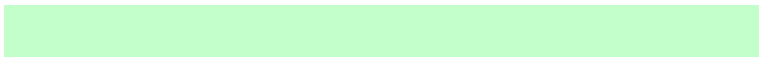
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 34.233, 133.193



95, 41.588, 132.927



95, 34.348, 147.147



52, 8.135, 133.892



68, 91.970, 132.284



23, 40.850, 131.037

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84, 34.972, 315.311



80, 42.686, 315.543



85, 34.438, 330.298



49, 8.213, 314.667



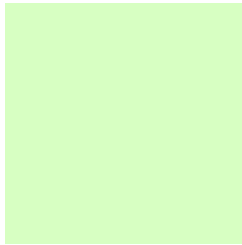
34, 97.307, 315.950



8, 44.394, 317.215

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 96, 34.338, 133.222 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

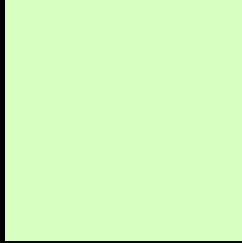
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 34.338, 133.222 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

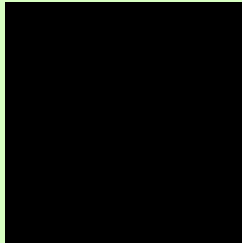
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

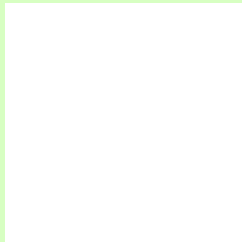
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 96, 34.338, 133.222

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 34.338, 133.222.

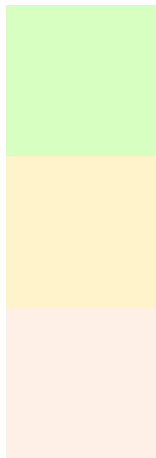


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 34.338, 133.222.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
96, 34.338, 133.222

Protanopia
96, 20.382, 95.796

Deuteranopia
96, 7.103, 59.880

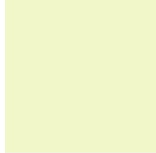


Tritanopia
96, 6.541, 259.104

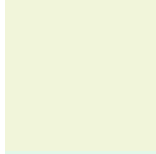
Trichromacy



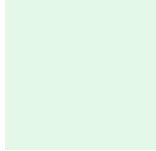
Original Color
96, 34.338, 133.222



Protanomaly
96, 23.998, 113.700



Deuteranomaly
96, 13.860, 115.161

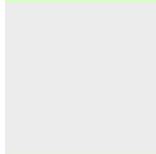


Tritanomaly
96, 10.740, 153.162

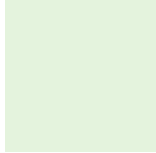
Monochromacy



Original Color
96, 34.338, 133.222



Achromatopsia
93, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
94, 12.550, 134.784

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 34.338, 133.222 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 255, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 255, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 255, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 255, 194) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 34.338, 133.222 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 255, 194) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 255, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 255, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 255, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 255, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 255,  
194) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 34.338, 133.222 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 255, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
255, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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