

Converting Colors

CIELCh(96, 39.159, 101.784)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(96, 39.159, 101.784)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(96, 39.025, 101.933)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF6A9
RGB	255, 246, 169
RGB Percent	100%, 96%, 66%
CMY	0.0001, 0.0354, 0.3374
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.34, 0.00
HSL	54°, 100%, 83%
HSV	54°, 34%, 100%
XYZ	81.3312, 90.0078, 50.6066
YIQ	239.9130, 30.0810, -22.0390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

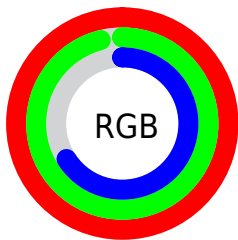
Format	Color
RYB	179, 255, 169
Decimal	16774825
CIELab	96.00, -8.07, 38.18
CIELCh	96, 39.025, 101.933
Yxy	90.0078, 0.3664, 0.4055
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294964905 (0xFFFFF6A9)
YUV	239.9130, -34.9601, 13.2313
Hunter-Lab	94.8724, -13.0042, 34.7844

Details

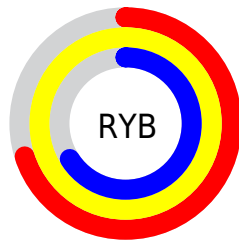
The CIELCh color **96, 39.025, 101.933** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **74, 41.661, 290.240**, and the grayscale version is **95, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 15.178, 109.030**, and **76, 39.068, 102.151** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 50.252, 100.843**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97, 27.542, 103.034**.

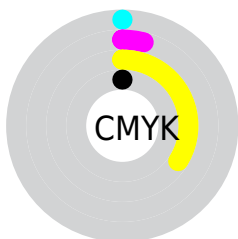
Distribution



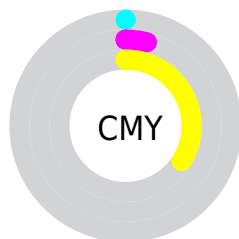
- Red (100%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (34%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 39.025, 101.933 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 39.025, 101.933 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 96, 39.025,
101.933


 96, 39.025,
101.933


 100, 39.025,
101.933


 86, 39.025,
101.933

 76, 39.025,
101.933

 66, 39.025,
101.933

 56, 39.025,
101.933

 46, 39.025,
101.933

 36, 39.025,
101.933

 26, 39.025,

101.933

■ 16, 39.025,
101.933

■ 6, 39.025, 101.933

■ 96, 39.025,
101.933

■ 96, 39.025,
101.933

■ 95, 50.252,
100.843

■ 97, 27.542,
103.034

■ 94, 60.982, 99.769

■ 98, 15.944,
104.118

■ 93, 70.835, 98.734

■ 100, 4.319,
105.162

■ 92, 79.249, 97.757

100, 0.016,
247.395

■ 91, 85.512, 96.849

■ 91, 88.997, 96.004

■ 90, 89.929, 95.493

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



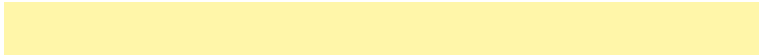
96, 39.025, 101.933



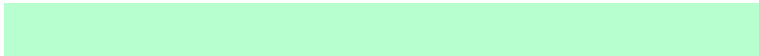
74, 41.661, 290.240

Rectangle

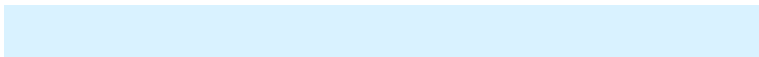
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 39.025, 101.933



96, 39.025, 151.933



96, 39.025, 281.933



96, 39.025, 331.933

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 39.027, 101.937



99, 11.611, 104.515



78, 33.841, 13.559



53, 7.923, 104.366



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

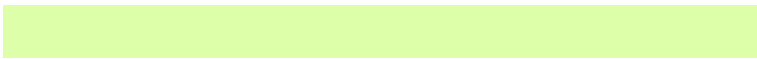
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 39.027, 101.937



95, 46.115, 101.250



96, 44.989, 123.131



53, 6.601, 104.568



70, 72.524, 95.631



24, 32.732, 96.757

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74, 41.661, 290.240



70, 50.025, 291.415



75, 47.836, 306.920



49, 6.718, 286.661



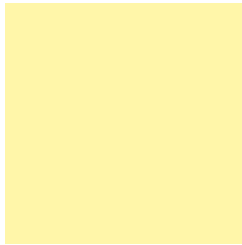
25, 102.583, 304.912



5, 40.802, 299.865

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 96, 39.025, 101.933 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

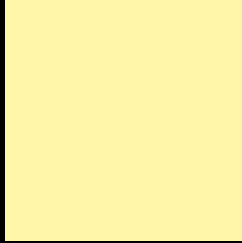
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 39.025, 101.933 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

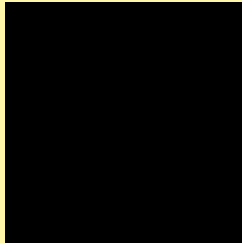
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 96, 39.025, 101.933

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 39.025, 101.933.



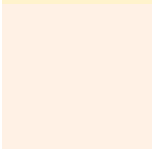


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 39.025, 101.933.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

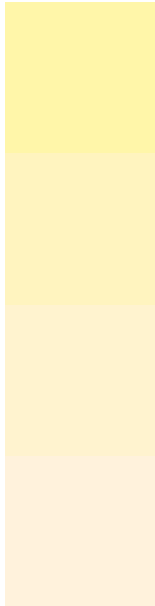
Dichromacy

	Original Color 96, 39.025, 101.933
	Protanopia 96, 20.382, 95.796
	Deuteranopia 96, 7.949, 69.887



Tritanopia
96, 7.657, 337.891

Trichromacy



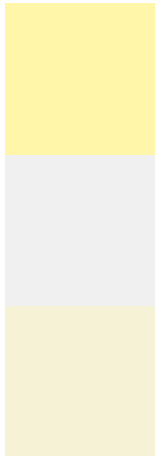
Original Color
96, 39.025, 101.933

Protanomaly
96, 27.269, 99.168

Deuteranomaly
96, 18.894, 94.945

Tritanomaly
96, 12.200, 86.175

Monochromacy



Original Color
96, 39.025, 101.933

Achromatopsia
95, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
95, 14.341, 104.624

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 39.025, 101.933 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 246, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 246, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 246, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 246, 169) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 39.025, 101.933 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 246, 169) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 246, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 246, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 246, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 246, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 246,  
169) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 39.025, 101.933 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 246, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
246, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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