

# Converting Colors

CIE LCh(96, 5.002, 234.602)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(96, 5.002, 234.602) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(96, 4.823, 231.432)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EA66FB
RGB	234, 246, 251
RGB Percent	92%, 96%, 98%
CMY	0.0840, 0.0370, 0.0174
CMYK	0.07, 0.02, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	198°, 66%, 95%
HSV	198°, 7%, 98%
XYZ	83.9611, 90.0078, 103.8575
YIQ	242.9820, -8.7570, -0.9890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

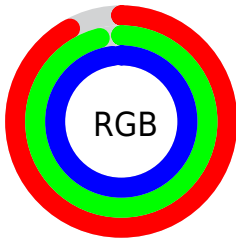
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	234, 241, 251
Decimal	15398651
CIE Lab	96.00, -3.01, -3.77
CIE LCh	96, 4.823, 231.432
Yxy	90.0078, 0.3022, 0.3240
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293588731 (0xFFEAF6FB)
YUV	242.9820, 3.9529, -7.8772
Hunter-Lab	94.8724, -8.0562, 1.5055

# Details

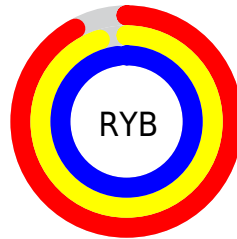
The CIELCh color **96, 4.823, 231.432** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **95, 4.999, 50.252**, and the grayscale version is **96, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **76, 5.038, 231.549** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92, 11.668, 232.206**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 1.388, 78.583**.

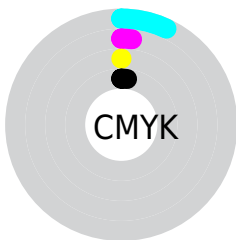
# Distribution



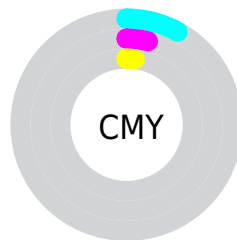
- Red (92%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 4.823, 231.432 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 4.823, 231.432 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 96, 4.823, 231.432

 96, 4.823, 231.432

 100, 4.823,  
231.432

 86, 4.823, 231.432

 76, 4.823, 231.432

 66, 4.823, 231.432

 56, 4.823, 231.432

 46, 4.823, 231.432

 36, 4.823, 231.432

 26, 4.823, 231.432

 16, 4.823, 231.432

 6, 4.823, 231.432

96, 4.823, 231.432

96, 4.823, 231.432

92, 11.668,  
232.206

99, 1.388, 78.583

89, 18.131,  
233.309

100, 2.236,  
109.976

86, 24.124,  
234.732

82, 29.559,  
236.549

79, 34.364,  
238.847

77, 38.499,  
241.721

74, 41.980,  
245.257

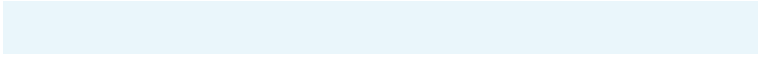
71, 44.903,  
249.498

■ 69, 47.457,  
254.393

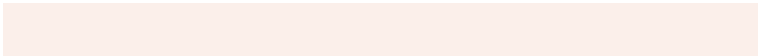
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



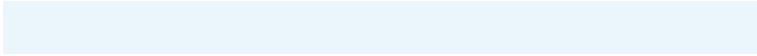
96, 4.823, 231.432



95, 4.999, 50.252

# Rectangle

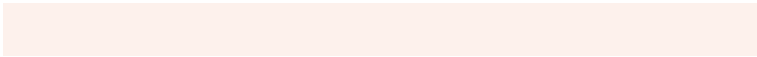
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 4.823, 231.432



96, 4.823, 281.432



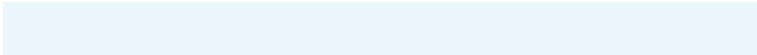
96, 4.823, 51.432



96, 4.823, 101.432

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 4.823, 231.404



99, 1.459, 231.350



97, 8.679, 153.201



53, 0.830, 231.365



0, 0.000, 0.000



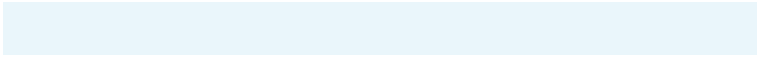
53, 0.007, 296.813



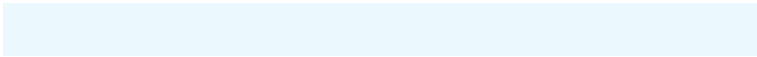


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 4.823, 231.404



97, 5.756, 231.481



94, 6.955, 280.223



50, 4.010, 231.585



52, 38.705, 255.050



16, 16.645, 247.738



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94, 8.652, 334.456



95, 10.362, 334.548



97, 6.894, 98.574



49, 7.251, 334.658



42, 73.878, 344.468

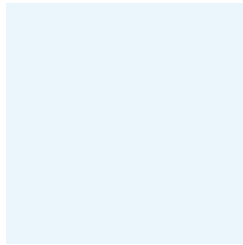


10, 34.265, 341.850



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 4.823, 231.432 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

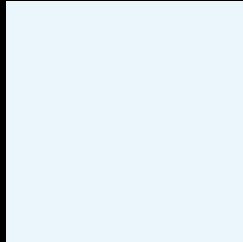
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 4.823, 231.432 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

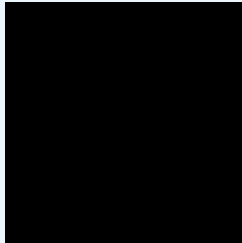
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

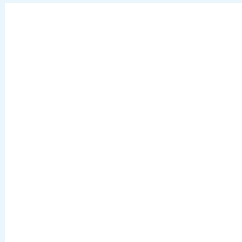
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 96, 4.823, 231.432

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 4.823, 231.432.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 4.823, 231.432.

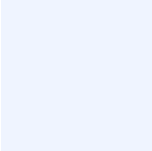
# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

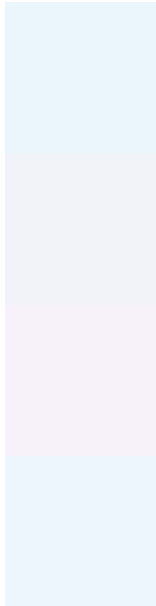






**Tritanopia**  
96, 5.869, 273.599

# Trichromacy



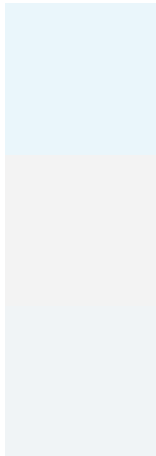
**Original Color**  
96, 4.823, 231.432

**Protanomaly**  
96, 3.151, 277.683

**Deuteranomaly**  
96, 5.102, 314.779

**Tritanomaly**  
96, 4.900, 256.316

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
96, 4.823, 231.432

**Achromatopsia**  
96, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
96, 1.725, 236.227

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 4.823, 231.432 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(234, 246, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 246, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 246, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 246, 251) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 4.823, 231.432 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 246, 251) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 246, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 246, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 246, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 246, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 246,  
251) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 4.823, 231.432 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 246, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
246, 251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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