

Converting Colors

CIELCh(96, 5.872, 245.487)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(96, 5.872, 245.487) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(96, 6.117, 248.372)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E9F5FE
RGB	233, 245, 254
RGB Percent	91%, 96%, 100%
CMY	0.0852, 0.0381, 0.0029
CMYK	0.08, 0.04, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	206°, 93%, 96%
HSV	206°, 8%, 100%
XYZ	84.3567, 90.0078, 106.9184
YIQ	242.4380, -10.0410, 0.2550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

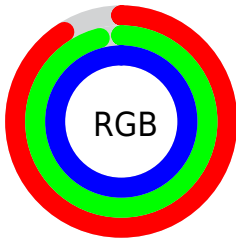
Format	Color
R _{YB}	233, 241, 254
Decimal	15332862
CIE Lab	96.00, -2.25, -5.69
CIE LCh	96, 6.117, 248.372
Yxy	90.0078, 0.2999, 0.3200
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293522942 (0xFFE9F5FE)
YUV	242.4380, 5.7001, -8.2771
Hunter-Lab	94.8724, -7.3119, -0.4073

Details

The CIELCh color `96, 6.117, 248.372` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFFFFF`. A complement of this color would be `96, 6.293, 66.304`, and the grayscale version is `96, 0.011, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `76, 6.014, 245.098` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `92, 13.359, 249.711`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `100, 0.359, 109.936`.

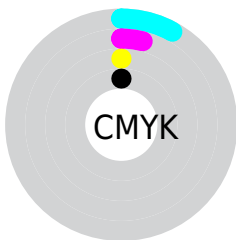
Distribution



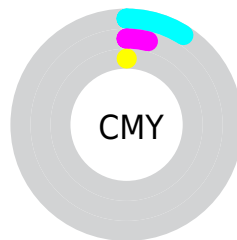
- Red (91%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 6.117, 248.372 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 6.117, 248.372 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 96, 6.117, 248.372


 96, 6.117, 248.372


 100, 6.117,
248.372


 86, 6.117, 248.372


 76, 6.117, 248.372


 66, 6.117, 248.372

 56, 6.117, 248.372

 46, 6.117, 248.372

 36, 6.117, 248.372

 26, 6.117, 248.372

 16, 6.117, 248.372

 6, 6.117, 248.372

■ 96, 6.117, 248.372

■ 96, 6.117, 248.372

■ 92, 13.359,
249.711

100, 0.359,
109.936

■ 87, 20.389,
251.397

■ 83, 27.156,
253.451

■ 79, 33.621,
255.943

■ 74, 39.765,
258.945

■ 71, 45.609,
262.513

■ 67, 51.227,
266.661

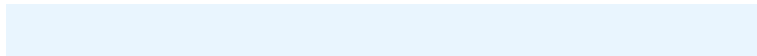
■ 63, 56.751,
271.322

■ 60, 62.364,
276.295

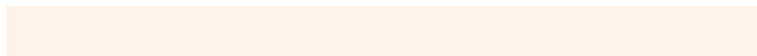
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



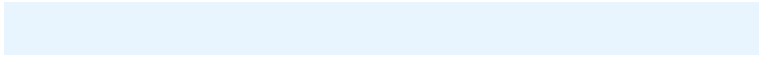
96, 6.117, 248.372



96, 6.293, 66.304

Rectangle

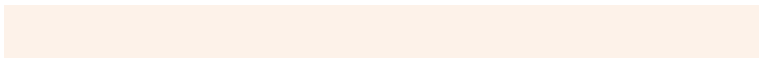
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 6.117, 248.372



96, 6.117, 298.372



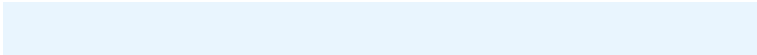
96, 6.117, 68.372



96, 6.117, 118.372

Sweetspot

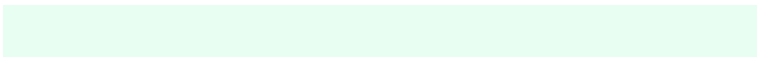
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 6.116, 248.351



99, 1.499, 247.852



98, 9.703, 158.820



53, 0.853, 247.858



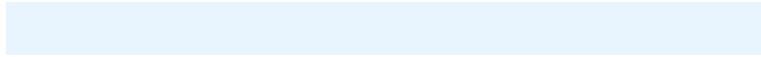
0, 0.000, 0.000



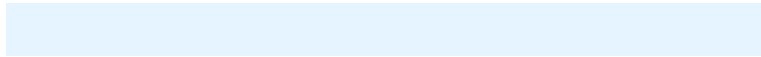
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 6.116, 248.351



95, 7.407, 248.563



93, 9.941, 287.513



51, 4.214, 248.501



45, 50.386, 276.220



14, 20.886, 269.165

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94, 9.703, 340.585



93, 11.795, 340.735



99, 9.777, 105.732



50, 6.703, 340.693



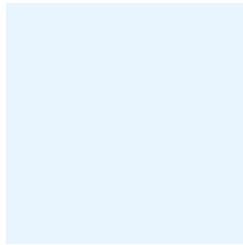
42, 69.554, 355.479



11, 32.721, 351.012

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 96, 6.117, 248.372 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

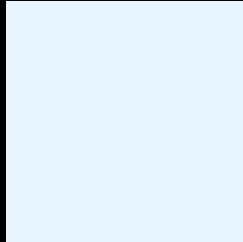
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIElCh color 96, 6.117, 248.372 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

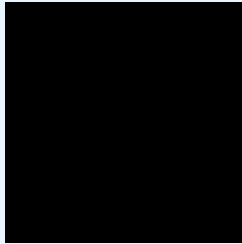
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

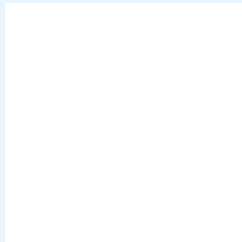
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 96, 6.117, 248.372

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 6.117, 248.372.

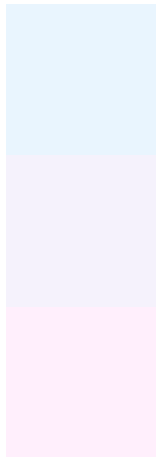


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 6.117, 248.372.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

96, 6.117, 248.372

Protanopia

96, 5.254, 302.020

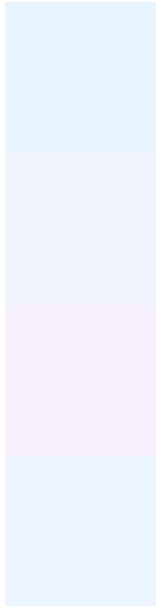
Deuteranopia

96, 8.758, 330.441



Tritanopia
96, 5.971, 270.445

Trichromacy



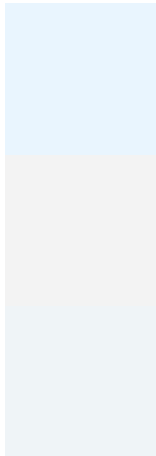
Original Color
96, 6.117, 248.372

Protanomaly
96, 5.168, 282.903

Deuteranomaly
96, 6.533, 309.256

Tritanomaly
96, 6.227, 264.506

Monochromacy



Original Color
96, 6.117, 248.372

Achromatopsia
96, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
96, 2.310, 241.398

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 6.117, 248.372 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 245, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 245, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 245, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 245, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 6.117, 248.372 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 245, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 245, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 245, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 245, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 245, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 245,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 6.117, 248.372 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 245, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
245, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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