

# Converting Colors

CIE LCh(96, 6.134, 344.027)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(96, 6.134, 344.027) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(96, 6.138, 344.029)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEF0F7
RGB	254, 240, 247
RGB Percent	100%, 94%, 97%
CMY	0.0044, 0.0593, 0.0318
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.03, 0.00
HSL	330°, 86%, 97%
HSV	330°, 6%, 100%
XYZ	88.7254, 90.0078, 100.5971
YIQ	244.9840, 6.0970, 5.1450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

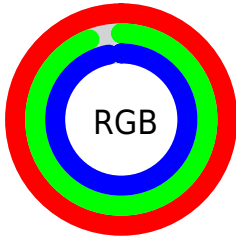
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	254, 240, 247
Decimal	16707831
CIE Lab	96.00, 5.90, -1.69
CIE LCh	96, 6.138, 344.029
Yxy	90.0078, 0.3176, 0.3222
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294897911 (0xFFFEF0F7)
YUV	244.9840, 0.9939, 7.9070
Hunter-Lab	94.8724, 0.9078, 3.5431

# Details

The CIELCh color **96, 6.138, 344.029** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **98, 6.080, 163.281**, and the grayscale version is **96, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **76, 6.146, 342.095** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 17.469, 344.982**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.388, 201.088**.

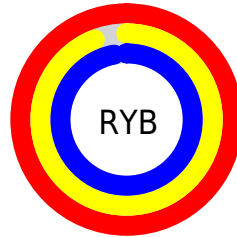
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (94%)

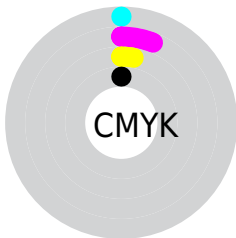
Blue (97%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (94%)

Blue (97%)

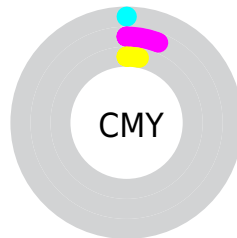


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 6.138, 344.029 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 6.138, 344.029 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 96, 6.138, 344.029

 96, 6.138, 344.029

 100, 6.138,  
344.029

 86, 6.138, 344.029

 76, 6.138, 344.029

 66, 6.138, 344.029

 56, 6.138, 344.029

 46, 6.138, 344.029

 36, 6.138, 344.029

 26, 6.138, 344.029

 16, 6.138, 344.029

 6, 6.138, 344.029

96, 6.138, 344.029

96, 6.138, 344.029

90, 17.469,  
344.982

100, 0.388,  
201.088

83, 28.972,  
345.992

77, 40.431,  
347.131

72, 51.519,  
348.445

67, 61.778,  
350.003

62, 70.632,  
351.897

59, 77.489,  
354.260

56, 81.919,  
357.253

■ 55, 83.918, 1.037

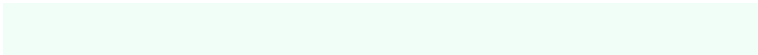
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96, 6.138, 344.029



98, 6.080, 163.281

# Rectangle

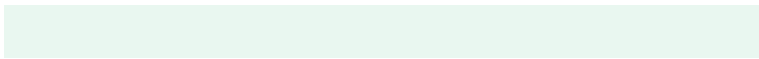
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



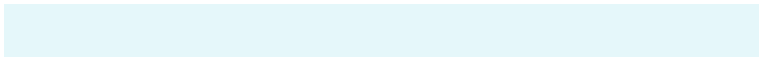
96, 6.138, 344.029



96, 6.138, 34.029



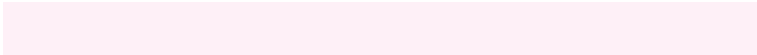
96, 6.138, 164.029



96, 6.138, 214.029

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 6.135, 344.037



99, 2.228, 343.604



96, 7.620, 309.294



53, 1.267, 343.585



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

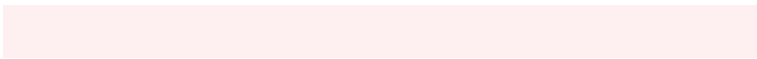
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 6.135, 344.037



95, 7.834, 344.181



96, 4.995, 19.614



50, 5.094, 344.238



41, 68.245, 2.128

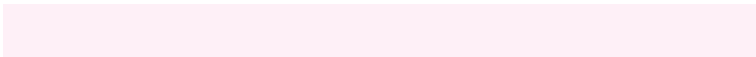


10, 31.867, 356.525



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96, 6.135, 344.037



95, 7.834, 344.181



99, 4.824, 199.235



50, 5.094, 344.238



41, 68.245, 2.128

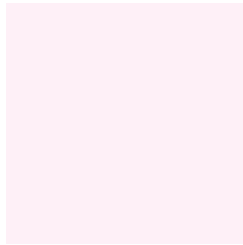


10, 31.867, 356.525



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 6.138, 344.029 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

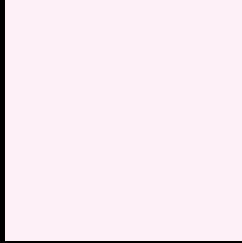
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 96, 6.138, 344.029 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

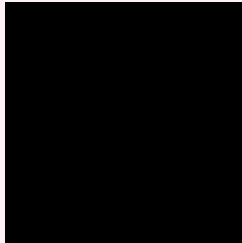
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 96, 6.138, 344.029**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 6.138, 344.029.

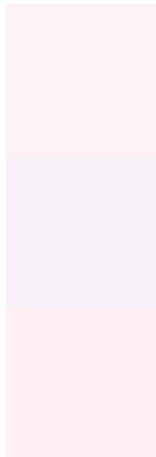


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 6.138, 344.029.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

96, 6.138, 344.029


### Protanopia

96, 3.405, 314.710

### Deuteranopia

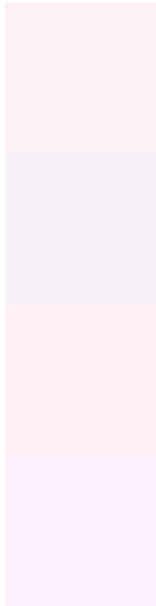
96, 6.160, 349.859





**Tritanopia**  
96, 9.783, 323.048

# Trichromacy



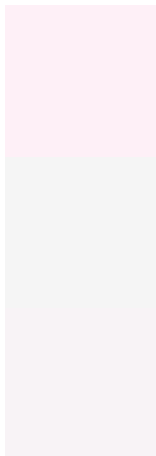
**Original Color**  
96, 6.138, 344.029

**Protanomaly**  
96, 4.590, 328.159

**Deuteranomaly**  
96, 6.160, 349.859

**Tritanomaly**  
96, 8.535, 328.616

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
96, 6.138, 344.029

**Achromatopsia**  
97, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
96, 2.357, 338.598

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 6.138, 344.029 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 240, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 240, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 240, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 240, 247) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 6.138, 344.029 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 240, 247) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 240, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 240, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 240, 247); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 240, 247);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 240,  
247) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 6.138, 344.029 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 240, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
240, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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