

Converting Colors

CIELCh(96, 6.471, 221.511)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(96, 6.471, 221.511) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(96, 6.621, 221.947)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E5F7FC
RGB	229, 247, 252
RGB Percent	90%, 97%, 99%
CMY	0.1029, 0.0323, 0.0127
CMYK	0.09, 0.02, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	193°, 78%, 94%
HSV	193°, 9%, 99%
XYZ	82.9583, 90.0078, 104.8972
YIQ	242.1880, -12.3330, -2.2610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

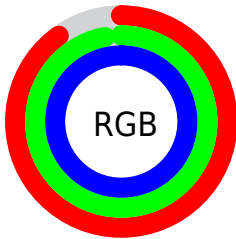
Format	Color
R _Y B	229, 239, 252
Decimal	15071228
CIE Lab	96.00, -4.92, -4.43
CIE LCh	96, 6.621, 221.947
Yxy	90.0078, 0.2986, 0.3239
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293261308 (0xFFE5F7FC)
YUV	242.1880, 4.8373, -11.5659
Hunter-Lab	94.8724, -9.9428, 0.8558

Details

The CIELCh color **96, 6.621, 221.947** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **94, 7.005, 41.155**, and the grayscale version is **95, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **76, 6.733, 217.704** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93, 13.495, 222.405**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 0.639, 40.463**.

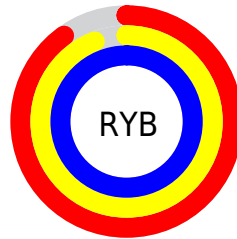
Distribution



Red (90%)

Green (97%)

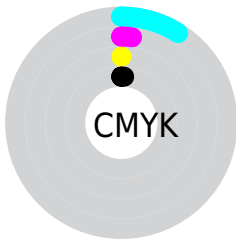
Blue (99%)



Red (90%)

Yellow (94%)

Blue (99%)

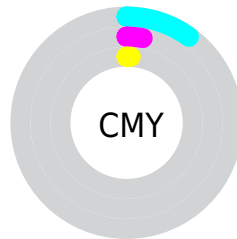


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (10%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (1%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 6.621, 221.947 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 6.621, 221.947 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 96, 6.621, 221.947

 96, 6.621, 221.947

 100, 6.621,
221.947

 86, 6.621, 221.947

 76, 6.621, 221.947

 66, 6.621, 221.947

 56, 6.621, 221.947

 46, 6.621, 221.947

 36, 6.621, 221.947

 26, 6.621, 221.947

 16, 6.621, 221.947

 6, 6.621, 221.947

96, 6.621, 221.947

96, 6.621, 221.947

93, 13.495,
222.405

99, 0.639, 40.463

90, 19.881,
223.122

100, 1.631,
110.009

87, 25.670,
224.109

85, 30.751,
225.429

82, 35.032,
227.163

80, 38.452,
229.397

78, 41.011,
232.224

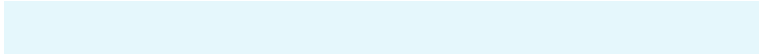
76, 42.789,
235.714

■ 74, 44.003,
239.835

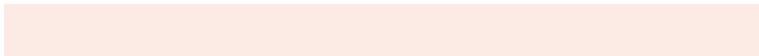
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



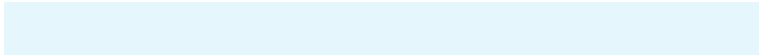
96, 6.621, 221.947



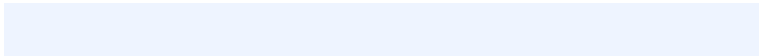
94, 7.005, 41.155

Rectangle

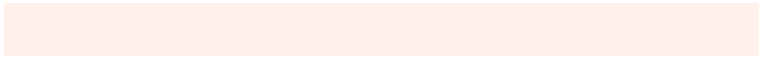
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 6.621, 221.947



96, 6.621, 271.947



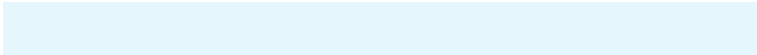
96, 6.621, 41.947



96, 6.621, 91.947

Sweetspot

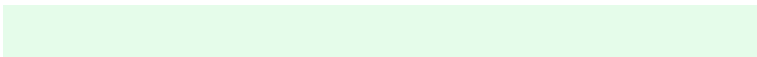
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 6.621, 221.927



99, 2.231, 221.879



97, 12.341, 150.542



53, 1.688, 221.847



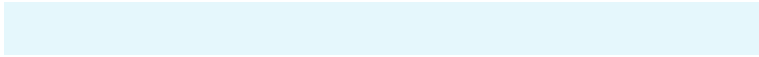
0, 0.000, 0.000



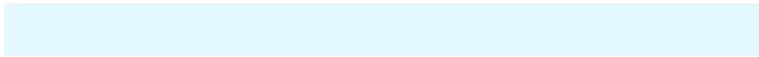
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 6.621, 221.927



97, 8.019, 221.996



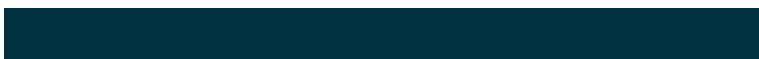
93, 8.751, 276.114



51, 4.092, 221.940



57, 35.411, 239.375



18, 15.785, 233.414

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93, 12.378, 331.689



93, 15.081, 331.816



97, 8.710, 93.781



49, 7.659, 331.713



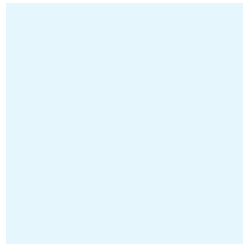
43, 77.902, 339.244



11, 35.968, 337.562

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 6.621, 221.947 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

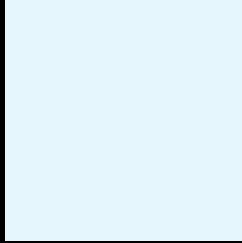
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 6.621, 221.947 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

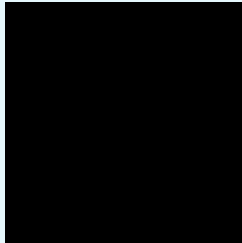
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

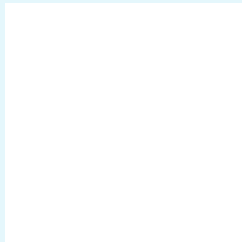
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 96, 6.621, 221.947

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 6.621, 221.947.

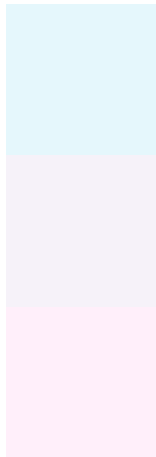


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 6.621, 221.947.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

96, 6.621, 221.947

Protanopia

96, 3.877, 311.599

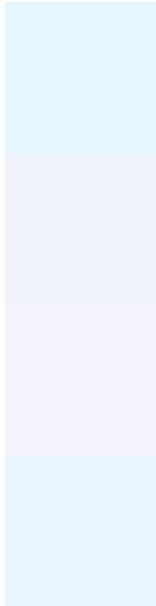
Deuteranopia

96, 8.008, 335.179



Tritanopia
96, 6.091, 267.411

Trichromacy



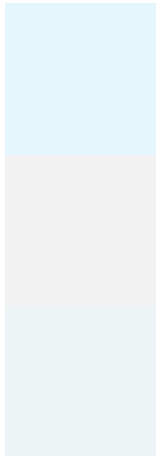
Original Color
96, 6.621, 221.947

Protanomaly
96, 3.359, 266.036

Deuteranomaly
96, 4.753, 303.229

Tritanomaly
96, 5.902, 250.861

Monochromacy



Original Color
96, 6.621, 221.947

Achromatopsia
95, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
96, 2.632, 222.450

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 6.621, 221.947 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 247, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 247, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 247, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 247, 252) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 6.621, 221.947 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 247, 252) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 247, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 247, 252)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 247, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 247, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 247,  
252) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 6.621, 221.947 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 247, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
247, 252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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