

Converting Colors

CIELCh(96, 7.159, 233.946)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(96, 7.159, 233.946) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(96, 7.028, 234.959)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E5F6FE
RGB	229, 246, 254
RGB Percent	90%, 96%, 100%
CMY	0.1006, 0.0339, 0.0026
CMYK	0.10, 0.03, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	199°, 95%, 95%
HSV	199°, 10%, 100%
XYZ	83.4223, 90.0078, 107.0278
YIQ	241.8290, -12.7000, -1.1160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	229, 239, 254
Decimal	15070974
CIE Lab	96.00, -4.04, -5.75
CIE LCh	96, 7.028, 234.959
Yxy	90.0078, 0.2975, 0.3209
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293261054 (0xFFE5F6FE)
YUV	241.8290, 6.0003, -11.2510
Hunter-Lab	94.8724, -9.0698, -0.4757

Details

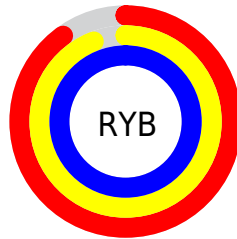
The CIELCh color `96, 7.028, 234.959` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFFFFF`. A complement of this color would be `95, 7.396, 53.218`, and the grayscale version is `96, 0.011, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `76, 7.047, 231.493` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `92, 13.871, 235.967`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `100, 0.118, 48.969`.

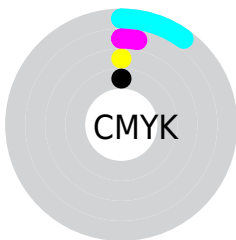
Distribution



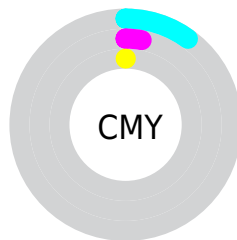
- Red (90%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 7.028, 234.959 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 7.028, 234.959 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 96, 7.028, 234.959

 96, 7.028, 234.959

 100, 7.028,
234.959

 86, 7.028, 234.959

 76, 7.028, 234.959

 66, 7.028, 234.959

 56, 7.028, 234.959

 46, 7.028, 234.959

 36, 7.028, 234.959

 26, 7.028, 234.959

 16, 7.028, 234.959

 6, 7.028, 234.959

96, 7.028, 234.959

96, 7.028, 234.959

92, 13.871,
235.967

100, 0.118, 48.969

89, 20.333,
237.300

100, 0.323,
109.914

85, 26.333,
238.990

82, 31.794,
241.117

78, 36.661,
243.771

75, 40.919,
247.042

73, 44.620,
250.993

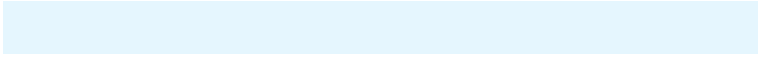
70, 47.898,
255.625

■ 67, 51.003,
260.750

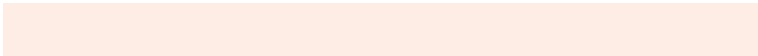
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



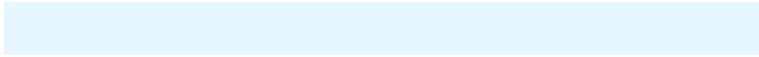
96, 7.028, 234.959



95, 7.396, 53.218

Rectangle

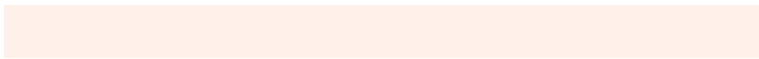
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 7.028, 234.959



96, 7.028, 284.959



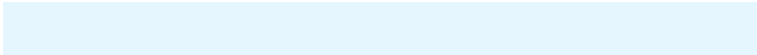
96, 7.028, 54.959



96, 7.028, 104.959

Sweetspot

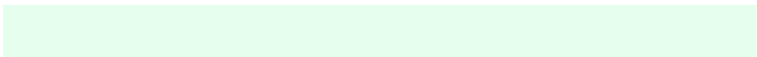
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 7.028, 234.940



99, 2.180, 234.528



98, 12.449, 154.290



53, 1.649, 234.537



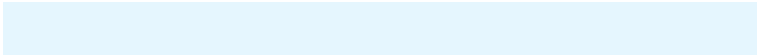
0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 7.028, 234.940



95, 8.558, 235.137



93, 10.633, 282.578



51, 4.075, 234.912



52, 40.810, 259.866



16, 17.661, 252.700

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93, 12.491, 335.759



92, 15.304, 335.924



98, 10.495, 100.260



50, 7.237, 335.735



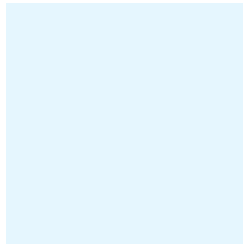
42, 73.404, 346.434



11, 34.605, 343.584

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 7.028, 234.959 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

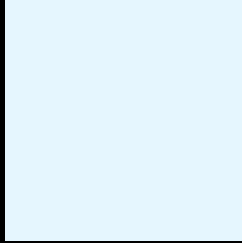
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 7.028, 234.959 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

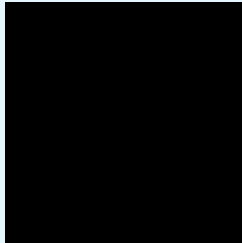
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

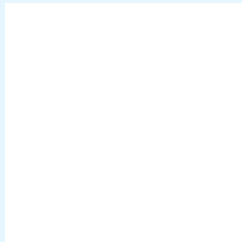
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 96, 7.028, 234.959

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 7.028, 234.959.

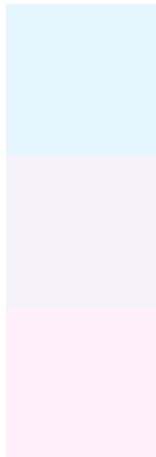


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 7.028, 234.959.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

96, 7.028, 234.959

Protanopia

96, 5.254, 302.020

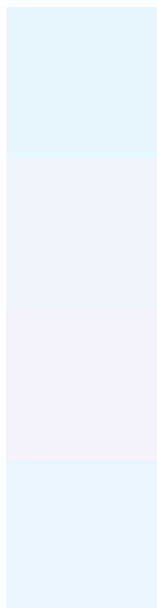
Deuteranopia

96, 8.758, 330.441



Tritanopia
96, 6.091, 267.411

Trichromacy



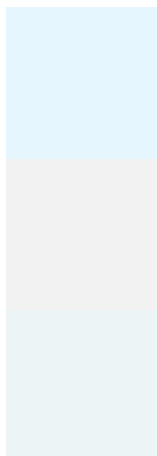
Original Color
96, 7.028, 234.959

Protanomaly
96, 4.901, 269.952

Deuteranomaly
96, 5.834, 304.383

Tritanomaly
96, 6.300, 253.916

Monochromacy



Original Color
96, 7.028, 234.959

Achromatopsia
95, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
96, 2.632, 222.450

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 7.028, 234.959 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 246, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 246, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 246, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 246, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 7.028, 234.959 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 246, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 246, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 246, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 246, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 246, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 246,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 7.028, 234.959 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 246, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
246, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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