

Converting Colors

CIELCh(96, 7.916, 333.980)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(96, 7.916, 333.980) contains.

CIELCh(96, 8.008, 335.179)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(96, 8.008, 335.179)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFEEFA
RGB	255, 239, 250
RGB Percent	100%, 94%, 98%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0622, 0.0191
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.02, 0.00
HSL	318°, 100%, 97%
HSV	318°, 6%, 100%
XYZ	89.4722, 90.0078, 103.2111
YIQ	245.0380, 6.0050, 6.8130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

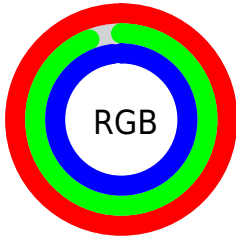
Format	Color
R_{YB}	255, 239, 250
Decimal	16773114
CIE _{Lab}	96.00, 7.27, -3.36
CIE _{LCh}	96, 8.008, 335.179
Y _{xy}	90.0078, 0.3165, 0.3184
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294963194 (0xFFFFE0FA)
Y _{UV}	245.0380, 2.4463, 8.7367
Hunter-Lab	94.8724, 2.3128, 1.9095

Details

The CIELCh color `96, 8.008, 335.179` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFFFFF`. A complement of this color would be `99, 7.933, 154.172`, and the grayscale version is `97, 0.011, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `76, 8.144, 333.428` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `90, 20.938, 335.685`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `100, 0.012, 296.813`.

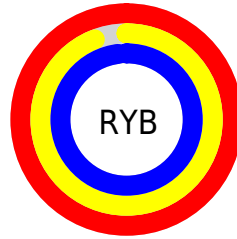
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (94%)

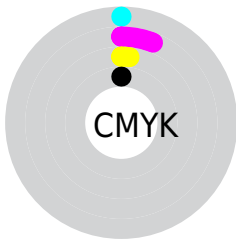
Blue (98%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (94%)

Blue (98%)

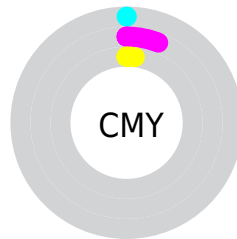


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (2%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 8.008, 335.179 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 8.008, 335.179 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 96, 8.008, 335.179

 96, 8.008, 335.179

 100, 8.008,
335.179

 86, 8.008, 335.179

 76, 8.008, 335.179

 66, 8.008, 335.179

 56, 8.008, 335.179

 46, 8.008, 335.179

 36, 8.008, 335.179

 26, 8.008, 335.179

 16, 8.008, 335.179

 6, 8.008, 335.179

96, 8.008, 335.179

96, 8.008, 335.179

90, 20.938,
335.685

100, 0.012,
296.813

84, 33.956,
336.462

78, 46.758,
337.292

72, 58.957,
338.190

68, 70.029,
339.180

64, 79.351,
340.298

60, 86.290,
341.598

58, 90.389,
343.151

■ 57, 91.592,
345.044

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96, 8.008, 335.179



99, 7.933, 154.172

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



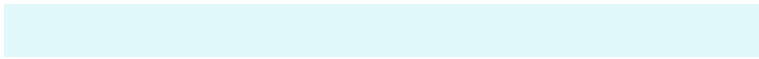
96, 8.008, 335.179



96, 8.008, 25.179



96, 8.008, 155.179



96, 8.008, 205.179

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 7.971, 334.933



99, 2.558, 334.533



95, 8.342, 302.160



53, 1.455, 334.518



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 7.971, 334.933



95, 8.977, 334.993



96, 5.888, 3.722



50, 5.836, 335.039



42, 74.005, 345.432



11, 34.876, 342.760

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96, 7.971, 334.933



95, 8.977, 334.993



99, 5.740, 182.801



50, 5.836, 335.039



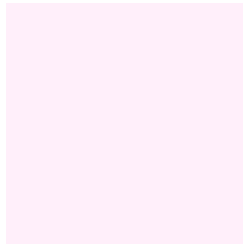
42, 74.005, 345.432



11, 34.876, 342.760

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 96, 8.008, 335.179 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

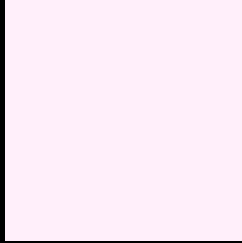
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 96, 8.008, 335.179 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

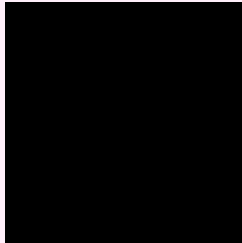
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 96, 8.008, 335.179

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 8.008, 335.179.

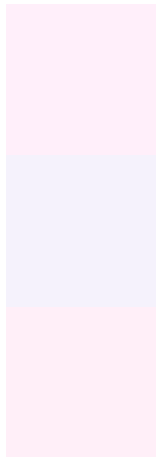


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 8.008, 335.179.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

96, 8.008, 335.179

Protanopia

96, 5.254, 302.020

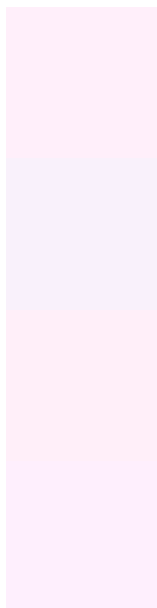
Deuteranopia

96, 7.326, 340.860



Tritanopia
96, 9.783, 323.048

Trichromacy



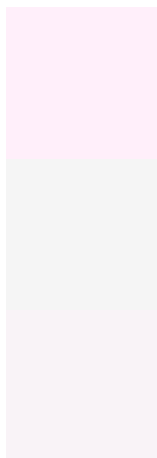
Original Color
96, 8.008, 335.179

Protanomaly
96, 5.877, 318.946

Deuteranomaly
96, 7.657, 337.891

Tritanomaly
96, 8.941, 326.585

Monochromacy



Original Color
96, 8.008, 335.179

Achromatopsia
97, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
96, 2.965, 335.696

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 8.008, 335.179 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 239, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 239, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 239, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 239, 250) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 8.008, 335.179 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 239, 250) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 239, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 239, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 239, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 239, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 239,  
250) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 8.008, 335.179 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 239, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
239, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor