

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(96, 9.174, 109.463)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(96, 9.174, 109.463) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(96, 9.181, 109.460)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F5F5E3
RGB	245, 245, 227
RGB Percent	96%, 96%, 89%
CMY	0.0404, 0.0404, 0.1110
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.07, 0.04
HSL	60°, 47%, 92%
HSV	60°, 7%, 96%
XYZ	83.9339, 90.0078, 85.4052
YIQ	242.9480, 5.7780, -5.5980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

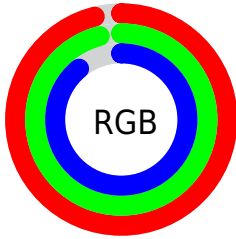
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	227, 245, 227
Decimal	16119267
CIE Lab	96.00, -3.06, 8.66
CIE LCh	96, 9.181, 109.460
Yxy	90.0078, 0.3236, 0.3471
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294309347 (0xFFFF5F5E3)
YUV	242.9480, -7.8624, 1.7996
Hunter-Lab	94.8724, -8.1073, 13.0372

# Details

The CIELCh color **96, 9.181, 109.460** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **91, 9.351, 290.946**, and the grayscale version is **96, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **76, 9.103, 109.315** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 21.621, 108.499**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97, 3.320, 290.464**.

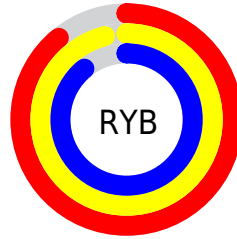
# Distribution



Red (96%)

Green (96%)

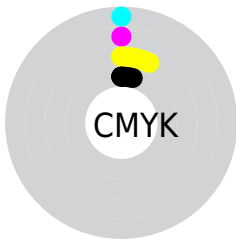
Blue (89%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (96%)

Blue (89%)

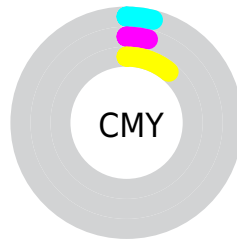


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (4%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 9.181, 109.460 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 9.181, 109.460 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 96, 9.181, 109.460

 96, 9.181, 109.460

 100, 9.181,  
109.460

 86, 9.181, 109.460

 76, 9.181, 109.460

 66, 9.181, 109.460


 56, 9.181, 109.460

 46, 9.181, 109.460

 36, 9.181, 109.460

 26, 9.181, 109.460

 16, 9.181, 109.460

 6, 9.181, 109.460

96, 9.181, 109.460

96, 9.181, 109.460

95, 21.621,  
108.499

97, 3.320, 290.464

95, 33.912,  
107.524

97, 5.278, 290.625

95, 45.927,  
106.567

97, 5.278, 290.650

94, 57.465,  
105.652

97, 5.278, 290.699

94, 68.217,  
104.809

97, 5.279, 290.724

94, 77.736,  
104.076

97, 5.279, 290.773

94, 85.447,  
103.494

97, 5.279, 290.798

94, 90.771,  
103.099

■ 94, 93.464,  
102.903

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96, 9.181, 109.460



91, 9.351, 290.946

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 9.181, 109.460



96, 9.181, 159.460



96, 9.181, 289.460



96, 9.181, 339.460

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 9.183, 109.471



100, 2.575, 109.966



92, 6.518, 19.769



53, 1.464, 109.974



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 9.183, 109.471



99, 11.616, 109.310



95, 9.781, 128.757



51, 7.096, 109.265



73, 76.500, 102.869



24, 33.186, 103.193



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 9.351, 290.946



93, 11.867, 291.127



91, 9.894, 309.383



47, 7.256, 291.179



22, 105.632, 306.288

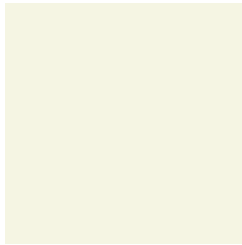


3, 39.906, 299.776



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 96, 9.181, 109.460 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

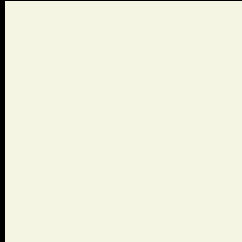
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 96, 9.181, 109.460 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

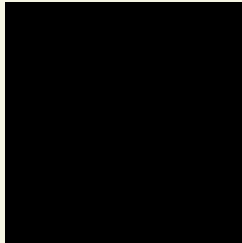
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

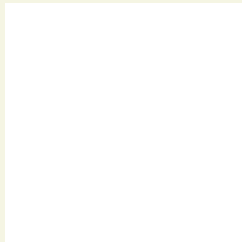
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 96, 9.181, 109.460

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 9.181, 109.460.

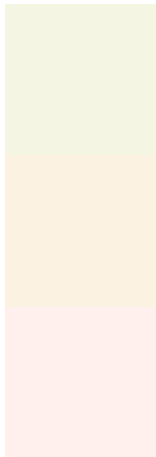


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 9.181, 109.460.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

96, 9.181, 109.460

### Protanopia

96, 8.930, 85.451

### Deuteranopia

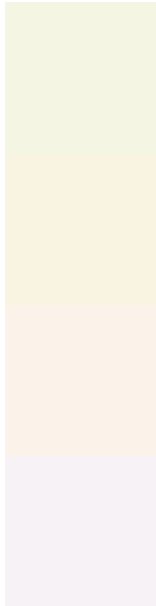
96, 5.464, 30.405





**Tritanopia**  
96, 7.617, 309.293

# Trichromacy



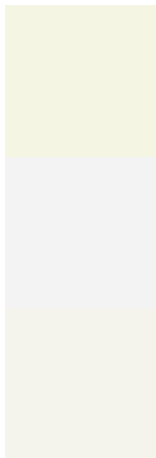
**Original Color**  
96, 9.181, 109.460

**Protanomaly**  
96, 8.935, 95.365

**Deuteranomaly**  
96, 5.191, 71.277

**Tritanomaly**  
96, 2.359, 338.599

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
96, 9.181, 109.460

**Achromatopsia**  
96, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
96, 3.569, 109.881

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 9.181, 109.460 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(245, 245, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 245, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 245, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 245, 227) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 9.181, 109.460 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 245, 227) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 245, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 245, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 245, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 245, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 245,  
227) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 9.181, 109.460 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 245, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
245, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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