

Converting Colors

CIELCh(97, 0.054, 210.647)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(97, 0.054, 210.647) contains.

CIELCh(97, 0.011, 296.813)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(97, 0.011, 296.813)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F6F6F6
RGB	246, 246, 246
RGB Percent	96%, 96%, 96%
CMY	0.0340, 0.0340, 0.0340
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	114°, 0%, 97%
HSV	114°, 0%, 97%
XYZ	87.8644, 92.4403, 100.6670
YIQ	246.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

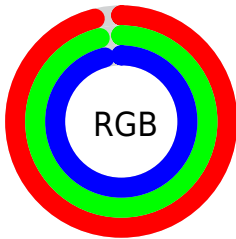
Format	Color
R _Y B	246, 246, 246
Decimal	16185078
CIE Lab	97.00, 0.00, -0.01
CIE LCh	97, 0.011, 296.813
Yxy	92.4403, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294375158 (0xFF6F6F6F)
YUV	246.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -5.1303, 5.2241

Details

The CIELCh color $97, 0.011, 296.813$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be $97, 0.014, 301.846$, and the grayscale version is $97, 0.011, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $77, 0.009, 296.813$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $95, 14.987, 141.243$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $98, 5.394, 324.572$.

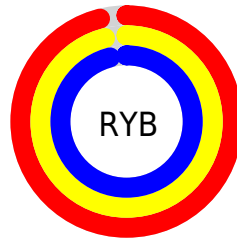
Distribution



Red (96%)

Green (96%)

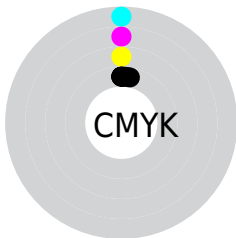
Blue (96%)



Red (96%)

Yellow (96%)

Blue (96%)

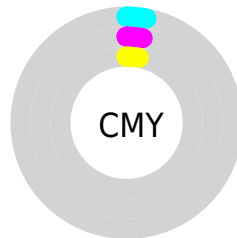


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (3%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (3%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 0.011, 296.813 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 0.011, 296.813 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

97, 0.011, 296.813

97, 0.011, 296.813

100, 0.011,
296.813

87, 0.011, 296.813

77, 0.011, 296.813

67, 0.011, 296.813

57, 0.011, 296.813

47, 0.011, 296.813

37, 0.011, 296.813

27, 0.011, 296.813

17, 0.011, 296.813

7, 0.011, 296.813

97, 0.011, 296.813

97, 0.011, 296.813

95, 14.987,
141.243

98, 5.394, 324.572

93, 30.098,
140.624

91, 45.137,
139.918

90, 59.847,
139.126

88, 73.886,
138.265

87, 86.807,
137.383

86, 98.049,
136.567

86, 106.965,
135.942

■ 85,112.979,
135.643

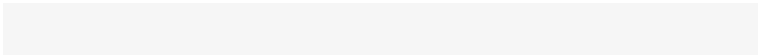
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



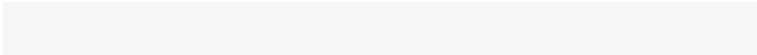
97, 0.011, 296.813



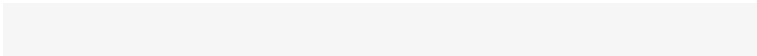
97, 0.014, 301.846

Rectangle

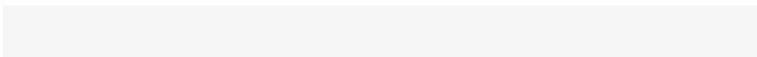
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



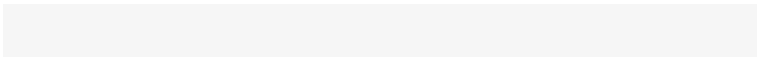
97, 0.011, 296.813



97, 0.011, 346.813



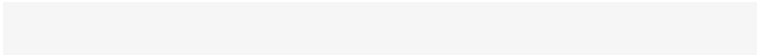
97, 0.011, 116.813



97, 0.011, 166.813

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 0.009, 288.744

100, 0.012, 296.813



97, 0.009, 299.471



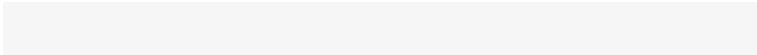
53, 0.007, 296.813



0, 0.000, 0.000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 0.009, 288.744

100, 0.012, 296.813



97, 0.010, 287.905



51, 0.007, 296.813



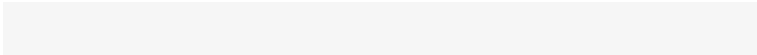
66, 93.968, 135.564



21, 40.274, 135.914

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 0.014, 301.846

100, 0.012, 296.813



97, 0.013, 303.434



51, 0.007, 296.813



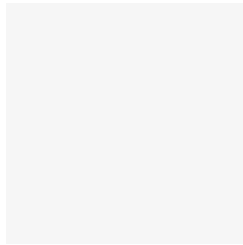
41, 91.832, 324.401



10, 40.781, 324.897

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 0.011, 296.813 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

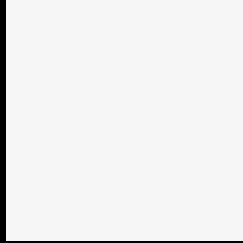
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 0.011, 296.813 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

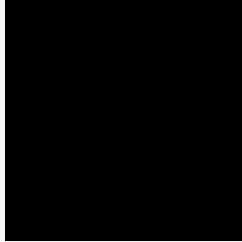
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

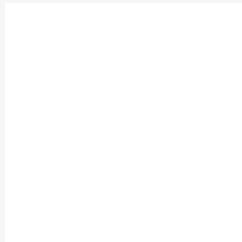
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 97, 0.011, 296.813

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 0.011, 296.813.

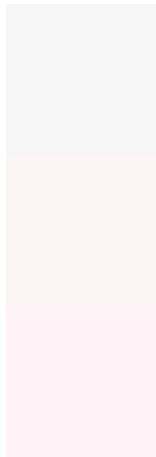


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 0.011, 296.813.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

97, 0.011, 296.813

Protanopia

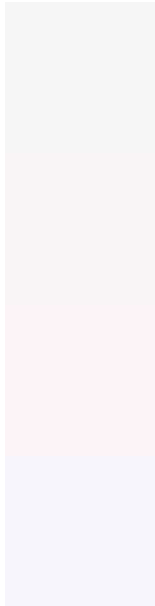
97, 2.186, 5.755

Deuteranopia

97, 4.729, 354.009

Tritanopia
97, 5.242, 302.017

Trichromacy



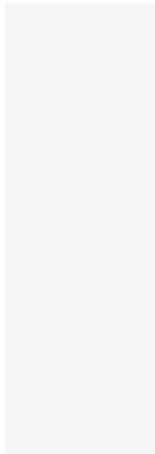
Original Color
97, 0.011, 296.813

Protanomaly
97, 1.509, 359.280

Deuteranomaly
97, 3.230, 351.098

Tritanomaly
97, 3.666, 301.413

Monochromacy



Original Color
97, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatopsia
97, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
97, 0.011, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 0.011, 296.813 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(246, 246, 246)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 246, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 246, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 246, 246) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 0.011, 296.813 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 246, 246) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 246, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 246, 246)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 246, 246); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 246, 246);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 246,  
246) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 0.011, 296.813 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 246, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
246, 246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor