

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(97, 12.539, 96.270)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(97, 12.539, 96.270) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(97, 12.556, 95.708)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEF6DE
RGB	254, 246, 222
RGB Percent	100%, 96%, 87%
CMY	0.0031, 0.0344, 0.1286
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.13, 0.00
HSL	45°, 95%, 93%
HSV	45°, 13%, 100%
XYZ	87.1877, 92.4403, 82.5034
YIQ	245.6560, 12.4720, -5.7680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

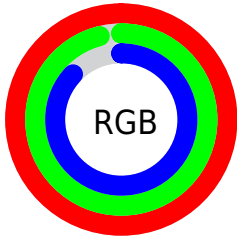
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	233, 254, 222
Decimal	16709342
CIE Lab	97.00, -1.25, 12.49
CIE LCh	97, 12.556, 95.708
Yxy	92.4403, 0.3326, 0.3526
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294899422 (0xFFFEF6DE)
YUV	245.6560, -11.6624, 7.3177
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -6.3867, 16.4250

# Details

The CIELCh color **97, 12.556, 95.708** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **91, 12.672, 278.875**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 12.578, 96.536** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 22.668, 94.485**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 2.558, 96.850**.

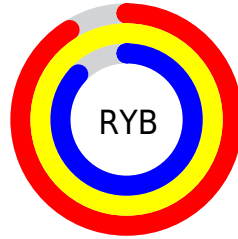
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (96%)

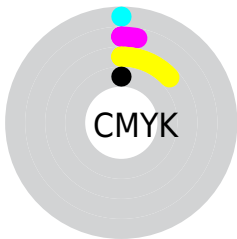
Blue (87%)



Red (91%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (87%)

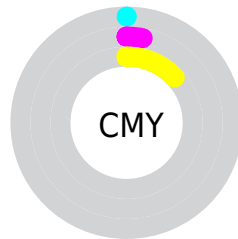


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 12.556, 95.708 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 12.556, 95.708 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 97, 12.556, 95.708

 97, 12.556, 95.708

 100, 12.556,  
95.708

 87, 12.556, 95.708

 77, 12.556, 95.708

 67, 12.556, 95.708

 57, 12.556, 95.708

 47, 12.556, 95.708

 37, 12.556, 95.708

 27, 12.556, 95.708

 17, 12.556, 95.708

 7, 12.556, 95.708

97, 12.556, 95.708

97, 12.556, 95.708

95, 22.668, 94.485

99, 2.558, 96.850

93, 32.847, 93.210

100, 0.271,  
201.835

91, 43.007, 91.902

89, 52.986, 90.564

87, 62.493, 89.188

85, 71.034, 87.754

84, 77.859, 86.207

82, 82.092, 84.451

81, 83.518, 82.979

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97, 12.556, 95.708



91, 12.672, 278.875

# Rectangle

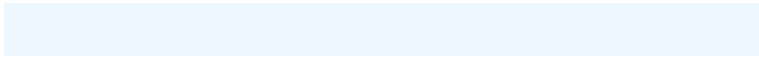
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97, 12.556, 95.708



97, 12.556, 145.708



97, 12.556, 275.708



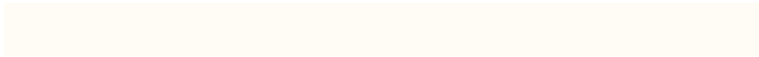
97, 12.556, 325.708

# Sweetspot

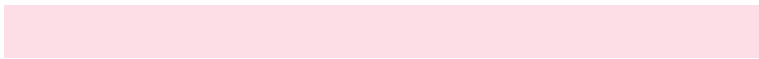
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 12.558, 95.719



99, 3.970, 96.714



91, 12.317, 0.712



53, 2.824, 96.634



0, 0.000, 0.000

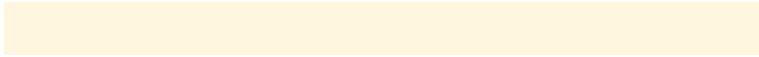


53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 12.558, 95.719



97, 15.023, 95.426



98, 16.495, 119.121



52, 5.672, 96.088



62, 67.514, 83.373



21, 29.453, 85.826





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 12.672, 278.875



90, 15.180, 279.220



90, 16.928, 300.753



50, 5.716, 278.455



29, 89.062, 300.685

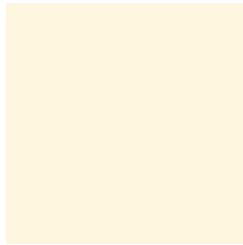


7, 35.659, 295.892



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 12.556, 95.708 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

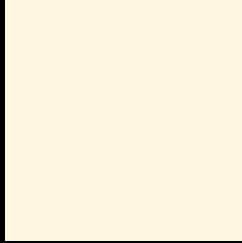
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 12.556, 95.708 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

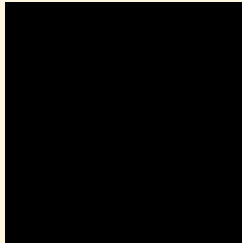
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

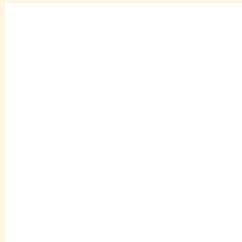
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 97, 12.556, 95.708

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 12.556, 95.708.

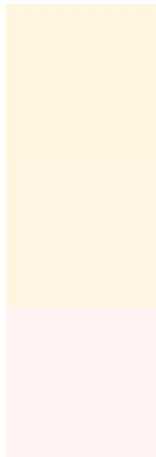


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 12.556, 95.708.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


97, 12.556, 95.708

### Protanopia

97, 10.686, 91.482

### Deuteranopia

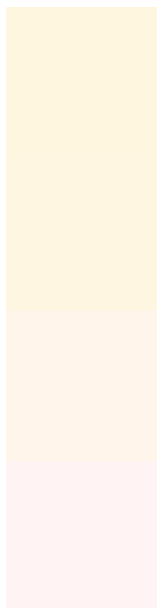
97, 4.197, 40.844



**Tritanopia**  
97, 7.476, 324.660



# Trichromacy



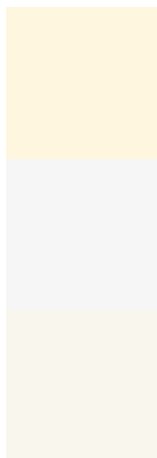
**Original Color**  
97, 12.556, 95.708

**Protanomaly**  
97, 11.173, 92.222

**Deuteranomaly**  
97, 6.644, 76.862

**Tritanomaly**  
97, 3.939, 26.928

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
97, 12.556, 95.708

**Achromatopsia**  
97, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
97, 4.696, 96.618

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 12.556, 95.708 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 246, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 246, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 246, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 246, 222) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 12.556, 95.708 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 246, 222) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 246, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 246, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 246, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 246, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 246,  
222) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 12.556, 95.708 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 246, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
246, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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