

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(97, 15.296, 96.616)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(97, 15.296, 96.616) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(97, 15.122, 96.315)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF6D9
RGB	255, 246, 217
RGB Percent	100%, 96%, 85%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0341, 0.1478
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.15, 0.00
HSL	46°, 100%, 93%
HSV	46°, 15%, 100%
XYZ	86.9647, 92.4403, 79.1079
YIQ	245.3850, 14.6730, -7.1110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	229, 255, 217
Decimal	16774873
CIE Lab	97.00, -1.66, 15.03
CIE LCh	97, 15.122, 96.315
Yxy	92.4403, 0.3364, 0.3576
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294964953 (0xFFFFF6D9)
YUV	245.3850, -13.9938, 8.4324
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -6.8007, 18.5189

# Details

The CIELCh color **97, 15.122, 96.315** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **90, 15.294, 280.430**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 15.272, 96.910** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 25.431, 95.524**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 4.853, 97.912**.

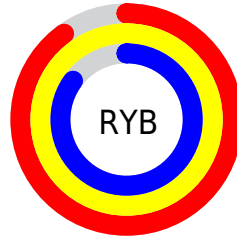
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (96%)

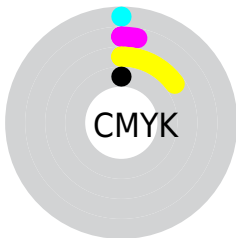
Blue (85%)



Red (90%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (85%)

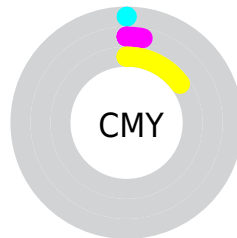


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 15.122, 96.315 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 15.122, 96.315 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 97, 15.122, 96.315

 97, 15.122, 96.315

 100, 15.122,  
96.315

 87, 15.122, 96.315

 77, 15.122, 96.315

 67, 15.122, 96.315

 57, 15.122, 96.315

 47, 15.122, 96.315

 37, 15.122, 96.315

 27, 15.122, 96.315

 17, 15.122, 96.315

 7, 15.122, 96.315

97, 15.122, 96.315

97, 15.122, 96.315

95, 25.431, 95.524

99, 4.853, 97.912

93, 35.791, 94.264

100, 0.012,  
296.813

91, 46.072, 92.976

89, 56.079, 91.662

88, 65.471, 90.318

86, 73.691, 88.922

85, 79.942, 87.423

83, 83.407, 85.733

82, 84.255, 84.769

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97, 15.122, 96.315



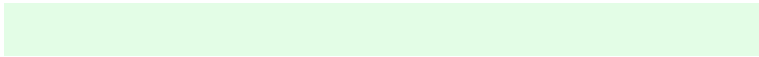
90, 15.294, 280.430

# Rectangle

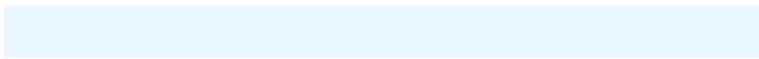
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97, 15.122, 96.315



97, 15.122, 146.315



97, 15.122, 276.315



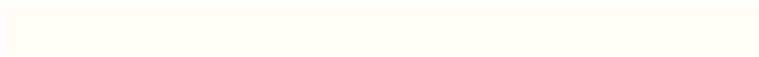
97, 15.122, 326.315

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 15.099, 96.749



99, 4.053, 97.995



90, 14.480, 2.182



53, 2.883, 97.915



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

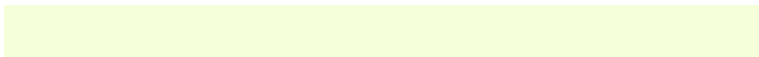
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 15.099, 96.749



96, 18.414, 96.360



98, 19.458, 119.640



52, 5.788, 97.376



63, 67.961, 85.130



21, 29.831, 87.444





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 15.294, 280.430



88, 18.699, 280.904



89, 20.046, 301.520



50, 5.842, 279.706



28, 91.233, 301.439

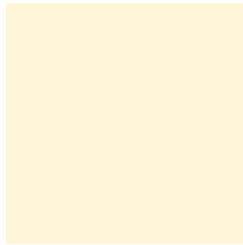


6, 36.469, 296.621



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 15.122, 96.315 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 15.122, 96.315 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

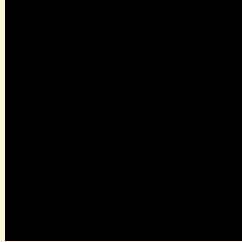
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 97, 15.122, 96.315

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 15.122, 96.315.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 15.122, 96.315.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

97, 15.122, 96.315

### Protanopia

97, 11.663, 92.897

### Deuteranopia

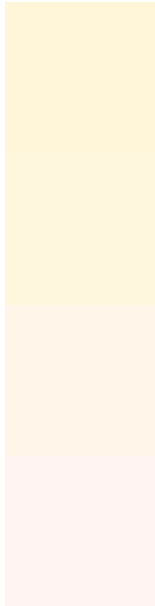
97, 4.410, 47.004



**Tritanopia**  
97, 7.061, 326.996



# Trichromacy



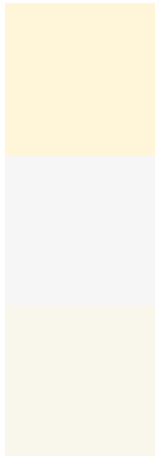
**Original Color**  
97, 15.122, 96.315

**Protanomaly**  
97, 12.646, 94.080

**Deuteranomaly**  
97, 7.528, 80.937

**Tritanomaly**  
97, 4.197, 40.844

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
97, 15.122, 96.315

**Achromatopsia**  
97, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
97, 5.195, 97.847

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 15.122, 96.315 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 246, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 246, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 246, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 246, 217) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 15.122, 96.315 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 246, 217) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 246, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 246, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 246, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 246, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 246,  
217) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 15.122, 96.315 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 246, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
246, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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