

Converting Colors

CIELCh(97, 15.440, 191.433)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(97, 15.440, 191.433)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(97, 15.198, 192.664)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D2FFFC
RGB	210, 255, 252
RGB Percent	82%, 100%, 99%
CMY	0.1756, 0.0000, 0.0109
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.01, 0.00
HSL	176°, 100%, 91%
HSV	176°, 18%, 100%
XYZ	80.0790, 92.4403, 105.9046
YIQ	241.2030, -25.8570, -10.4730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

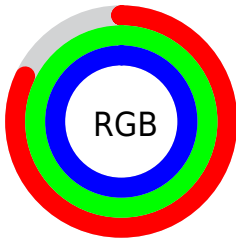
Format	Color
R_{YB}	210, 233, 255
Decimal	13828092
CIE _{Lab}	97.00, -14.83, -3.33
CIE _{LCh}	97, 15.198, 192.664
Yxy	92.4403, 0.2876, 0.3320
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292018172 (0xFFD2FFFC)
YUV	241.2030, 5.3229, -27.3650
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -19.5843, 1.9942

Details

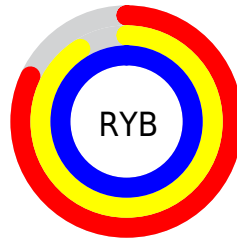
The CIELCh color **97, 15.198, 192.664** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **88, 16.729, 15.725**, and the grayscale version is **95, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 15.087, 192.121** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 23.006, 192.375**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 6.661, 193.831**.

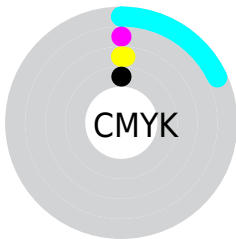
Distribution



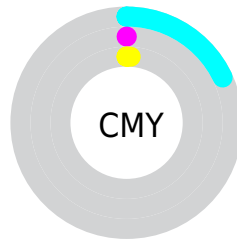
- Red (82%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 15.198, 192.664 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 15.198, 192.664 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 97, 15.198,
192.664


 97, 15.198,
192.664


 100, 15.198,
192.664


 87, 15.198,
192.664

 77, 15.198,
192.664

 67, 15.198,
192.664

 57, 15.198,
192.664

 47, 15.198,
192.664

 37, 15.198,
192.664

 27, 15.198,

192.664

■ 17, 15.198,
192.664

■ 7, 15.198, 192.664

■ 97, 15.198,
192.664

■ 97, 15.198,
192.664

■ 95, 23.006,
192.375

■ 99, 6.661, 193.831

■ 94, 30.207,
191.686

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 93, 36.560,
191.005

■ 92, 41.937,
190.324

■ 92, 46.242,
189.634

■ 91, 49.436,
188.920

■ 91, 51.550,
188.169

■ 91, 52.715,
187.367

■ 91, 52.925,
187.168

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97, 15.198, 192.664



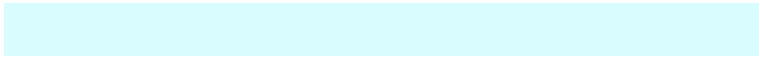
88, 16.729, 15.725

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97, 15.198, 192.664



97, 15.198, 242.664



97, 15.198, 12.664



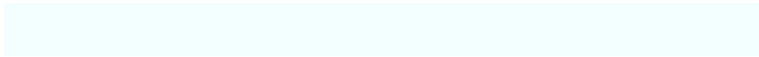
97, 15.198, 62.664

Sweetspot

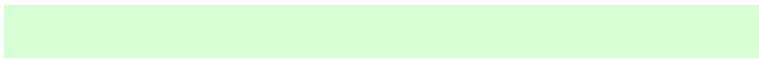
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 15.108, 193.079



99, 4.427, 194.060



96, 27.440, 141.631



53, 3.016, 193.993



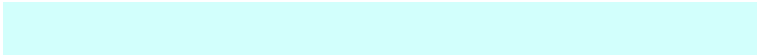
0, 0.000, 0.000



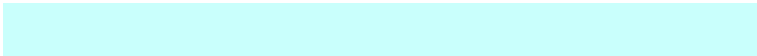
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

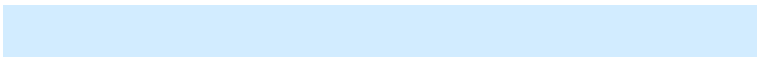
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 15.108, 193.079



96, 17.894, 192.834



92, 12.930, 250.206



52, 4.988, 193.675



70, 42.582, 187.317



24, 19.446, 188.356

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88, 16.729, 15.725



86, 20.248, 16.097



93, 13.809, 65.881



50, 5.263, 14.936



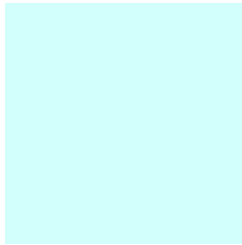
40, 81.659, 37.663



10, 32.874, 24.683

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 15.198, 192.664 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

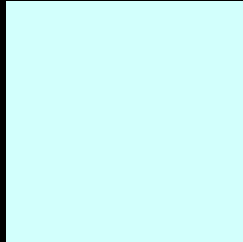
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 15.198, 192.664 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

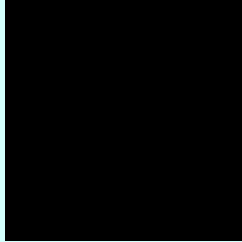
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 97, 15.198, 192.664

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 15.198, 192.664.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 15.198, 192.664.

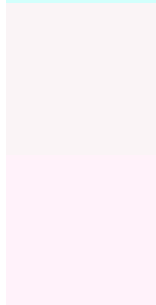
Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
97, 15.198, 192.664



Protanopia
97, 2.365, 353.679

Deuteranopia
97, 6.173, 338.228

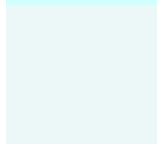


Tritanopia
97, 5.403, 240.891

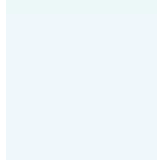
Trichromacy



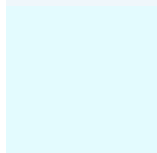
Original Color
97, 15.198, 192.664



Protanomaly
97, 4.162, 199.292



Deuteranomaly
97, 3.418, 236.271

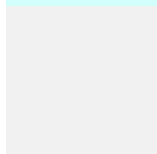


Tritanomaly
97, 8.277, 209.687

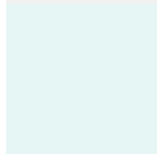
Monochromacy



Original Color
97, 15.198, 192.664



Achromatopsia
95, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
96, 5.578, 193.875

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 15.198, 192.664 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(210, 255, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 255, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 255, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 255, 252) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 15.198, 192.664 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 255, 252) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 255, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 255, 252)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(210, 255, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 255, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 255,  
252) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 15.198, 192.664 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 255, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210,  
255, 252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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