

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(97, 15.754, 96.708)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(97, 15.754, 96.708) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(97, 15.619, 96.669)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF6D8
RGB	255, 246, 216
RGB Percent	100%, 96%, 85%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0338, 0.1515
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.15, 0.00
HSL	47°, 100%, 92%
HSV	47°, 15%, 100%
XYZ	86.8838, 92.4403, 78.4720
YIQ	245.2710, 14.9940, -7.4220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

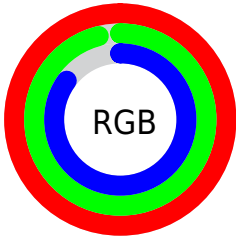
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	228, 255, 216
Decimal	16774872
CIELab	97.00, -1.81, 15.51
CIELCh	97, 15.619, 96.669
Yxy	92.4403, 0.3370, 0.3586
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294964952 (0xFFFFF6D8)
YUV	245.2710, -14.4306, 8.5323
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -6.9509, 18.9110

# Details

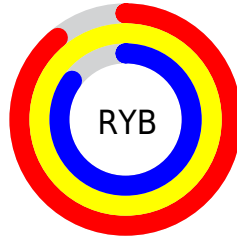
The CIELCh color **97, 15.619, 96.669** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **90, 15.813, 280.930**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 15.795, 97.237** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 25.992, 95.954**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 5.268, 98.333**.

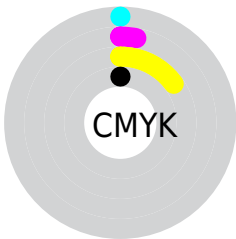
# Distribution



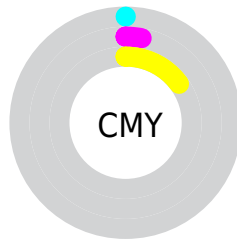
- Red (100%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 15.619, 96.669 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 15.619, 96.669 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 97, 15.619, 96.669

 97, 15.619, 96.669

 100, 15.619,  
96.669

 87, 15.619, 96.669

 77, 15.619, 96.669

 67, 15.619, 96.669

 57, 15.619, 96.669

 47, 15.619, 96.669

 37, 15.619, 96.669

 27, 15.619, 96.669

 17, 15.619, 96.669

 7, 15.619, 96.669

97, 15.619, 96.669

97, 15.619, 96.669

95, 25.992, 95.954

99, 5.268, 98.333

93, 36.409, 94.701

100, 0.012,  
296.813

91, 46.729, 93.422

90, 56.750, 92.120

88, 66.120, 90.791

86, 74.272, 89.415

85, 80.403, 87.944

83, 83.719, 86.294

83, 84.481, 85.427

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97, 15.619, 96.669



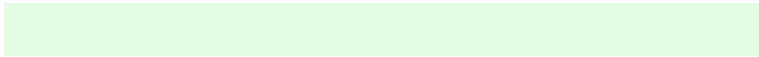
90, 15.813, 280.930

# Rectangle

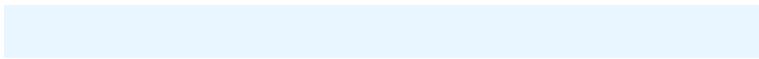
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97, 15.619, 96.669



97, 15.619, 146.669



97, 15.619, 276.669



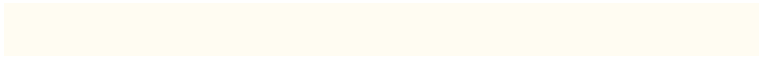
97, 15.619, 326.669

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 15.592, 97.172



99, 5.111, 98.350



90, 14.854, 2.224



53, 3.489, 98.273



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

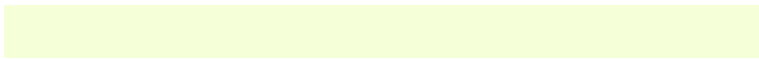
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 15.592, 97.172



96, 18.547, 96.830



98, 19.941, 119.617



52, 5.832, 97.840



64, 68.146, 85.774



21, 29.977, 88.031





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 15.813, 280.930



88, 18.856, 281.348



88, 20.560, 301.547



50, 5.889, 280.157



28, 92.016, 301.703

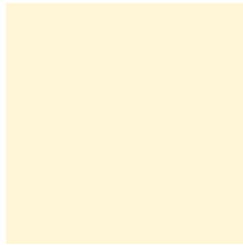


6, 36.758, 296.870



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 15.619, 96.669 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

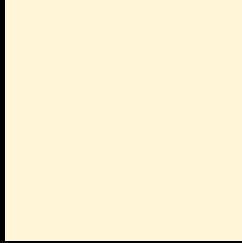
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 15.619, 96.669 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

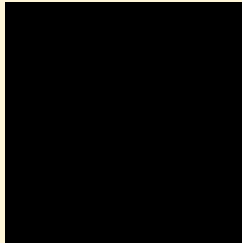
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 97, 15.619, 96.669

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 15.619, 96.669.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 15.619, 96.669.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

97, 15.619, 96.669

### Protanopia

97, 11.663, 92.897

### Deuteranopia

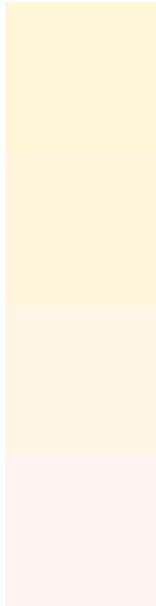
97, 4.410, 47.004



**Tritanopia**  
97, 7.061, 326.996



# Trichromacy



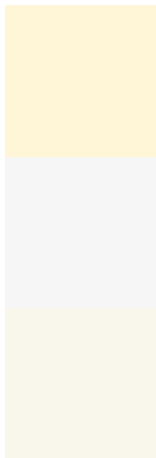
**Original Color**  
97, 15.619, 96.669

**Protanomaly**  
97, 13.139, 94.601

**Deuteranomaly**  
97, 7.982, 82.625

**Tritanomaly**  
97, 4.410, 47.004

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
97, 15.619, 96.669

**Achromatopsia**  
97, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
97, 5.695, 98.853

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 15.619, 96.669 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 246, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 246, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 246, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 246, 216) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 15.619, 96.669 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 246, 216) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 246, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 246, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 246, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 246, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 246,  
216) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 15.619, 96.669 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 246, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
246, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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