

Converting Colors

CIELCh(97, 16.137, 147.636)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(97, 16.137, 147.636)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(97, 16.467, 147.742)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E1FEE5
RGB	225, 254, 229
RGB Percent	88%, 100%, 90%
CMY	0.1181, 0.0044, 0.1024
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.10, 0.00
HSL	128°, 93%, 94%
HSV	128°, 11%, 100%
XYZ	80.5392, 92.4403, 87.6354
YIQ	242.4790, -9.2590, -13.9230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

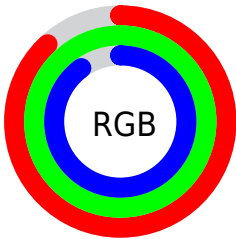
Format	Color
R_{YB}	225, 250, 254
Decimal	14810853
CIE _{Lab}	97.00, -13.93, 8.79
CIE _{LCh}	97, 16.467, 147.742
Yxy	92.4403, 0.3090, 0.3547
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293000933 (0xFFE1FEE5)
YUV	242.4790, -6.6451, -15.3291
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -18.7299, 13.2603

Details

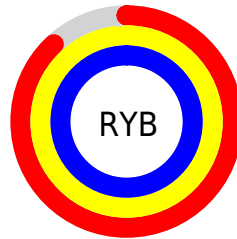
The CIELCh color **97, 16.467, 147.742** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **92, 16.507, 329.116**, and the grayscale version is **96, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 15.983, 147.914** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 30.998, 146.973**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 2.029, 148.541**.

Distribution



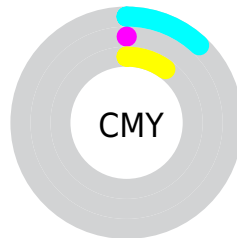
- Red (88%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 16.467, 147.742 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 16.467, 147.742 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 97, 16.467,
147.742


 97, 16.467,
147.742


 100, 16.467,
147.742


 87, 16.467,
147.742

 77, 16.467,
147.742

 67, 16.467,
147.742

 57, 16.467,
147.742

 47, 16.467,
147.742

 37, 16.467,
147.742

 27, 16.467,

147.742

■ 17, 16.467,
147.742

■ 7, 16.467, 147.742

■ 97, 16.467,
147.742

■ 97, 16.467,
147.742

■ 95, 30.998,
146.973

■ 99, 2.029, 148.541

■ 93, 45.414,
146.084

100, 0.706,
324.028

■ 92, 59.460,
145.053

■ 90, 72.821,
143.871

■ 89, 85.140,
142.544

■ 88, 96.029,
141.102

■ 88, 105.100,
139.616

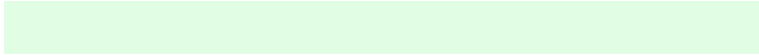
■ 88, 111.998,
138.199

■ 87, 116.053,
137.181

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



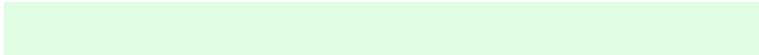
97, 16.467, 147.742



92, 16.507, 329.116

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



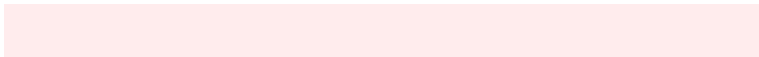
97, 16.467, 147.742



97, 16.467, 197.742



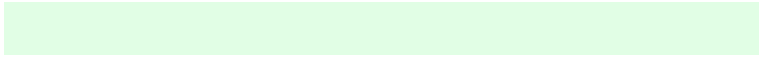
97, 16.467, 327.742



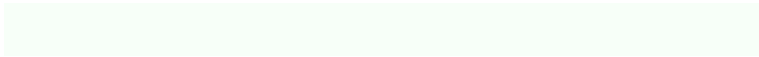
97, 16.467, 17.742

Sweetspot

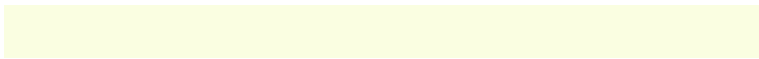
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 16.469, 147.742



99, 4.309, 148.355



99, 14.769, 114.529



53, 3.270, 148.288



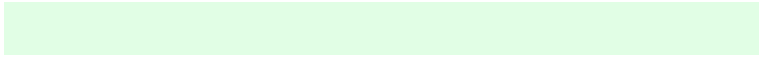
0, 0.000, 0.000



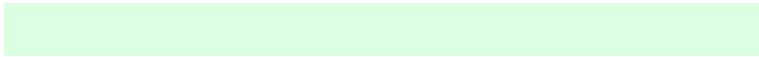
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

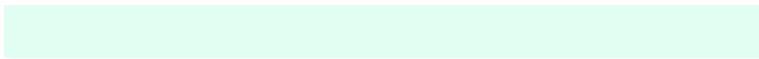
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 16.469, 147.742



97, 20.284, 147.553



97, 11.492, 170.501



52, 8.216, 147.878



68, 93.302, 137.397



23, 40.827, 139.525

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92, 16.507, 329.116



91, 20.331, 329.278



92, 11.795, 352.548



50, 8.236, 328.996



44, 83.535, 334.628



12, 38.929, 333.754

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 16.467, 147.742 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

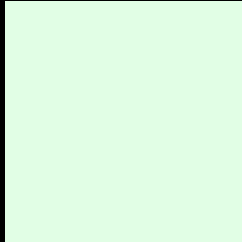
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 16.467, 147.742 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

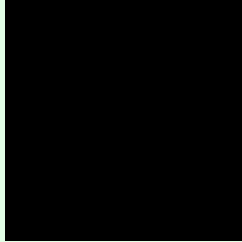
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

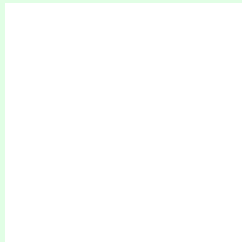
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 97, 16.467, 147.742

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 16.467, 147.742.

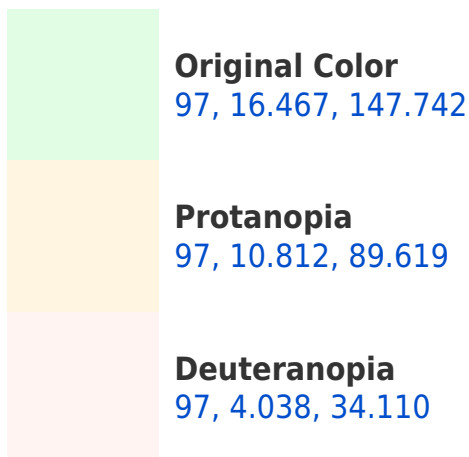


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 16.467, 147.742.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



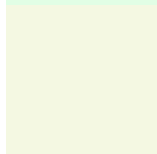


Tritanopia
97, 4.715, 259.792

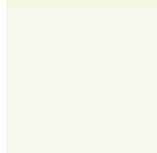
Trichromacy



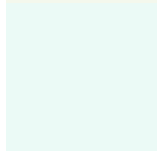
Original Color
97, 16.467, 147.742



Protanomaly
97, 11.305, 116.669



Deuteranomaly
97, 5.793, 123.957

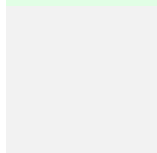


Tritanomaly
97, 5.631, 177.863

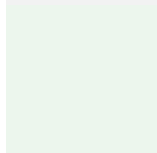
Monochromacy



Original Color
97, 16.467, 147.742



Achromatopsia
95, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
96, 5.833, 147.088

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 16.467, 147.742 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 254, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 254, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 254, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 254, 229) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 16.467, 147.742 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 254, 229) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 254, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 254, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 254, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 254, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 254,  
229) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 16.467, 147.742 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 254, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
254, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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