

Converting Colors

CIELCh(97, 16.389, 157.567)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(97, 16.389, 157.567)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(97, 16.389, 157.567)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DCFFEA
RGB	220, 255, 234
RGB Percent	86%, 100%, 92%
CMY	0.1383, 0.0011, 0.0834
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.08, 0.00
HSL	144°, 98%, 93%
HSV	144°, 14%, 100%
XYZ	79.9161, 92.4403, 91.2666
YIQ	242.1410, -14.1190, -13.9510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

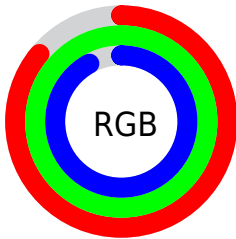
Format	Color
R_{YB}	220, 245, 255
Decimal	14483434
CIE Lab	97.00, -15.15, 6.25
CIE LCh	97, 16.389, 157.567
Yxy	92.4403, 0.3031, 0.3507
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292673514 (0xFFDCFFEA)
YUV	242.1410, -4.0135, -19.4177
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -19.8868, 11.0210

Details

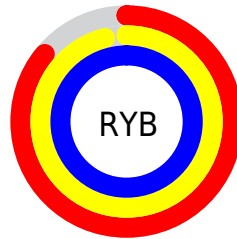
The CIELCh color **97, 16.389, 157.567** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **91, 16.571, 339.672**, and the grayscale version is **95, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 16.286, 157.051** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 28.311, 156.635**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 4.440, 158.451**.

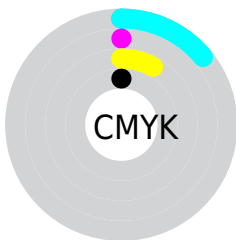
Distribution



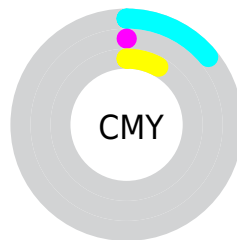
- Red (86%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 16.389, 157.567 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 16.389, 157.567 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 97, 16.389,
157.567


 97, 16.389,
157.567


 100, 16.389,
157.567


 87, 16.389,
157.567

 77, 16.389,
157.567

 67, 16.389,
157.567

 57, 16.389,
157.567

 47, 16.389,
157.567

 37, 16.389,
157.567

 27, 16.389,

157.567

■ 17, 16.389,
157.567

■ 7, 16.389, 157.567

■ 97, 16.389,
157.567

■ 97, 16.389,
157.567

■ 95, 28.311,
156.635

■ 99, 4.440, 158.451

■ 93, 40.032,
155.585

100, 0.180,
322.724

■ 92, 51.361,
154.387

■ 91, 62.081,
153.016

■ 90, 71.981,
151.450

■ 89, 80.878,
149.676

■ 89, 88.651,
147.698

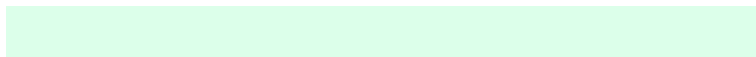
■ 88, 95.270,
145.551

■ 88, 98.914,
144.189

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



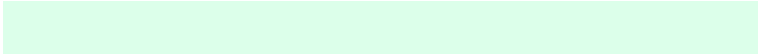
97, 16.389, 157.567



91, 16.571, 339.672

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



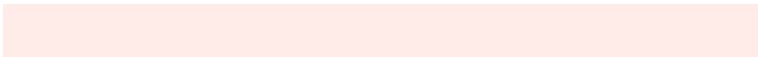
97, 16.389, 157.567



97, 16.389, 207.567



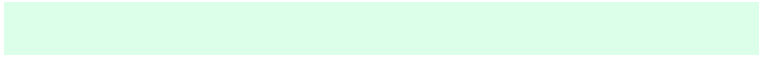
97, 16.389, 337.567



97, 16.389, 27.567

Sweetspot

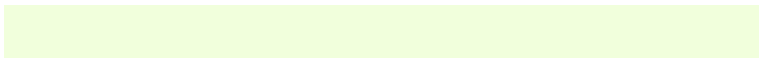
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 16.391, 157.565



99, 4.755, 158.424



98, 18.430, 124.196



53, 3.382, 158.351



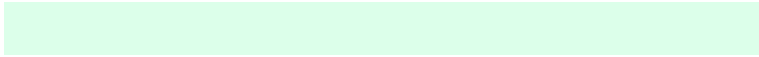
0, 0.000, 0.000



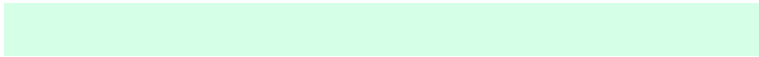
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 16.391, 157.565



97, 19.111, 157.363



97, 12.116, 188.742



52, 6.781, 157.933



68, 79.018, 144.597



23, 33.982, 147.727

Inverse Universe

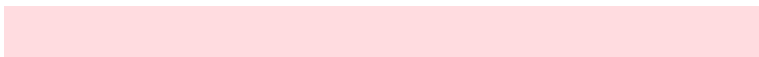
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 16.571, 339.672



90, 19.349, 339.864



91, 12.984, 10.995



50, 6.837, 339.319



42, 70.360, 352.978



11, 33.150, 348.955

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 16.389, 157.567 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

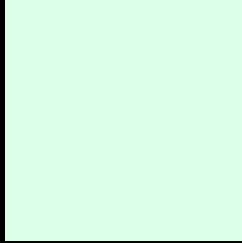
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 16.389, 157.567 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

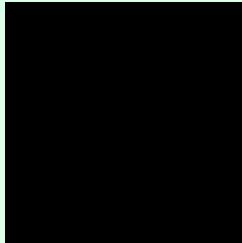
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

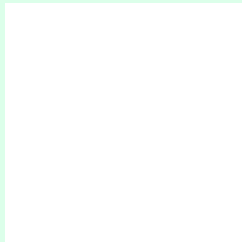
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 97, 16.389, 157.567

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 16.389, 157.567.

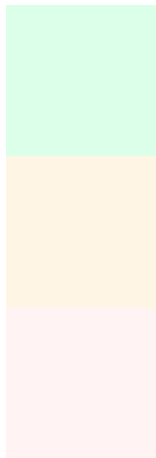


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 16.389, 157.567.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
97, 16.389, 157.567

Protanopia
97, 9.244, 88.764

Deuteranopia
97, 4.267, 19.539

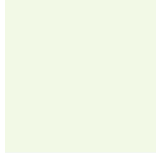


Tritanopia
97, 4.893, 256.310

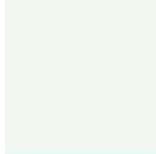
Trichromacy



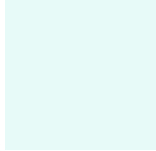
Original Color
97, 16.389, 157.567



Protanomaly
97, 10.017, 123.963



Deuteranomaly
97, 3.998, 136.120

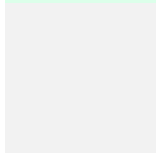


Tritanomaly
97, 6.442, 185.298

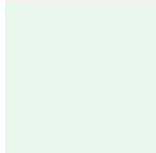
Monochromacy



Original Color
97, 16.389, 157.567



Achromatopsia
95, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
96, 6.173, 157.599

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 16.389, 157.567 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 255, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 255, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 255, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 255, 234) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 16.389, 157.567 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 255, 234) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 255, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(220, 255, 234)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(220, 255, 234); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 255, 234);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 255,  
234) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 16.389, 157.567 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 255, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220,  
255, 234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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