

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(97, 16.441, 96.952)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(97, 16.441, 96.952) contains.

<b>CIELCh(97, 16.117, 96.999)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# **Color**

**CIELCh(97, 16.117, 96.999)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF6D7
RGB	255, 246, 215
RGB Percent	100%, 96%, 84%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0336, 0.1552
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.16, 0.00
HSL	47°, 100%, 92%
HSV	47°, 16%, 100%
XYZ	86.8032, 92.4403, 77.8388
YIQ	245.1570, 15.3150, -7.7330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

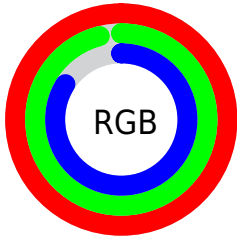
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	227, 255, 215
Decimal	16774871
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	97.00, -1.96, 16.00
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	97, 16.117, 96.999
Yxy	92.4403, 0.3376, 0.3596
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294964951 (0xFFFFF6D7)
YUV	245.1570, -14.8674, 8.6323
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -7.1004, 19.3015

# Details

The CIELCh color **97, 16.117, 96.999** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **89, 16.334, 281.402**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 16.318, 97.540** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 26.552, 96.355**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 5.689, 98.727**.

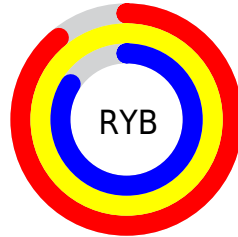
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (96%)

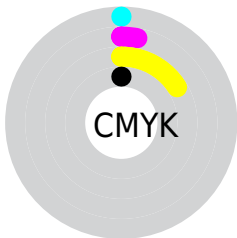
Blue (84%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (84%)

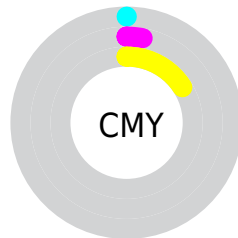


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 16.117, 96.999 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 16.117, 96.999 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 97, 16.117, 96.999

 97, 16.117, 96.999

 100, 16.117,  
96.999

 87, 16.117, 96.999

 77, 16.117, 96.999

 67, 16.117, 96.999

 57, 16.117, 96.999

 47, 16.117, 96.999

 37, 16.117, 96.999

 27, 16.117, 96.999

 17, 16.117, 96.999

 7, 16.117, 96.999

97, 16.117, 96.999

97, 16.117, 96.999

95, 26.552, 96.355

99, 5.689, 98.727

93, 37.022, 95.110

100, 0.012,  
296.813

92, 47.378, 93.840

90, 57.411, 92.549

88, 66.759, 91.235

87, 74.840, 89.879

85, 80.853, 88.436

84, 84.023, 86.824

83, 84.708, 86.049

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97, 16.117, 96.999



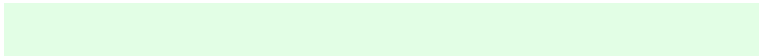
89, 16.334, 281.402

# Rectangle

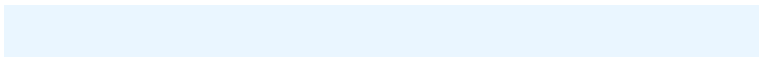
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97, 16.117, 96.999



97, 16.117, 146.999



97, 16.117, 276.999



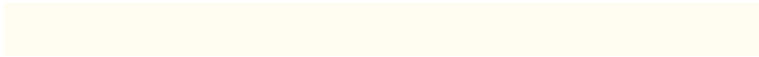
97, 16.117, 326.999

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 16.087, 97.568



99, 5.149, 98.783



90, 15.140, 3.504



53, 3.515, 98.707



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 16.087, 97.568



96, 19.721, 97.150



98, 20.477, 120.251



52, 5.874, 98.275



64, 68.331, 86.383



21, 30.119, 88.585





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 16.334, 281.402



87, 20.090, 281.916



88, 21.115, 302.173



50, 5.935, 280.579



28, 92.750, 301.946

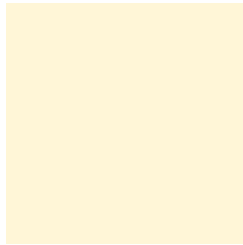


6, 37.027, 297.098



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 16.117, 96.999 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

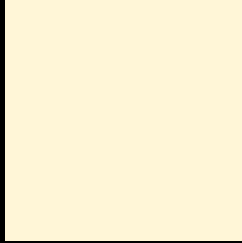
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 16.117, 96.999 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

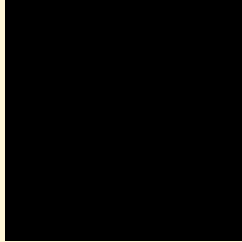
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 97, 16.117, 96.999

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 16.117, 96.999.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 16.117, 96.999.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

97, 16.117, 96.999

### Protanopia

97, 12.154, 93.514

### Deuteranopia

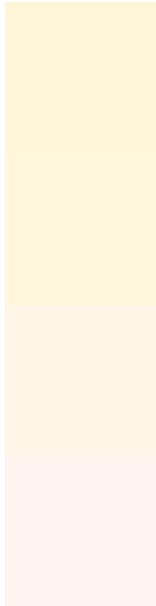
97, 4.410, 47.004



**Tritanopia**  
97, 7.061, 326.996



# Trichromacy



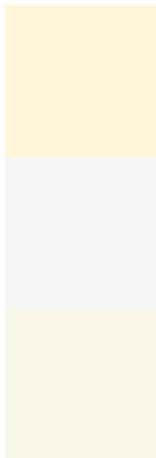
**Original Color**  
97, 16.117, 96.999

**Protanomaly**  
97, 13.634, 95.080

**Deuteranomaly**  
97, 7.982, 82.625

**Tritanomaly**  
97, 4.410, 47.004

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
97, 16.117, 96.999

**Achromatopsia**  
97, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
97, 6.197, 99.690

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 16.117, 96.999 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 246, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 246, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 246, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 246, 215) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 16.117, 96.999 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 246, 215) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 246, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 246, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 246, 215); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 246, 215);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 246,  
215) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 16.117, 96.999 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 246, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
246, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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