

Converting Colors

CIELCh(97, 19.534, 129.128)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(97, 19.534, 129.128)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(97, 19.598, 129.407)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EAFDD9
RGB	234, 253, 217
RGB Percent	92%, 99%, 85%
CMY	0.0838, 0.0093, 0.1504
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.14, 0.01
HSL	92°, 88%, 92%
HSV	92°, 14%, 99%
XYZ	81.2994, 92.4403, 78.9598
YIQ	243.2150, 0.2320, -15.2240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

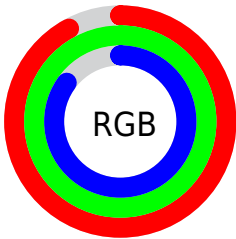
Format	Color
R _Y B	217, 253, 236
Decimal	15400409
CIE Lab	97.00, -12.44, 15.14
CIE LCh	97, 19.598, 129.407
Yxy	92.4403, 0.3217, 0.3658
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293590489 (0xFFEAFDD9)
YUV	243.2150, -12.9240, -8.0816
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -17.3185, 18.6102

Details

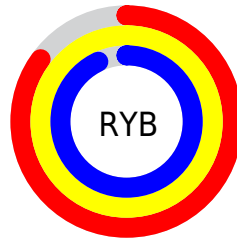
The CIELCh color **97, 19.598, 129.407** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **89, 19.967, 310.670**, and the grayscale version is **96, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 19.433, 129.328** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96, 33.353, 128.927**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 5.823, 129.880**.

Distribution



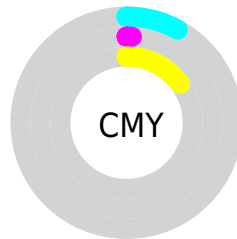
- Red (92%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 19.598, 129.407 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 19.598, 129.407 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

97, 19.598,
129.407

97, 19.598,
129.407

100, 19.598,
129.407

87, 19.598,
129.407

77, 19.598,
129.407

67, 19.598,
129.407

57, 19.598,
129.407

47, 19.598,
129.407

37, 19.598,
129.407

27, 19.598,

129.407

■ 17, 19.598,
129.407

■ 7, 19.598, 129.407

■ 97, 19.598,
129.407

■ 97, 19.598,
129.407

■ 96, 33.353,
128.927

■ 99, 5.823, 129.880
99, 1.475, 324.284

■ 94, 46.949,
128.436

■ 93, 60.195,
127.964

■ 92, 72.813,
127.560

■ 91, 84.407,
127.302

■ 90, 94.443,
127.301

■ 90, 102.314,
127.690

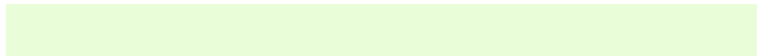
■ 89, 107.586,
128.572

■ 89, 109.639,
129.247

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97, 19.598, 129.407



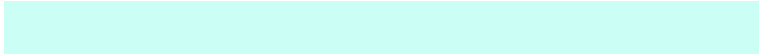
89, 19.967, 310.670

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97, 19.598, 129.407



97, 19.598, 179.407



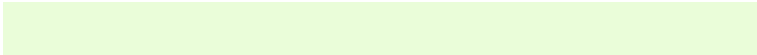
97, 19.598, 309.407



97, 19.598, 359.407

Sweetspot

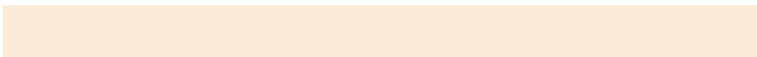
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 19.600, 129.410



99, 5.525, 129.893



94, 11.504, 75.382



53, 3.929, 129.855



0, 0.000, 0.000



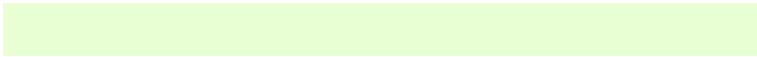
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

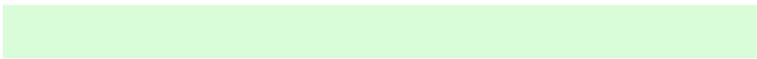
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 19.600, 129.410



97, 23.571, 129.278



96, 22.299, 144.014



52, 7.873, 129.632



69, 88.685, 128.975



23, 39.425, 127.454

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 19.967, 310.670



88, 24.094, 310.805



90, 22.324, 325.667



49, 7.977, 310.444



31, 99.929, 312.523



6, 44.864, 313.648

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 19.598, 129.407 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

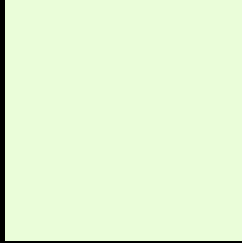
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 19.598, 129.407 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

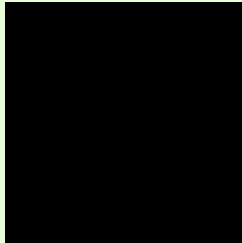
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

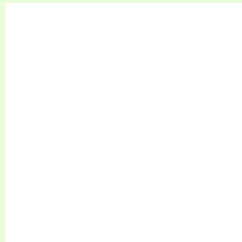
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 97, 19.598, 129.407

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 19.598, 129.407.

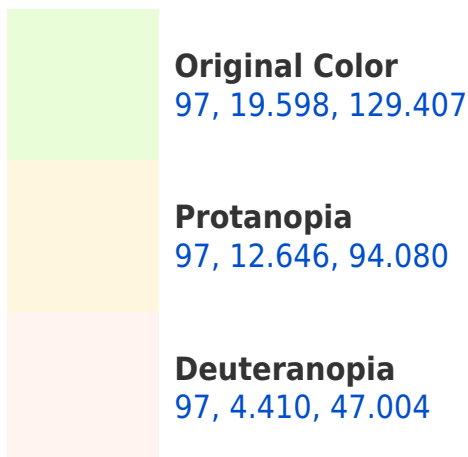


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 19.598, 129.407.

Color Blindness Simulation

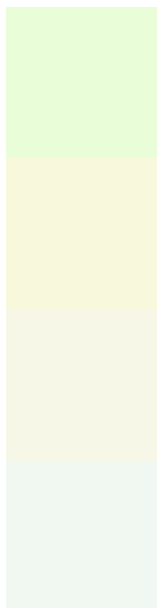
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Tritanopia
97, 4.650, 282.004

Trichromacy



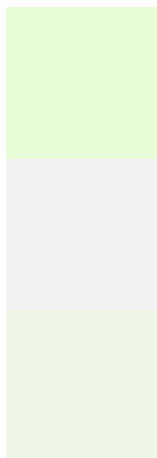
Original Color
97, 19.598, 129.407

Protanomaly
97, 14.251, 110.550

Deuteranomaly
97, 7.639, 109.582

Tritanomaly
97, 4.573, 147.925

Monochromacy



Original Color
97, 19.598, 129.407

Achromatopsia
96, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
96, 7.589, 128.838

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 19.598, 129.407 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(234, 253, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 253, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 253, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 253, 217) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 19.598, 129.407 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 253, 217) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 253, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 253, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 253, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 253, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 253,  
217) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 19.598, 129.407 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 253, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
253, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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