

Converting Colors

CIELCh(97, 22.346, 143.588)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(97, 22.346, 143.588)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(97, 21.887, 143.608)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DDFFDD
RGB	221, 255, 221
RGB Percent	87%, 100%, 87%
CMY	0.1348, 0.0000, 0.1348
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.13, 0.00
HSL	120°, 100%, 93%
HSV	120°, 13%, 100%
XYZ	78.6679, 92.4403, 81.8374
YIQ	240.9580, -9.3500, -17.7820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

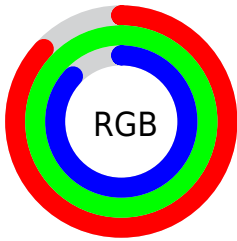
Format	Color
R_{YB}	221, 255, 255
Decimal	14548957
CIE _{Lab}	97.00, -17.62, 12.99
CIE _{LCh}	97, 21.887, 143.608
Y _{xy}	92.4403, 0.3110, 0.3655
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292739037 (0xFFDDFFDD)
YUV	240.9580, -9.8393, -17.5032
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -22.2041, 16.8357

Details

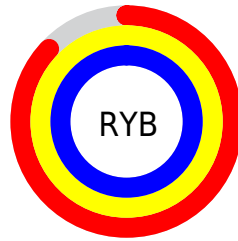
The CIELCh color **97, 21.887, 143.608** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **92, 21.519, 325.171**, and the grayscale version is **95, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 21.007, 143.452** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 37.538, 142.871**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 5.507, 144.299**.

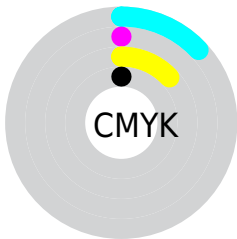
Distribution



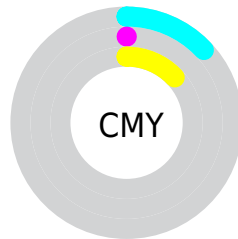
- Red (87%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 21.887, 143.608 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 21.887, 143.608 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 97, 21.887,
143.608

 97, 21.887,
143.608

 100, 21.887,
143.608

 87, 21.887,
143.608

 77, 21.887,
143.608

 67, 21.887,
143.608

 57, 21.887,
143.608

 47, 21.887,
143.608

 37, 21.887,
143.608

 27, 21.887,

143.608

■ 17, 21.887,
143.608

■ 7, 21.887, 143.608

■ 97, 21.887,
143.608

■ 97, 21.887,
143.608

■ 95, 37.538,
142.871

■ 99, 5.507, 144.299

■ 93, 53.372,
141.998

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 91, 68.651,
141.001

■ 90, 82.927,
139.900

■ 89, 95.656,
138.749

■ 89, 106.199,
137.652

■ 88, 113.908,
136.756

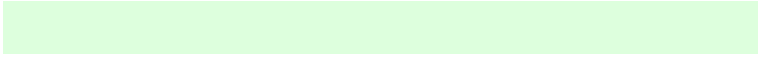
■ 88, 118.355,
136.200

■ 88, 119.778,
136.016

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



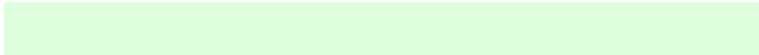
97, 21.887, 143.608



92, 21.519, 325.171

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97, 21.887, 143.608



97, 21.887, 193.608



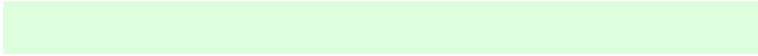
97, 21.887, 323.608



97, 21.887, 13.608

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 21.495, 143.624



99, 6.331, 144.262



99, 17.104, 108.177



53, 4.503, 144.209



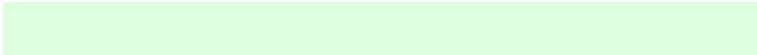
0, 0.000, 0.000



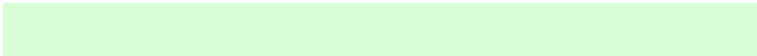
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

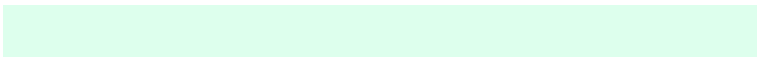
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 21.495, 143.624



96, 25.539, 143.444



97, 15.128, 161.648



52, 9.043, 143.895



68, 96.474, 136.016



22, 43.825, 136.776

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92, 21.519, 325.171



90, 25.562, 325.313



91, 15.374, 343.876



50, 9.057, 324.945



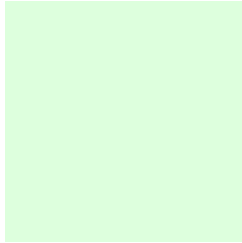
45, 93.083, 328.230



12, 42.823, 328.230

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 21.887, 143.608 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

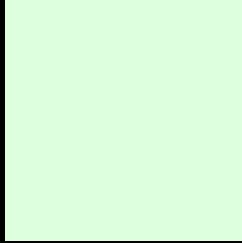
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 21.887, 143.608 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

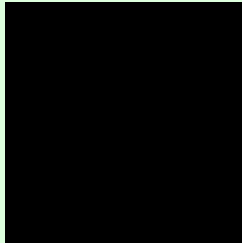
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

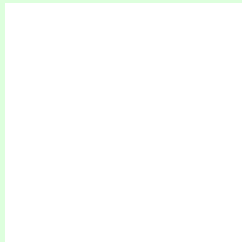
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 97, 21.887, 143.608

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 21.887, 143.608.

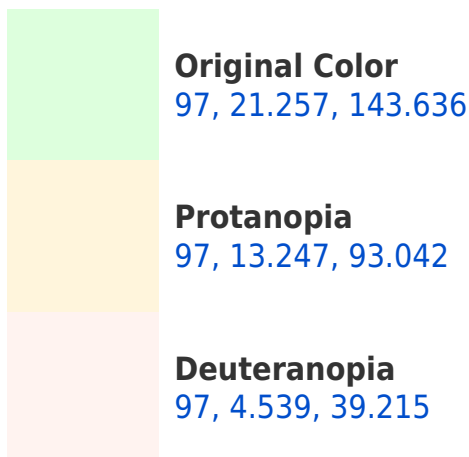


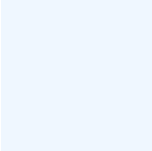
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 21.887, 143.608.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



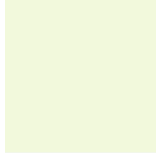


Tritanopia
97, 4.893, 256.310

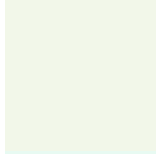
Trichromacy



Original Color
97, 21.257, 143.636



Protanomaly
97, 14.990, 118.843



Deuteranomaly
97, 7.374, 123.647

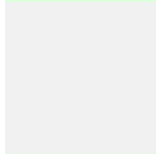


Tritanomaly
97, 7.547, 166.197

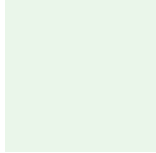
Monochromacy



Original Color
97, 21.257, 143.636



Achromatopsia
95, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
96, 7.507, 144.203

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 21.887, 143.608 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(221, 255, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(221, 255, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 255, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(221, 255, 221) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 21.887, 143.608 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(221, 255, 221) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(221, 255, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 255, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(221, 255, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 255, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 255,  
221) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 21.887, 143.608 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(221, 255, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(221,  
255, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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