

Converting Colors

CIELCh(97, 22.490, 101.739)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(97, 22.490, 101.739)
contains.

CIELCh(97, 22.482, 101.720)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIElCh(97, 22.482, 101.720)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF8CC
RGB	255, 248, 204
RGB Percent	100%, 97%, 80%
CMY	0.0015, 0.0289, 0.2014
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.20, 0.00
HSL	52°, 99%, 90%
HSV	52°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	85.4135, 92.4403, 70.2440
YIQ	245.0770, 18.2960, -12.2000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

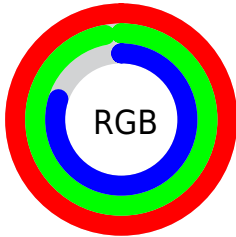
Format	Color
R_{YB}	212, 255, 204
Decimal	16775372
CIE _{Lab}	97.00, -4.57, 22.01
CIE _{LCh}	97, 22.482, 101.720
Yxy	92.4403, 0.3443, 0.3726
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294965452 (0xFFFFF8CC)
YUV	245.0770, -20.2510, 8.7025
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -9.6806, 23.9850

Details

The CIELCh color **97, 22.482, 101.720** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **85, 23.206, 286.455**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 22.461, 101.946** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96, 33.687, 100.593**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 11.238, 102.834**.

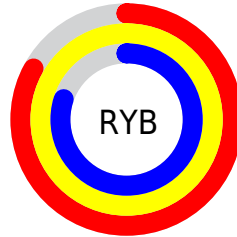
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (97%)

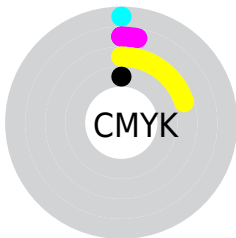
Blue (80%)



Red (83%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (80%)

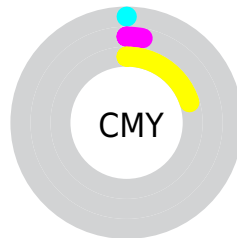


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (3%)


Yellow (20%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 22.482, 101.720 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 22.482, 101.720 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 97, 22.482,
101.720


 97, 22.482,
101.720

 100, 22.482,
101.720


 87, 22.482,
101.720

 77, 22.482,
101.720

 67, 22.482,
101.720

 57, 22.482,
101.720

 47, 22.482,
101.720

 37, 22.482,
101.720

 27, 22.482,

101.720

■ 17, 22.482,
101.720

■ 7, 22.482, 101.720

■ 97, 22.482,
101.720

■ 97, 22.482,
101.720

■ 96, 33.687,
100.593

■ 98, 11.238,
102.834

■ 94, 44.739, 99.449

100, 0.014, 92.925

■ 93, 55.454, 98.307

100, 0.129,
204.544

■ 92, 65.524, 97.181

■ 91, 74.467, 96.082

■ 90, 81.602, 95.014

■ 89, 86.183, 93.965

■ 88, 88.048, 92.905

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



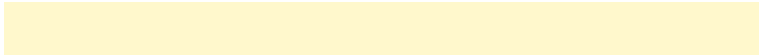
97, 22.482, 101.720



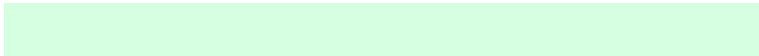
85, 23.206, 286.455

Rectangle

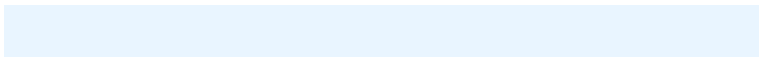
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97, 22.482, 101.720



97, 22.482, 151.720



97, 22.482, 281.720



97, 22.482, 331.720

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 22.484, 101.726



99, 6.726, 103.266



86, 19.393, 9.108



53, 4.463, 103.197



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 22.484, 101.726



97, 26.982, 101.277



97, 26.657, 122.586



53, 6.382, 102.890



68, 71.094, 93.095



23, 31.921, 94.550

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85, 23.206, 286.455



82, 28.044, 287.057



85, 27.649, 304.846



49, 6.483, 285.042



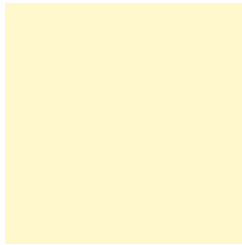
25, 100.202, 304.241



5, 39.765, 299.177

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 22.482, 101.720 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

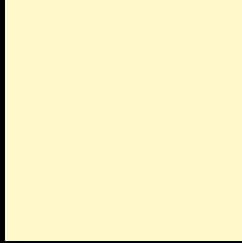
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 22.482, 101.720 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

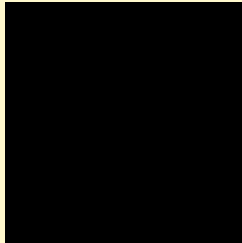
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 97, 22.482, 101.720

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 22.482, 101.720.

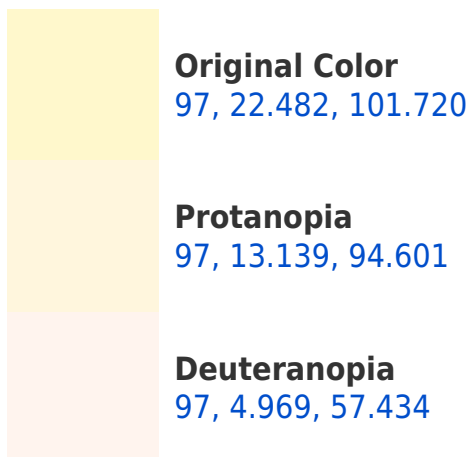



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 22.482, 101.720.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

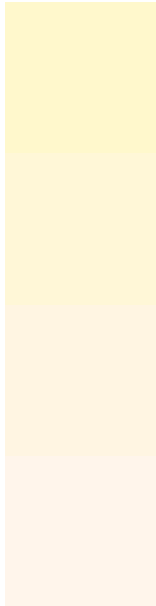
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
97, 6.660, 329.623

Trichromacy



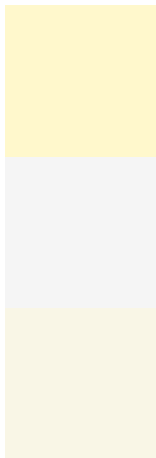
Original Color
97, 22.482, 101.720

Protanomaly
97, 16.533, 98.580

Deuteranomaly
97, 10.331, 88.730

Tritanomaly
97, 6.218, 74.387

Monochromacy



Original Color
97, 22.482, 101.720

Achromatopsia
97, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
97, 8.215, 101.962

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 22.482, 101.720 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 248, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 248, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 248, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 248, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 22.482, 101.720 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 248, 204) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 248, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 248, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 248, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 248, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 248,  
204) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 22.482, 101.720 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 248, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
248, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor