

Converting Colors

CIELCh(97, 22.733, 282.942)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(97, 22.733, 282.942)
contains.

CIELCh(96, 6.300, 253.916)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(96, 6.300, 253.916)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EAFF5E
RGB	234, 245, 255
RGB Percent	92%, 96%, 100%
CMY	0.0824, 0.0392, 0.0000
CMYK	0.08, 0.04, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	209°, 100%, 96%
HSV	209°, 8%, 100%
XYZ	84.6252, 90.0078, 107.5117
YIQ	242.8510, -9.7660, 0.7780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

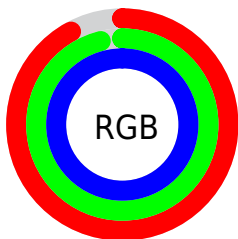
Format	Color
R _{YB}	234, 241, 255
Decimal	15398399
CIE _{Lab}	96.00, -1.75, -6.05
CIE _{LCh}	96, 6.300, 253.916
Y _{xy}	90.0078, 0.2999, 0.3190
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293588479 (0xFFEAF5FF)
Y _{UV}	242.8510, 5.9895, -7.7623
Hunter-Lab	94.8724, -6.8068, -0.7781

Details

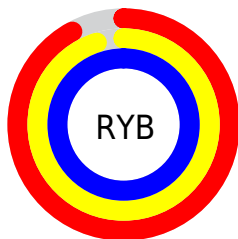
The CIELCh color **96, 6.300, 253.916** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **97, 6.438, 71.722**, and the grayscale version is **96, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **76, 6.172, 251.122** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 13.841, 255.349**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.007, 301.092**.

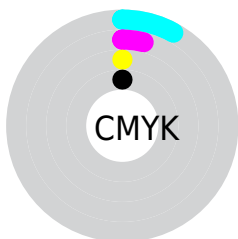
Distribution



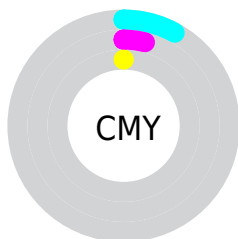
- Red (92%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 6.300, 253.916 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 6.300, 253.916 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

96, 6.300, 253.916

96, 6.300, 253.916

100, 6.300,
253.916

86, 6.300, 253.916

76, 6.300, 253.916

66, 6.300, 253.916

56, 6.300, 253.916

46, 6.300, 253.916

36, 6.300, 253.916

26, 6.300, 253.916

16, 6.300, 253.916

6, 6.300, 253.916

96, 6.300, 253.916

96, 6.300, 253.916

91, 13.841,
255.349

100, 0.007,
301.092

86, 21.242,
257.123

82, 28.468,
259.258

77, 35.493,
261.817

73, 42.314,
264.862

68, 48.966,
268.435

64, 55.528,
272.528

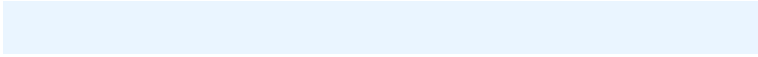
60, 62.126,
277.054

■ 57, 68.903,
281.799

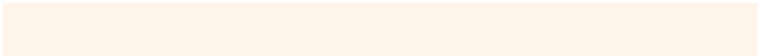
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



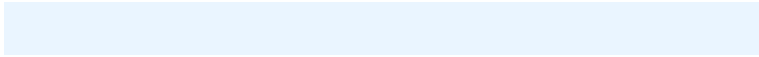
96, 6.300, 253.916



97, 6.438, 71.722

Rectangle

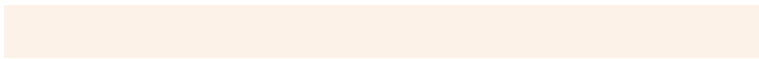
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 6.300, 253.916



96, 6.300, 303.916



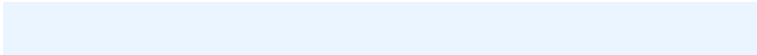
96, 6.300, 73.916



96, 6.300, 123.916

Sweetspot

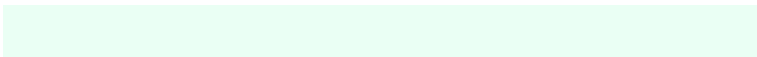
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 6.299, 253.896



99, 1.541, 253.317



98, 9.348, 161.276



53, 0.877, 253.320



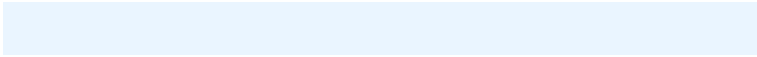
0, 0.000, 0.000



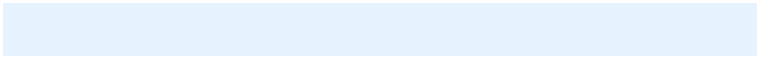
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 6.299, 253.896



95, 7.638, 254.128



93, 10.475, 289.696



51, 4.344, 254.062



43, 55.550, 281.733



12, 22.728, 274.994

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95, 9.382, 343.007



93, 11.416, 343.168



99, 10.282, 107.992



50, 6.487, 343.123



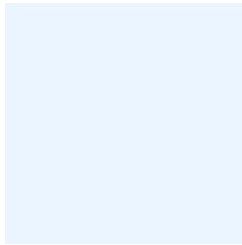
41, 68.564, 359.846



11, 32.115, 354.623

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 96, 6.300, 253.916 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

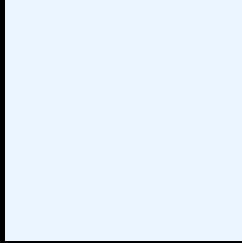
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 6.300, 253.916 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

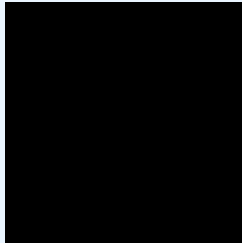
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

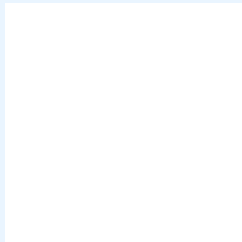
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 96, 6.300, 253.916

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 6.300, 253.916.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 6.300, 253.916.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

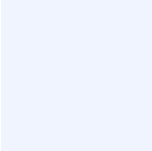
96, 6.300, 253.916

Protanopia

96, 5.757, 301.029

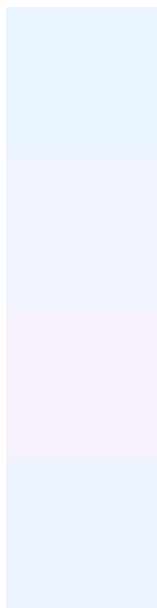
Deuteranopia

96, 8.758, 330.441



Tritanopia
96, 5.869, 273.599

Trichromacy



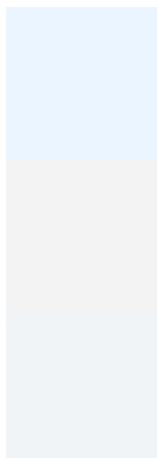
Original Color
96, 6.300, 253.916

Protanomaly
96, 5.676, 283.644

Deuteranomaly
96, 6.533, 309.256

Tritanomaly
96, 6.091, 267.411

Monochromacy



Original Color
96, 6.300, 253.916

Achromatopsia
96, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
96, 2.066, 247.868

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 6.300, 253.916 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(234, 245, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 245, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 245, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 245, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 6.300, 253.916 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 245, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 245, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 245, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 245, 255); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 245, 255); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 245, 255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 6.300, 253.916 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 245, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
245, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor