

Converting Colors

CIELCh(97, 22.814, 133.810)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(97, 22.814, 133.810)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(97, 22.479, 133.444)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E4FED6
RGB	228, 254, 214
RGB Percent	89%, 100%, 84%
CMY	0.1049, 0.0029, 0.1598
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.16, 0.00
HSL	99°, 96%, 92%
HSV	99°, 16%, 100%
XYZ	79.7593, 92.4403, 77.4166
YIQ	241.6660, -2.6560, -17.9520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

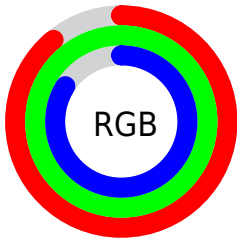
Format	Color
R_{YB}	214, 254, 240
Decimal	15007446
CIE _{Lab}	97.00, -15.46, 16.32
CIE _{LCh}	97, 22.479, 133.444
Yxy	92.4403, 0.3195, 0.3703
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293197526 (0xFFE4FED6)
YUV	241.6660, -13.6393, -11.9851
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -20.1779, 19.5618

Details

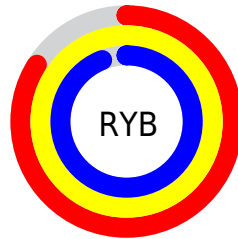
The CIELCh color **97, 22.479, 133.444** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **89, 22.810, 314.793**, and the grayscale version is **96, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 22.464, 133.539** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 36.790, 132.947**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 8.163, 133.916**.

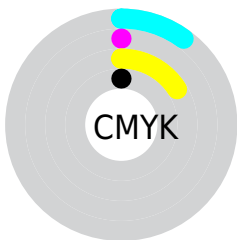
Distribution



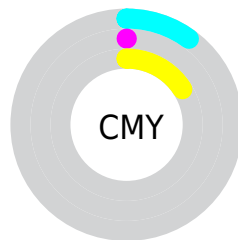
- Red (89%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 22.479, 133.444 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 22.479, 133.444 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 97, 22.479,
133.444

 97, 22.479,
133.444

 100, 22.479,
133.444

 87, 22.479,
133.444

 77, 22.479,
133.444

 67, 22.479,
133.444

 57, 22.479,
133.444

 47, 22.479,
133.444

 37, 22.479,
133.444

 27, 22.479,

133.444

■ 17, 22.479,
133.444

■ 7, 22.479, 133.444

■ 97, 22.479,
133.444

■ 97, 22.479,
133.444

■ 95, 36.790,
132.947

■ 99, 8.163, 133.916

■ 94, 50.931,
132.423

100, 0.474,
323.805

■ 93, 64.677,
131.899

■ 92, 77.713,
131.426

■ 91, 89.596,
131.084

■ 90, 99.751,
130.987

■ 89, 107.555,
131.272

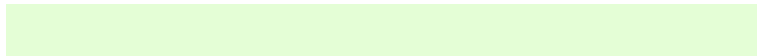
■ 89, 112.602,
132.025

■ 89, 114.117,
132.422

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



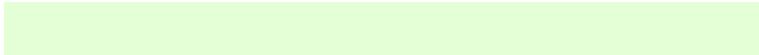
97, 22.479, 133.444



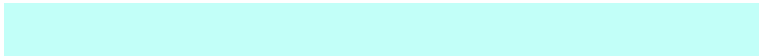
89, 22.810, 314.793

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97, 22.479, 133.444



97, 22.479, 183.444



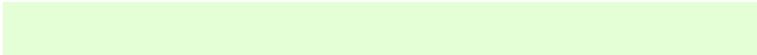
97, 22.479, 313.444



97, 22.479, 3.444

Sweetspot

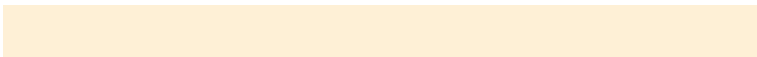
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 22.481, 133.446



99, 7.127, 133.951



95, 14.269, 87.742



53, 4.865, 133.917



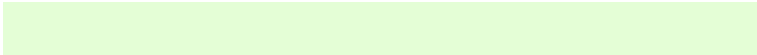
0, 0.000, 0.000



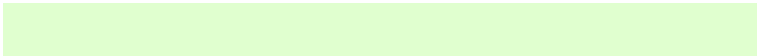
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

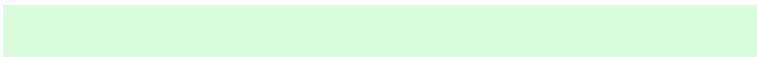
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 22.481, 133.446



97, 27.223, 133.286



96, 22.568, 147.805



52, 8.125, 133.740



68, 91.860, 132.183



23, 40.800, 130.922

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 22.810, 314.793



87, 27.699, 314.940



90, 22.625, 329.784



49, 8.203, 314.515



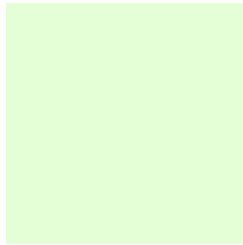
34, 97.398, 315.810



8, 44.422, 317.082

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 22.479, 133.444 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

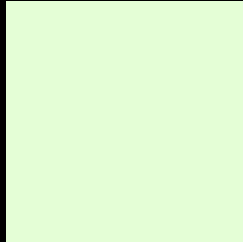
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 22.479, 133.444 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

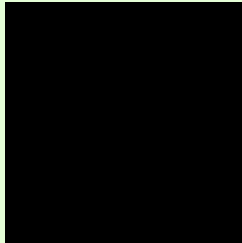
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

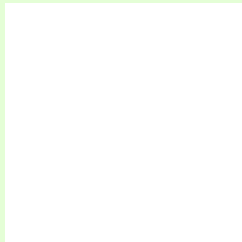
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 97, 22.479, 133.444

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 22.479, 133.444.

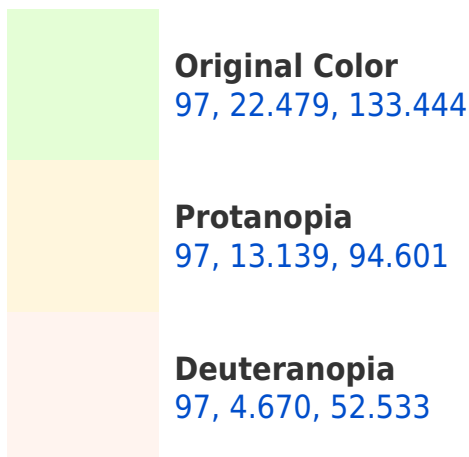


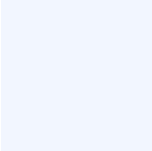
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 22.479, 133.444.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



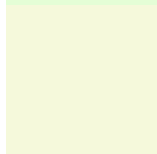


Tritanopia
97, 4.790, 273.817

Trichromacy



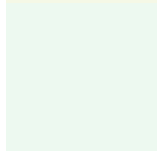
Original Color
97, 22.479, 133.444



Protanomaly
97, 15.332, 114.481



Deuteranomaly
97, 9.237, 116.182

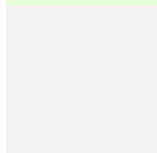


Tritanomaly
97, 6.277, 152.082

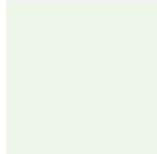
Monochromacy



Original Color
97, 22.479, 133.444



Achromatopsia
95, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
96, 7.868, 133.684

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 22.479, 133.444 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 254, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 254, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 254, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 254, 214) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 22.479, 133.444 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 254, 214) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 254, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 254, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 254, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 254, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 254,  
214) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 22.479, 133.444 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 254, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
254, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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