

Converting Colors

CIE LCh(97, 3.163, 228.172)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(97, 3.163, 228.172) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(97, 3.148, 228.643)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F0F8FB
RGB	240, 248, 251
RGB Percent	94%, 97%, 98%
CMY	0.0597, 0.0283, 0.0165
CMYK	0.04, 0.01, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	196°, 57%, 96%
HSV	196°, 4%, 98%
XYZ	86.7409, 92.4403, 104.3586
YIQ	245.9500, -5.7310, -0.7630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

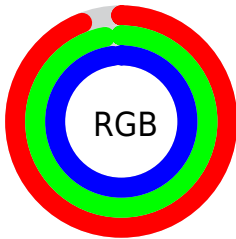
Format	Color
R_{YB}	240, 245, 251
Decimal	15792379
CIE _{Lab}	97.00, -2.08, -2.36
CIE _{LCh}	97, 3.148, 228.643
Yxy	92.4403, 0.3059, 0.3260
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293982459 (0xFFFF0F8FB)
YUV	245.9500, 2.4897, -5.2181
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -7.2162, 2.9476

Details

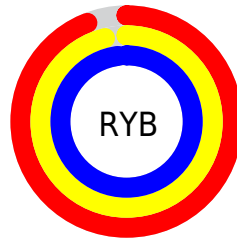
The CIELCh color `97, 3.148, 228.643` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFFFFF`. A complement of this color would be `96, 3.220, 47.718`, and the grayscale version is `97, 0.011, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `77, 3.292, 228.678` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `94, 10.089, 229.186`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `100, 1.937, 106.037`.

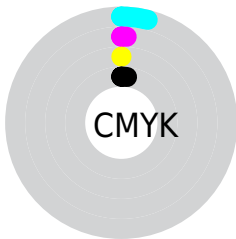
Distribution



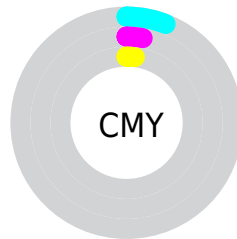
- Red (94%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (2%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 3.148, 228.643 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 3.148, 228.643 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 97, 3.148, 228.643

 97, 3.148, 228.643

 100, 3.148,
228.643

 87, 3.148, 228.643

 77, 3.148, 228.643

 67, 3.148, 228.643

 57, 3.148, 228.643

 47, 3.148, 228.643

 37, 3.148, 228.643

 27, 3.148, 228.643

 17, 3.148, 228.643

 7, 3.148, 228.643

97, 3.148, 228.643

97, 3.148, 228.643

94, 10.089,
229.186

100, 1.937,
106.037

90, 16.645,
230.105

100, 2.127,
109.983

87, 22.724,
231.316

84, 28.229,
232.884

81, 33.076,
234.893

78, 37.205,
237.436

76, 40.609,
240.608

73, 43.351,
244.477

■ 71, 45.592,
249.046

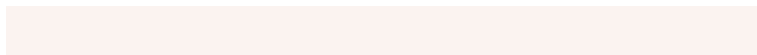
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97, 3.148, 228.643



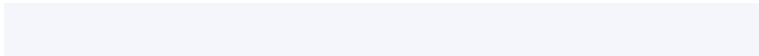
96, 3.220, 47.718

Rectangle

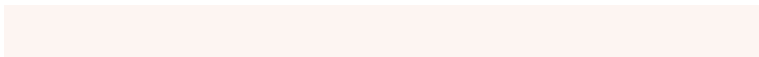
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97, 3.148, 228.643



97, 3.148, 278.643



97, 3.148, 48.643



97, 3.148, 98.643

Sweetspot

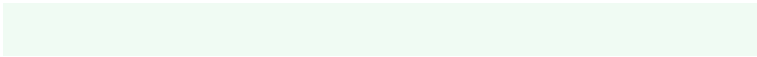
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 3.148, 228.598



100, 0.736, 229.045



98, 5.674, 152.749



53, 0.418, 229.086



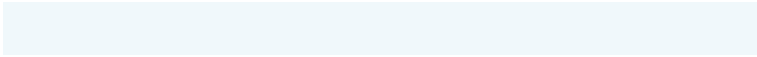
0, 0.000, 0.000



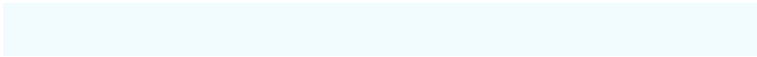
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 3.148, 228.598



98, 3.633, 228.614



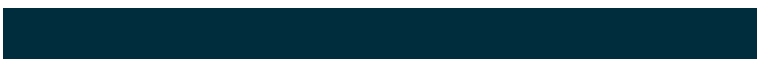
96, 4.408, 278.895



51, 2.434, 228.638



54, 37.519, 250.867



16, 16.308, 243.823

Inverse Universe

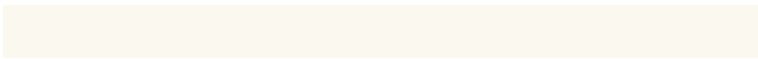
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96, 5.677, 333.415



97, 6.562, 333.465



98, 4.373, 97.770



50, 4.406, 333.518



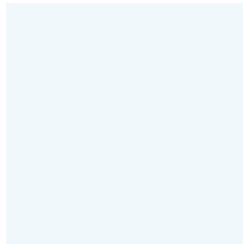
42, 74.936, 342.924



10, 34.721, 340.588

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 3.148, 228.643 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

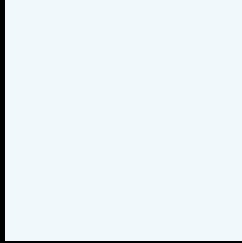
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 3.148, 228.643 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

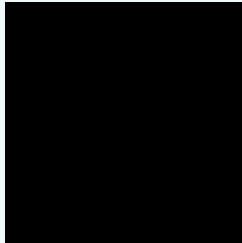
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

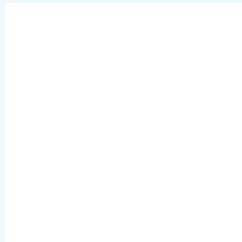
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 97, 3.148, 228.643

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 3.148, 228.643.

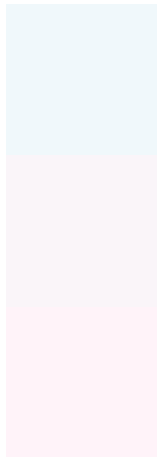


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 3.148, 228.643.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

97, 3.148, 228.643

Protanopia

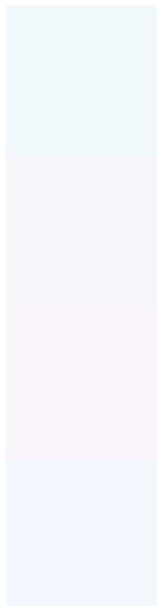
97, 2.719, 330.519

Deuteranopia

97, 5.253, 343.947

Tritanopia
97, 4.650, 282.004

Trichromacy



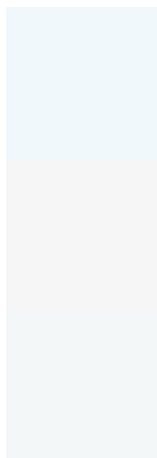
Original Color
97, 3.148, 228.643

Protanomaly
97, 2.055, 290.370

Deuteranomaly
97, 2.940, 318.817

Tritanomaly
97, 3.503, 260.849

Monochromacy



Original Color
97, 3.148, 228.643

Achromatopsia
97, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
97, 1.163, 226.022

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 3.148, 228.643 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 248, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 248, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 248, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 248, 251) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 3.148, 228.643 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 248, 251) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 248, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(240, 248, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 248, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 248, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 248,  
251) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 3.148, 228.643 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 248, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
248, 251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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