

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(97, 3.492, 279.353)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(97, 3.492, 279.353) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(97, 3.643, 279.508)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F4F6FD
RGB	244, 246, 253
RGB Percent	96%, 96%, 99%
CMY	0.0422, 0.0343, 0.0069
CMYK	0.04, 0.03, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	227°, 72%, 98%
HSV	227°, 4%, 99%
XYZ	88.1878, 92.4403, 106.3237
YIQ	246.2000, -3.4390, 1.7530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

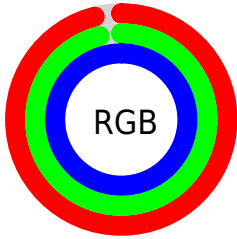
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	244, 246, 253
Decimal	16054013
CIE Lab	97.00, 0.60, -3.59
CIE LCh	97, 3.643, 279.508
Yxy	92.4403, 0.3073, 0.3221
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294244093 (0xFFFF4F6FD)
YUV	246.2000, 3.3524, -1.9294
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -4.5299, 1.7358

# Details

The CIELCh color **97, 3.643, 279.508** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **99, 3.609, 98.543**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 3.297, 277.769** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 14.045, 280.743**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.881, 110.024**.

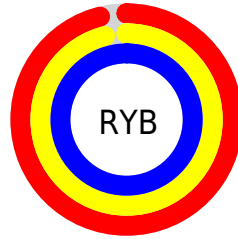
# Distribution



Red (96%)

Green (96%)

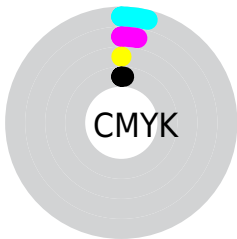
Blue (99%)



Red (96%)

Yellow (96%)

Blue (99%)

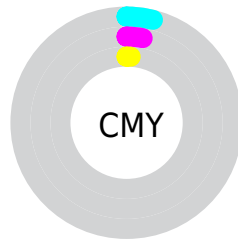


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (4%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 3.643, 279.508 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 3.643, 279.508 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 97, 3.643, 279.508

 97, 3.643, 279.508

 100, 3.643,  
279.508

 87, 3.643, 279.508

 77, 3.643, 279.508

 67, 3.643, 279.508

 57, 3.643, 279.508

 47, 3.643, 279.508

 37, 3.643, 279.508

 27, 3.643, 279.508

 17, 3.643, 279.508

 7, 3.643, 279.508

97, 3.643, 279.508

97, 3.643, 279.508

90, 14.045,  
280.743

100, 0.881,  
110.024

83, 24.745,  
282.261

77, 35.767,  
284.044

70, 47.143,  
286.127

63, 58.910,  
288.540

57, 71.086,  
291.280

51, 83.616,  
294.292

45, 96.249,  
297.432

■ 40,108.373,  
300.463

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



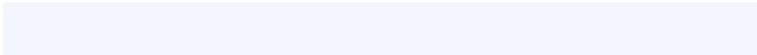
97, 3.643, 279.508



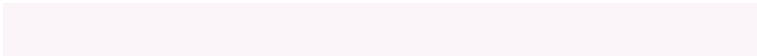
99, 3.609, 98.543

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



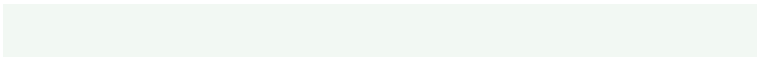
97, 3.643, 279.508



97, 3.643, 329.508



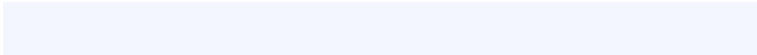
97, 3.643, 99.508



97, 3.643, 149.508

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 3.641, 279.480



99, 1.035, 279.320



99, 3.319, 180.601



53, 0.589, 279.324



0, 0.000, 0.000



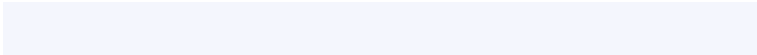
53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 3.641, 279.480



97, 4.122, 279.528



97, 4.702, 300.751



51, 2.931, 279.612



28, 92.086, 301.726

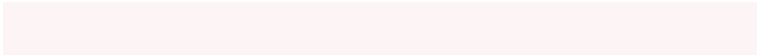


6, 36.784, 296.892

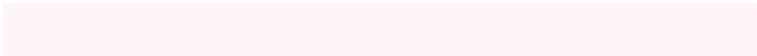


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 3.354, 1.687



97, 3.800, 1.749



99, 4.648, 120.339



51, 2.705, 1.846



40, 73.856, 27.851

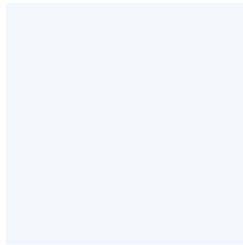


10, 31.852, 17.550



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 3.643, 279.508 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

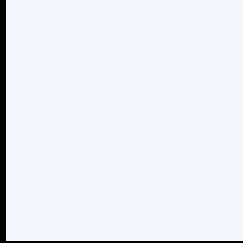
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 3.643, 279.508 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

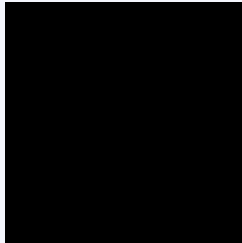
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

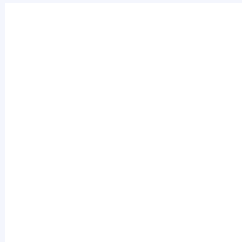
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 97, 3.643, 279.508

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 3.643, 279.508.

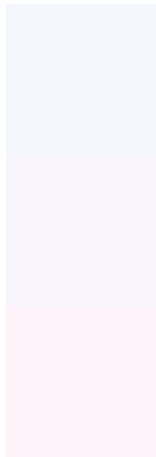


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 3.643, 279.508.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

97, 3.643, 279.508

### Protanopia

97, 3.868, 311.597

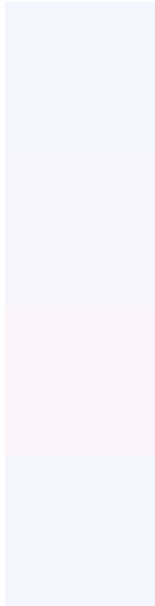
### Deuteranopia

97, 5.567, 339.698



**Tritanopia**  
97, 5.141, 294.439

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
97, 3.643, 279.508

**Protanomaly**  
97, 3.666, 301.413

**Deuteranomaly**  
97, 4.371, 324.526

**Tritanomaly**  
97, 4.613, 290.545

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
97, 3.643, 279.508

**Achromatopsia**  
97, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
97, 1.578, 277.559

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 3.643, 279.508 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(244, 246, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(244, 246, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(244, 246, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(244, 246, 253) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 3.643, 279.508 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(244, 246, 253) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(244, 246, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(244, 246, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(244, 246, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 246, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 246,  
253) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 3.643, 279.508 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(244, 246, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(244,  
246, 253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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