

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(97, 35.479, 295.723)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(97, 35.479, 295.723)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(95, 8.513, 304.904)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F4EEFE
RGB	244, 238, 254
RGB Percent	96%, 93%, 100%
CMY	0.0428, 0.0663, 0.0036
CMYK	0.04, 0.06, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	262°, 90%, 97%
HSV	262°, 6%, 100%
XYZ	85.8482, 87.6183, 106.2279
YIQ	241.6180, -1.5600, 6.2480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

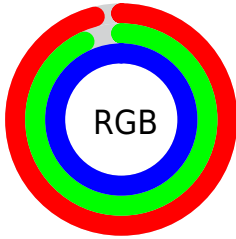
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	244, 238, 254
Decimal	16051966
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	95.00, 4.87, -6.98
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	95, 8.513, 304.904
Yxy	87.6183, 0.3069, 0.3133
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294242046 (0xFF4EEFE)
YUV	241.6180, 6.1043, 2.0890
Hunter-Lab	93.6047, -0.0994, -1.7624

# Details

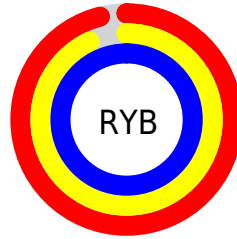
The CIELCh color `95, 8.513, 304.904` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFFFFF`. A complement of this color would be `99, 8.403, 124.273`, and the grayscale version is `95, 0.011, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `75, 8.429, 305.870` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `88, 22.398, 305.480`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `100, 0.450, 109.972`.

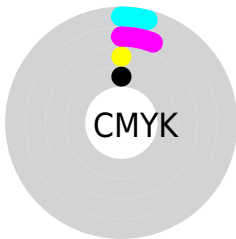
# Distribution



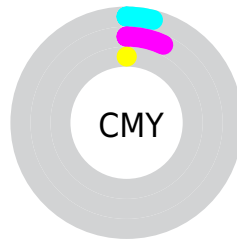
- Red (96%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 95, 8.513, 304.904 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 95, 8.513, 304.904 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 95, 8.513, 304.904

 95, 8.513, 304.904

 100, 8.513,  
304.904

 85, 8.513, 304.904

 75, 8.513, 304.904

 65, 8.513, 304.904

 55, 8.513, 304.904

 45, 8.513, 304.904

 35, 8.513, 304.904

 25, 8.513, 304.904

 15, 8.513, 304.904

 5, 8.513, 304.904

95, 8.513, 304.904

95, 8.513, 304.904

88, 22.398,  
305.480

100, 0.450,  
109.972

80, 36.734,  
306.123

73, 51.466,  
306.825

65, 66.460,  
307.569

59, 81.444,  
308.317

52, 95.909,  
309.000

46, 109.005,  
309.510

41, 119.528,  
309.697

■ 38,126.263,  
309.409

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95, 8.513, 304.904



99, 8.403, 124.273

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



95, 8.513, 304.904



95, 8.513, 354.904



95, 8.513, 124.904



95, 8.513, 174.904

# Sweetspot

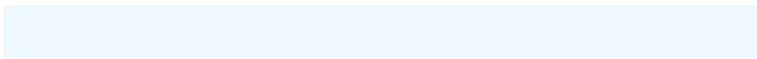
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95, 8.511, 304.899



99, 2.701, 304.650



97, 4.556, 240.566



53, 1.536, 304.643



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95, 8.511, 304.899



94, 10.882, 304.994



96, 9.574, 321.035



49, 7.752, 305.080



27, 103.190, 309.408



5, 44.869, 309.543



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96, 7.657, 337.885



95, 9.779, 338.026



98, 9.536, 140.487



50, 6.959, 338.149



42, 71.198, 350.839

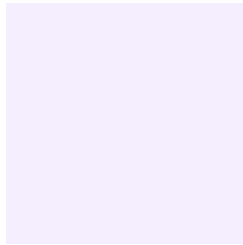


11, 33.570, 347.200



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 95, 8.513, 304.904 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

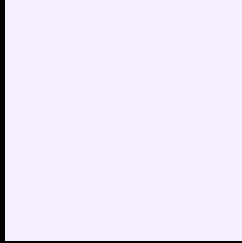
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 95, 8.513, 304.904 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

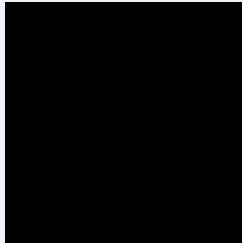
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

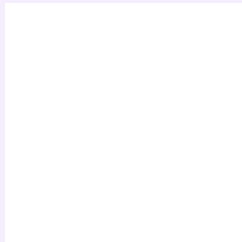
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 95, 8.513, 304.904

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 8.513, 304.904.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 95, 8.513, 304.904.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

95, 8.519, 304.905

### Protanopia

95, 8.269, 295.594

### Deuteranopia

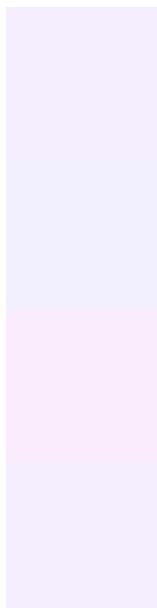
95, 11.655, 327.699





**Tritanopia**  
95, 9.018, 304.126

# Trichromacy



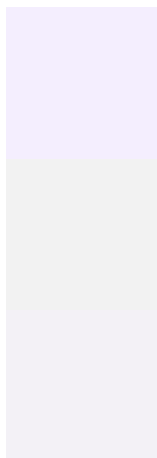
**Original Color**  
95, 8.519, 304.905

**Protanomaly**  
95, 8.309, 297.962

**Deuteranomaly**  
95, 10.241, 321.510

**Tritanomaly**  
95, 9.018, 304.126

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
95, 8.519, 304.905

**Achromatopsia**  
95, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
95, 2.678, 305.564

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 95, 8.513, 304.904 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(244, 238, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(244, 238, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(244, 238, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(244, 238, 254) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 95, 8.513, 304.904 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(244, 238, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(244, 238, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(244, 238, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(244, 238, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 238, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 238,  
254) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 95, 8.513, 304.904 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(244, 238, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(244,  
238, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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