

Converting Colors

CIE LCh(97, 4.039, 261.013)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(97, 4.039, 261.013) contains.

CIELCh(97, 4.109, 260.226)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(97, 4.109, 260.226)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F1F7FE
RGB	241, 247, 254
RGB Percent	95%, 97%, 100%
CMY	0.0546, 0.0311, 0.0036
CMYK	0.05, 0.03, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	212°, 88%, 97%
HSV	212°, 5%, 100%
XYZ	87.4848, 92.4403, 107.0591
YIQ	246.0040, -5.8230, 0.9050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

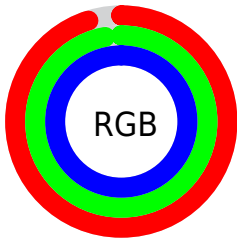
Format	Color
R _Y B	241, 245, 254
Decimal	15857662
CIE Lab	97.00, -0.70, -4.05
CIE LCh	97, 4.109, 260.226
Yxy	92.4403, 0.3048, 0.3221
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294047742 (0xFFFF1F7FE)
YUV	246.0040, 3.9420, -4.3885
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -5.8351, 1.2823

Details

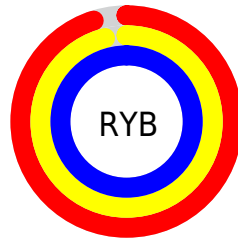
The CIELCh color **97, 4.109, 260.226** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **98, 4.131, 78.697**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 3.853, 256.278** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **92, 12.105, 261.598**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.458, 109.975**.

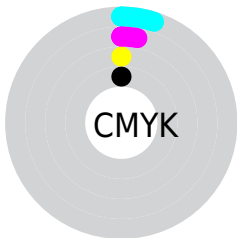
Distribution



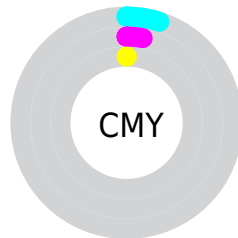
- Red (95%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 4.109, 260.226 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 4.109, 260.226 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 97, 4.109, 260.226

 97, 4.109, 260.226

 100, 4.109,
260.226

 87, 4.109, 260.226

 77, 4.109, 260.226

 67, 4.109, 260.226

 57, 4.109, 260.226

 47, 4.109, 260.226

 37, 4.109, 260.226

 27, 4.109, 260.226

 17, 4.109, 260.226

 7, 4.109, 260.226

97, 4.109, 260.226

97, 4.109, 260.226

92, 12.105,
261.598

100, 0.458,
109.975

87, 20.066,
263.320

81, 27.969,
265.370

76, 35.803,
267.803

71, 43.575,
270.672

67, 51.320,
274.010

62, 59.107,
277.812

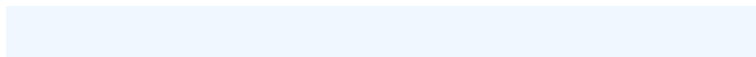
58, 67.029,
281.997

■ 54, 75.171,
286.395

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



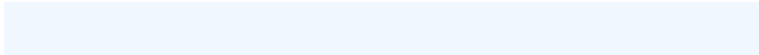
97, 4.109, 260.226



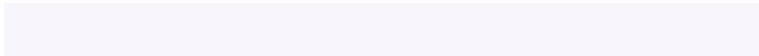
98, 4.131, 78.697

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97, 4.109, 260.226



97, 4.109, 310.226



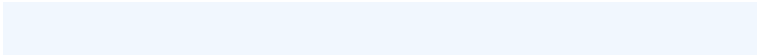
97, 4.109, 80.226



97, 4.109, 130.226

Sweetspot

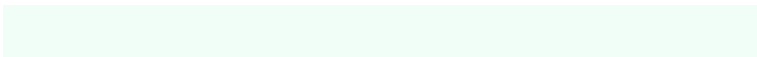
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 4.108, 260.195



99, 1.616, 259.937



99, 5.516, 165.142



53, 0.919, 259.937



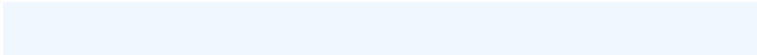
0, 0.000, 0.000



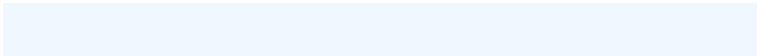
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 4.108, 260.195



97, 4.830, 260.301



96, 6.682, 291.983



51, 3.203, 260.383



39, 62.873, 287.703



11, 25.423, 281.459

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96, 5.553, 346.107



96, 6.538, 346.198



99, 6.588, 111.015



51, 4.340, 346.264



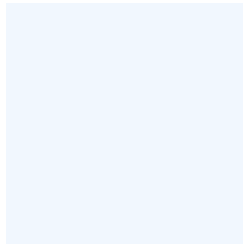
41, 68.006, 5.787



10, 31.562, 359.607

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 4.109, 260.226 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

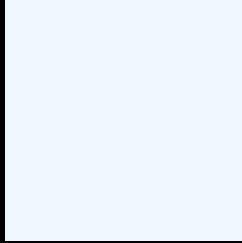
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 4.109, 260.226 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

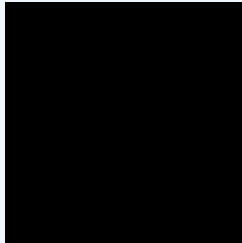
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

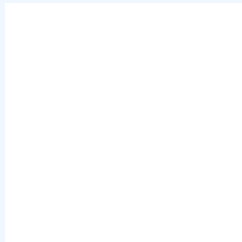
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 97, 4.109, 260.226

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 4.109, 260.226.

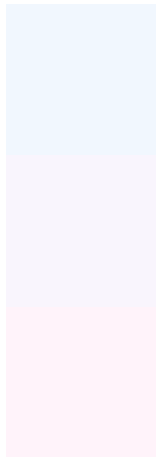


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 4.109, 260.226.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

97, 4.109, 260.226

Protanopia

97, 4.348, 309.175

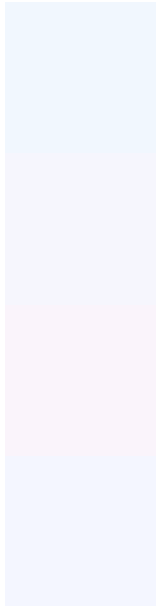
Deuteranopia

97, 5.567, 339.698



Tritanopia
97, 4.617, 286.251

Trichromacy



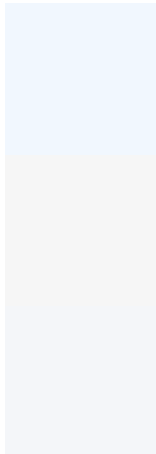
Original Color
97, 4.109, 260.226

Protanomaly
97, 3.588, 290.471

Deuteranomaly
97, 4.182, 320.558

Tritanomaly
97, 4.650, 282.004

Monochromacy



Original Color
97, 4.109, 260.226

Achromatopsia
97, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
97, 1.684, 265.875

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 4.109, 260.226 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(241, 247, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(241, 247, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 247, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(241, 247, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 4.109, 260.226 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(241, 247, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(241, 247, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(241, 247, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(241, 247, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 247, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 247,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 4.109, 260.226 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(241, 247, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(241,  
247, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor