

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(97, 4.426, 269.335)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(97, 4.426, 269.335) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(97, 4.417, 267.541)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2F7FF
RGB	242, 247, 255
RGB Percent	95%, 97%, 100%
CMY	0.0518, 0.0322, 0.0008
CMYK	0.05, 0.03, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	217°, 97%, 97%
HSV	217°, 5%, 100%
XYZ	87.7592, 92.4403, 107.6473
YIQ	246.4170, -5.5480, 1.4280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

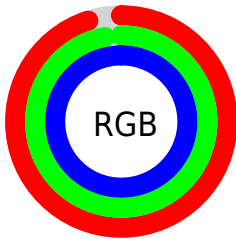
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	242, 246, 255
Decimal	15923199
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	97.00, -0.19, -4.41
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	97, 4.417, 267.541
Y <sub>xy</sub>	92.4403, 0.3049, 0.3211
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294113279 (0xFFFF2F7FF)
Y <sub>UV</sub>	246.4170, 4.2314, -3.8737
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -5.3256, 0.9196

# Details

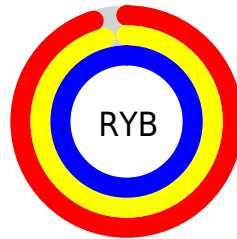
The CIELCh color **97, 4.417, 267.541** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **98, 4.416, 86.057**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 4.142, 264.728** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 13.114, 268.930**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.095, 109.353**.

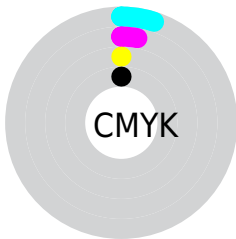
# Distribution



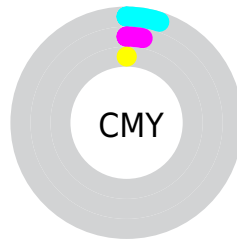
- Red (95%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 4.417, 267.541 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 4.417, 267.541 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 97, 4.417, 267.541

 97, 4.417, 267.541

 100, 4.417,  
267.541

 87, 4.417, 267.541

 77, 4.417, 267.541

 67, 4.417, 267.541

 57, 4.417, 267.541

 47, 4.417, 267.541

 37, 4.417, 267.541

 27, 4.417, 267.541

 17, 4.417, 267.541

 7, 4.417, 267.541

97, 4.417, 267.541

97, 4.417, 267.541

91, 13.114,  
268.930

100, 0.095,  
109.353

86, 21.887,  
270.637

80, 30.734,  
272.652

74, 39.661,  
275.021

69, 48.692,  
277.787

63, 57.871,  
280.969

58, 67.258,  
284.543

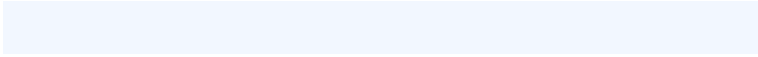
53, 76.894,  
288.410

■ 49, 86.740,  
292.382

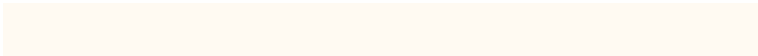
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



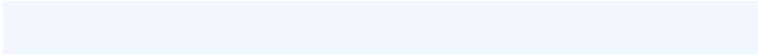
97, 4.417, 267.541



98, 4.416, 86.057

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



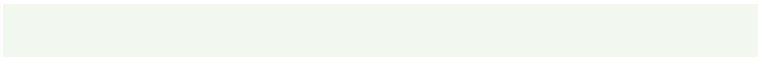
97, 4.417, 267.541



97, 4.417, 317.541



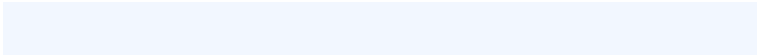
97, 4.417, 87.541



97, 4.417, 137.541

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 4.416, 267.515



99, 1.736, 267.222



99, 5.269, 169.062



53, 0.987, 267.219



0, 0.000, 0.000



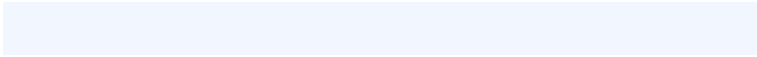
53, 0.007, 296.813



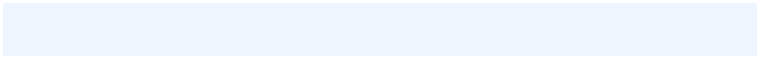


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 4.416, 267.515



97, 5.197, 267.626



96, 6.695, 294.540



51, 3.448, 267.710



35, 72.475, 293.547



9, 29.092, 287.959



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 5.283, 350.712



96, 6.227, 350.812



100, 6.601, 113.689



51, 4.135, 350.882



41, 68.539, 13.273

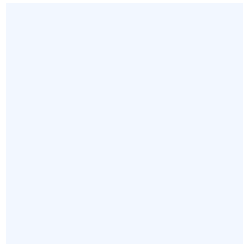


10, 31.284, 6.076



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 4.417, 267.541 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

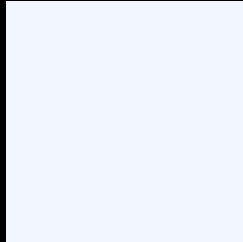
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 4.417, 267.541 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

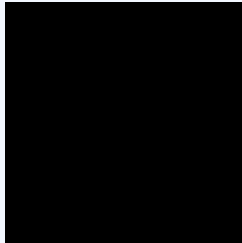
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

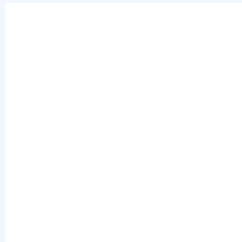
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# **CIELCh 97, 4.417, 267.541**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 4.417, 267.541.

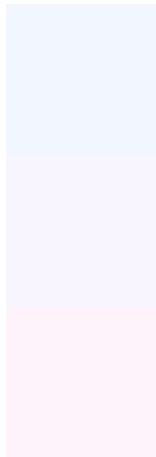


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 4.417, 267.541.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

97, 4.417, 267.541

### Protanopia

97, 4.743, 303.226

### Deuteranopia

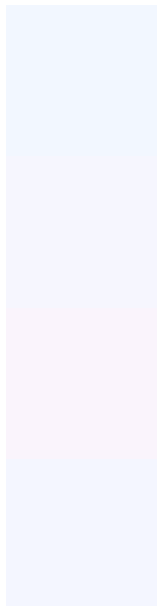
97, 5.909, 335.926





**Tritanopia**  
97, 4.617, 286.251

# Trichromacy



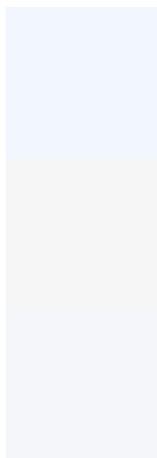
**Original Color**  
97, 4.417, 267.541

**Protanomaly**  
97, 4.098, 290.507

**Deuteranomaly**  
97, 4.630, 317.380

**Tritanomaly**  
97, 4.650, 282.004

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
97, 4.417, 267.541

**Achromatopsia**  
97, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
97, 1.684, 265.875

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 4.417, 267.541 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 247, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 247, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 247, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 247, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 4.417, 267.541 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 247, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 247, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 247, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 247, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 247, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 247,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 4.417, 267.541 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 247, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
247, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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