

Converting Colors

CIELCh(97, 5.220, 233.960)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(97, 5.220, 233.960) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(97, 5.103, 229.384)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ECF9FE
RGB	236, 249, 254
RGB Percent	93%, 98%, 100%
CMY	0.0759, 0.0249, 0.0053
CMYK	0.07, 0.02, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	197°, 87%, 96%
HSV	197°, 7%, 99%
XYZ	86.0762, 92.4403, 106.7755
YIQ	245.6830, -9.3530, -1.2010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

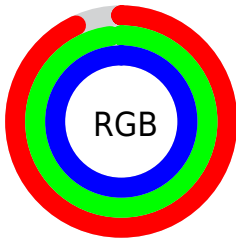
Format	Color
R_{YB}	236, 244, 254
Decimal	15530494
CIE Lab	97.00, -3.32, -3.87
CIE LCh	97, 5.103, 229.384
Yxy	92.4403, 0.3017, 0.3240
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293720574 (0xFFE9CF9FE)
YUV	245.6830, 4.1003, -8.4920
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -8.4501, 1.4572

Details

The CIELCh color **97, 5.103, 229.384** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **96, 5.306, 48.272**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 5.097, 224.130** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94, 12.009, 230.091**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.674, 110.013**.

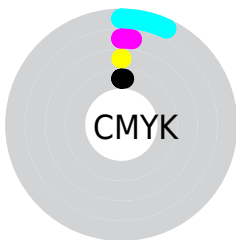
Distribution



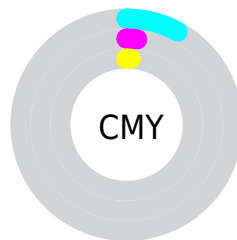
- Red (93%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (1%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 5.103, 229.384 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 5.103, 229.384 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 97, 5.103, 229.384

 97, 5.103, 229.384

 100, 5.103,
229.384

 87, 5.103, 229.384

 77, 5.103, 229.384

 67, 5.103, 229.384

 57, 5.103, 229.384

 47, 5.103, 229.384

 37, 5.103, 229.384

 27, 5.103, 229.384

 17, 5.103, 229.384

 7, 5.103, 229.384

97, 5.103, 229.384

97, 5.103, 229.384

94, 12.009,
230.091

100, 0.674,
110.013

90, 18.506,
231.115

87, 24.502,
232.450

84, 29.903,
234.169

81, 34.631,
236.358

78, 38.638,
239.115

75, 41.937,
242.527

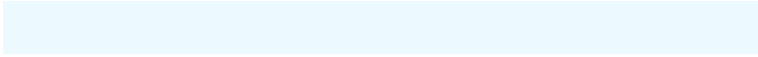
73, 44.621,
246.649

■ 71, 46.882,
251.441

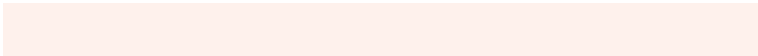
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



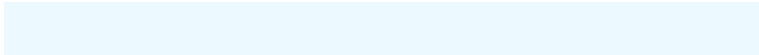
97, 5.103, 229.384



96, 5.306, 48.272

Rectangle

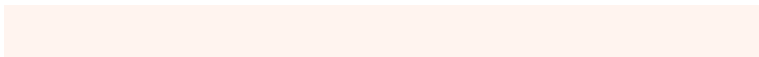
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97, 5.103, 229.384



97, 5.103, 279.384



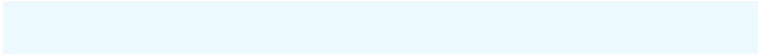
97, 5.103, 49.384



97, 5.103, 99.384

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 5.103, 229.357



99, 1.463, 229.325



98, 9.284, 152.532



53, 0.832, 229.341



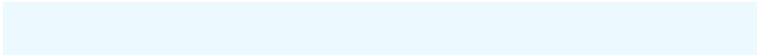
0, 0.000, 0.000



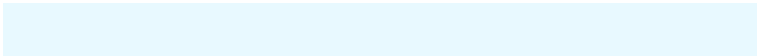
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 5.103, 229.357



97, 6.474, 229.469



95, 7.215, 279.218



51, 4.085, 229.502



54, 38.181, 251.946



17, 16.858, 245.160

Inverse Universe

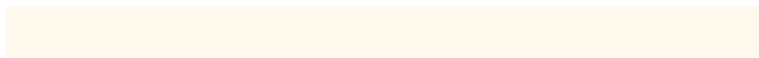
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95, 9.250, 333.828



94, 11.803, 333.968



98, 7.158, 97.469



50, 7.459, 334.004



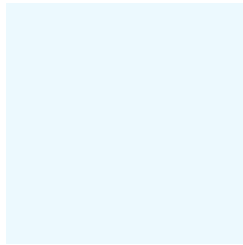
43, 75.412, 343.309



11, 35.499, 341.010

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 5.103, 229.384 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

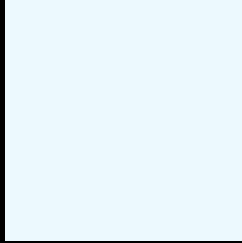
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 5.103, 229.384 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

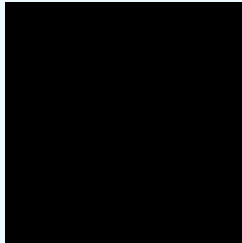
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

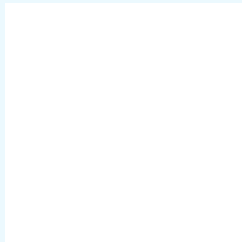
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 97, 5.103, 229.384

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 5.103, 229.384.

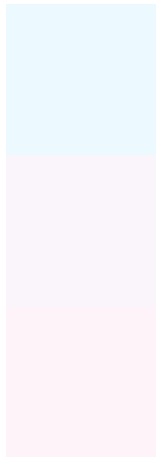


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 5.103, 229.384.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

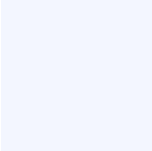
97, 5.103, 229.384

Protanopia

97, 3.397, 314.709

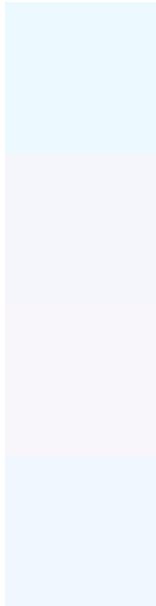
Deuteranopia

97, 5.567, 339.698



Tritanopia
97, 4.708, 277.847

Trichromacy



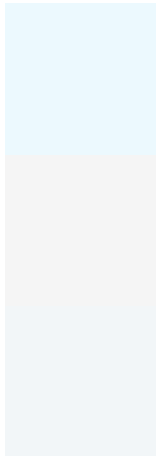
Original Color
97, 5.103, 229.384

Protanomaly
97, 3.144, 277.680

Deuteranomaly
97, 3.265, 309.130

Tritanomaly
97, 4.715, 259.792

Monochromacy



Original Color
97, 5.103, 229.384

Achromatopsia
97, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
97, 1.722, 236.227

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 5.103, 229.384 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(236, 249, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 249, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 249, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 249, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 5.103, 229.384 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 249, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 249, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(236, 249, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 249, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 249, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 249,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 5.103, 229.384 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 249, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
249, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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