

Converting Colors

CIELCh(97, 5.311, 176.550)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(97, 5.311, 176.550) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(97, 5.311, 176.550)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ECFAF6
RGB	236, 250, 246
RGB Percent	93%, 98%, 96%
CMY	0.0764, 0.0215, 0.0372
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.02, 0.02
HSL	163°, 56%, 95%
HSV	163°, 6%, 98%
XYZ	85.0239, 92.4403, 100.1572
YIQ	245.3580, -7.0600, -4.2120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

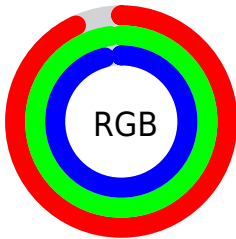
Format	Color
R _Y B	236, 244, 250
Decimal	15530742
CIE Lab	97.00, -5.30, 0.32
CIE LCh	97, 5.311, 176.550
Yxy	92.4403, 0.3063, 0.3330
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293720822 (0xFFEFCFAF6)
YUV	245.3580, 0.3165, -8.2070
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -10.4038, 5.5384

Details

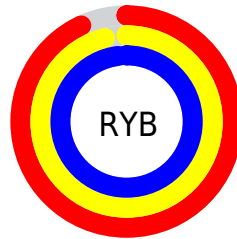
The CIELCh color **97, 5.311, 176.550** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **94, 5.411, 357.367**, and the grayscale version is **96, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 5.566, 176.386** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95, 14.661, 175.503**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 2.519, 340.004**.

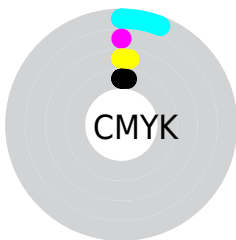
Distribution



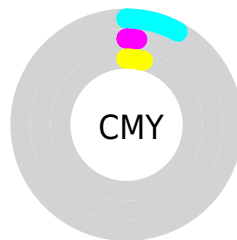
- Red (93%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 5.311, 176.550 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 5.311, 176.550 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 97, 5.311, 176.550	 97, 5.311, 176.550
 100, 5.311, 176.550	 87, 5.311, 176.550
	 77, 5.311, 176.550
	 67, 5.311, 176.550
	 57, 5.311, 176.550
	 47, 5.311, 176.550
	 37, 5.311, 176.550
	 27, 5.311, 176.550
	 17, 5.311, 176.550
	 7, 5.311, 176.550

97, 5.311, 176.550

97, 5.311, 176.550

95, 14.661,
175.503

99, 2.519, 340.004

94, 23.727,
174.451

99, 3.415, 324.470

92, 32.359,
173.320


91, 40.396,
172.084

90, 47.679,
170.719

89, 54.071,
169.200

88, 59.482,
167.501

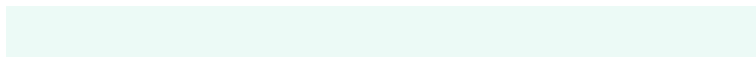
88, 63.891,
165.603

 88, 67.374,
163.507

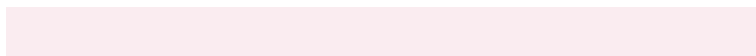
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97, 5.311, 176.550



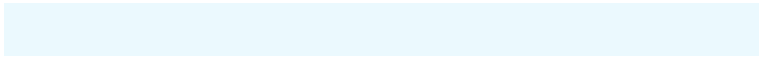
94, 5.411, 357.367

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



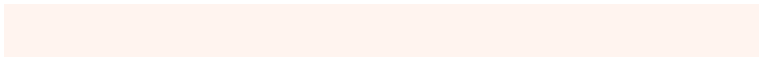
97, 5.311, 176.550



97, 5.311, 226.550



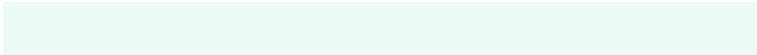
97, 5.311, 356.550



97, 5.311, 46.550

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 5.313, 176.536



100, 1.928, 177.062



97, 7.970, 135.523



53, 1.096, 177.086



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

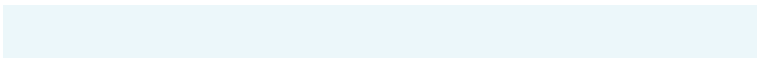
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 5.313, 176.536



99, 6.742, 176.383



96, 4.107, 219.779



52, 4.307, 176.321



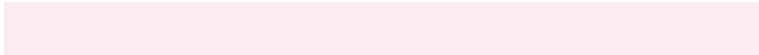
68, 55.363, 162.961



22, 23.922, 166.055

Inverse Universe

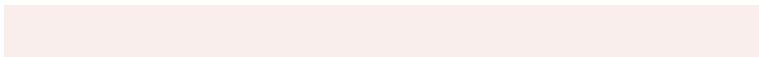
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94, 5.411, 357.367



95, 6.891, 357.525



95, 4.248, 39.213



49, 4.410, 357.590



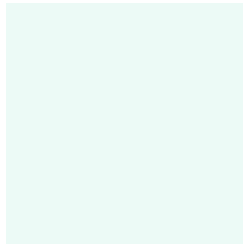
40, 70.453, 22.467



9, 30.618, 12.953

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 5.311, 176.550 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

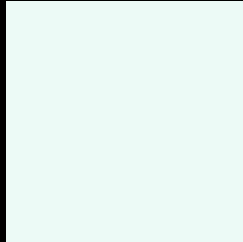
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 5.311, 176.550 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

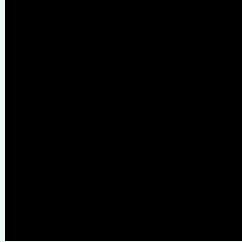
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

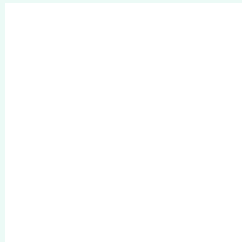
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 97, 5.311, 176.550

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 5.311, 176.550.

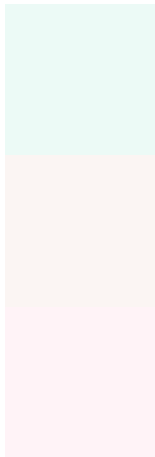


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 5.311, 176.550.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

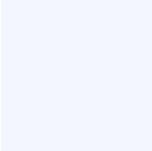
97, 5.311, 176.550

Protanopia

97, 2.346, 45.010

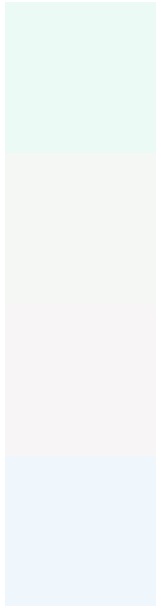
Deuteranopia

97, 4.729, 354.009



Tritanopia
97, 4.708, 277.847

Trichromacy



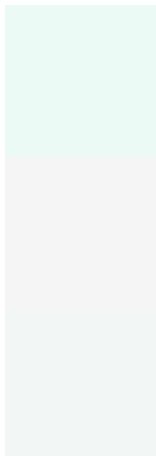
Original Color
97, 5.311, 176.550

Protanomaly
97, 1.683, 134.739

Deuteranomaly
97, 1.185, 353.341

Tritanomaly
97, 3.496, 246.575

Monochromacy



Original Color
97, 5.311, 176.550

Achromatopsia
97, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
97, 2.035, 169.491

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 5.311, 176.550 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(236, 250, 246)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 250, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 250, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 250, 246) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 5.311, 176.550 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 250, 246) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 250, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(236, 250, 246)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 250, 246); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 250, 246);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 250,  
246) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 5.311, 176.550 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 250, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
250, 246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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