

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(97, 5.396, 127.586)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(97, 5.396, 127.586) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(97, 5.411, 128.918)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F3F8EE
RGB	243, 248, 238
RGB Percent	95%, 97%, 93%
CMY	0.0467, 0.0271, 0.0663
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.04, 0.03
HSL	90°, 42%, 95%
HSV	90°, 4%, 97%
XYZ	86.0350, 92.4403, 94.2668
YIQ	245.3650, 0.2300, -4.1700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

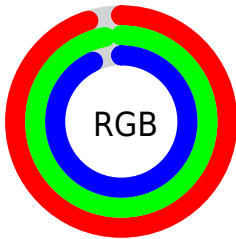
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	238, 248, 243
Decimal	15988974
CIE Lab	97.00, -3.40, 4.21
CIE LCh	97, 5.411, 128.918
Yxy	92.4403, 0.3154, 0.3389
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294179054 (0xFFFF3F8EE)
YUV	245.3650, -3.6309, -2.0741
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -8.5267, 9.1709

# Details

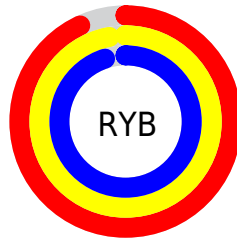
The CIELCh color **97, 5.411, 128.918** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **95, 5.463, 309.229**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 5.681, 128.864** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96, 18.897, 128.449**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 4.297, 324.520**.

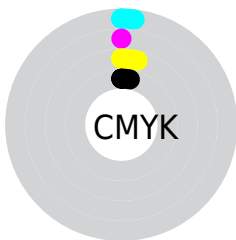
# Distribution



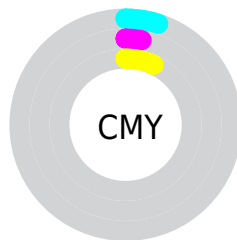
- Red (95%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 5.411, 128.918 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 5.411, 128.918 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 97, 5.411, 128.918

 97, 5.411, 128.918

 100, 5.411,  
128.918

 87, 5.411, 128.918

 77, 5.411, 128.918

 67, 5.411, 128.918

 57, 5.411, 128.918

 47, 5.411, 128.918

 37, 5.411, 128.918

 27, 5.411, 128.918

 17, 5.411, 128.918

 7, 5.411, 128.918

97, 5.411, 128.918

97, 5.411, 128.918

96, 18.897,  
128.449

98, 4.297, 324.520

94, 32.351,  
127.963

93, 45.648,  
127.471

92, 58.604,  
127.001

91, 70.951,  
126.603

90, 82.305,  
126.351

89, 92.147,  
126.357

89, 99.883,  
126.752

■ 88,105.079,  
127.641

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97, 5.411, 128.918



95, 5.463, 309.229

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97, 5.411, 128.918



97, 5.411, 178.918



97, 5.411, 308.918



97, 5.411, 358.918

# Sweetspot

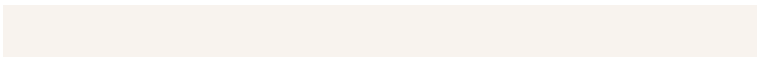
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 5.413, 128.926



100, 1.363, 129.137



96, 3.096, 74.789



53, 0.774, 129.145



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 5.413, 128.926



99, 6.867, 128.878



97, 6.243, 144.261



52, 4.610, 128.844



69, 87.019, 128.076



22, 37.821, 126.654



# Inverse Universe

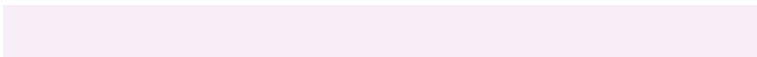
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95, 5.463, 309.229



96, 6.933, 309.277



95, 6.263, 324.616



50, 4.656, 309.311



30, 99.517, 311.886



6, 43.245, 312.693



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 5.411, 128.918 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

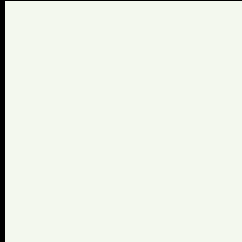
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 5.411, 128.918 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

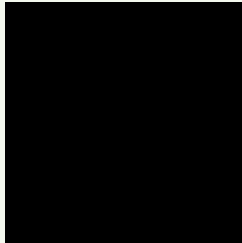
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

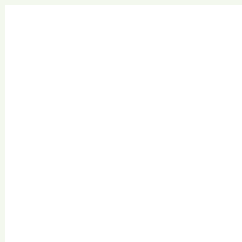
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# **CIELCh 97, 5.411, 128.918**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 5.411, 128.918.

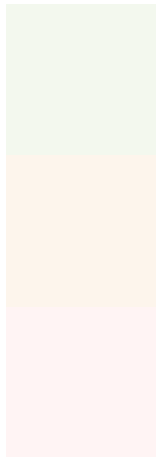


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 5.411, 128.918.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

97, 5.411, 128.918

### Protanopia

97, 5.390, 77.620

### Deuteranopia

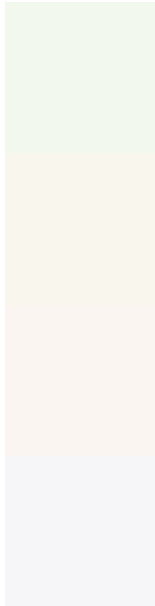
97, 3.905, 19.499





**Tritanopia**  
97, 5.180, 298.262

# Trichromacy



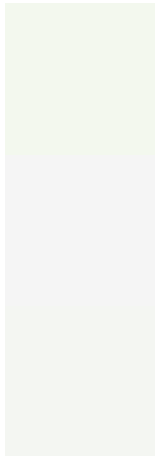
**Original Color**  
97, 5.411, 128.918

**Protanomaly**  
97, 4.696, 96.618

**Deuteranomaly**  
97, 2.605, 55.190

**Tritanomaly**  
97, 1.544, 290.344

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
97, 5.411, 128.918

**Achromatopsia**  
97, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
97, 2.160, 129.062

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 5.411, 128.918 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 248, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 248, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 248, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 248, 238) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 5.411, 128.918 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 248, 238) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 248, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 248, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 248, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 248, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 248,  
238) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 5.411, 128.918 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 248, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
248, 238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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