

Converting Colors

CIELCh(97, 5.730, 68.877)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(97, 5.730, 68.877) contains.

CIELCh(97, 5.805, 71.549)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(97, 5.805, 71.549)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF5EC
RGB	255, 245, 236
RGB Percent	100%, 96%, 93%
CMY	0.0008, 0.0400, 0.0753
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.07, 0.00
HSL	28°, 98%, 96%
HSV	28°, 7%, 100%
XYZ	88.8597, 92.4403, 92.3563
YIQ	246.9640, 8.8490, -0.6790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 253, 236
Decimal	16774636
CIE Lab	97.00, 1.84, 5.51
CIE LCh	97, 5.805, 71.549
Yxy	92.4403, 0.3247, 0.3378
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294964716 (0xFFFFF5EC)
YUV	246.9640, -5.4053, 7.0476
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -3.2824, 10.3490

Details

The CIELCh color **97, 5.805, 71.549** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **96, 5.694, 253.562**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 5.885, 74.258** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93, 13.952, 70.417**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.073, 208.464**.

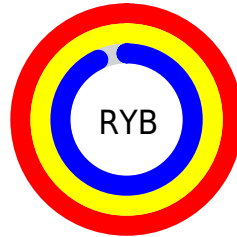
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (96%)

Blue (93%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (99%)

Blue (93%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 5.805, 71.549 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 5.805, 71.549 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 97, 5.805, 71.549	 97, 5.805, 71.549
 100, 5.805, 71.549	 87, 5.805, 71.549
	 77, 5.805, 71.549
	 67, 5.805, 71.549
	 57, 5.805, 71.549
	 47, 5.805, 71.549
	 37, 5.805, 71.549
	 27, 5.805, 71.549
	 17, 5.805, 71.549
	 7, 5.805, 71.549

97, 5.805, 71.549

97, 5.805, 71.549

93, 13.952, 70.417

100, 0.073,
208.464

89, 22.529, 69.215

86, 31.558, 68.004

82, 41.029, 66.793

78, 50.868, 65.569

75, 60.873, 64.292

72, 70.589, 62.851

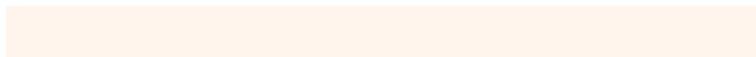
69, 79.130, 61.009

66, 85.249, 58.391

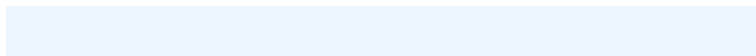
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



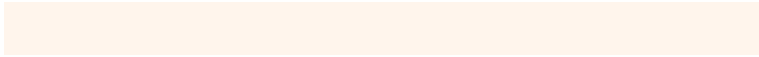
97, 5.805, 71.549



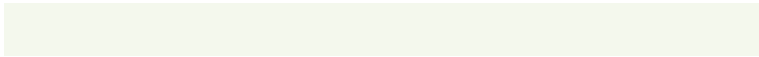
96, 5.694, 253.562

Rectangle

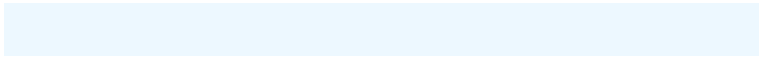
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97, 5.805, 71.549



97, 5.805, 121.549



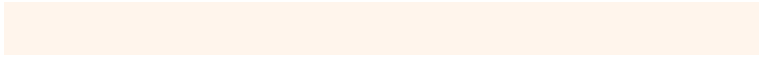
97, 5.805, 251.549



97, 5.805, 301.549

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 5.806, 71.576



99, 1.532, 72.003



95, 8.535, 342.447



53, 0.870, 71.998



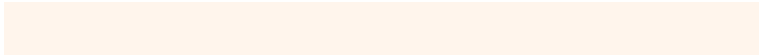
0, 0.000, 0.000



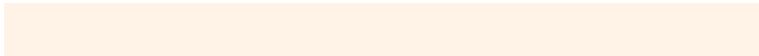
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 5.806, 71.576



96, 7.042, 71.405



99, 9.302, 108.069



51, 4.454, 71.348



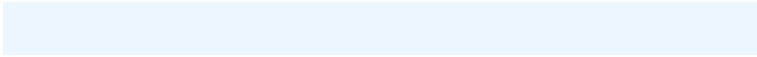
50, 69.481, 58.397



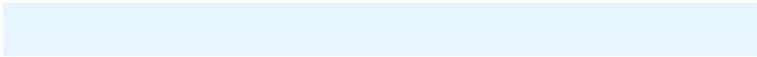
16, 27.053, 59.241

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96, 5.694, 253.562



96, 6.869, 253.758



94, 9.463, 289.610



51, 4.338, 253.825



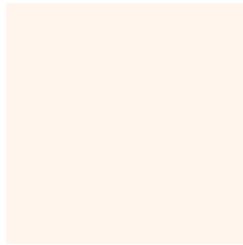
43, 55.314, 281.510



13, 22.643, 274.755

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 5.805, 71.549 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

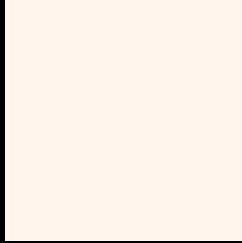
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 5.805, 71.549 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

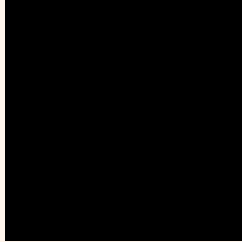
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 97, 5.805, 71.549

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 5.805, 71.549.

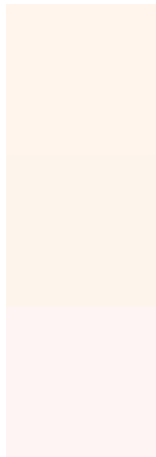


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 5.805, 71.549.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

97, 5.805, 71.549

Protanopia

97, 5.390, 77.620

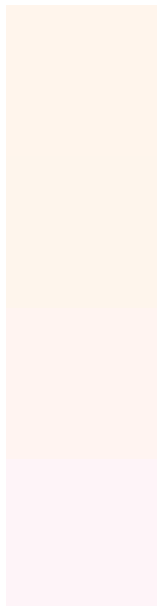
Deuteranopia

97, 3.905, 19.499



Tritanopia
97, 7.283, 322.376

Trichromacy



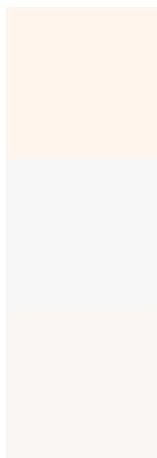
Original Color
97, 5.805, 71.549

Protanomaly
97, 5.589, 74.473

Deuteranomaly
97, 4.197, 40.844

Tritanomaly
97, 4.098, 349.637

Monochromacy



Original Color
97, 5.805, 71.549

Achromatopsia
97, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
97, 2.067, 66.764

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 5.805, 71.549 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 245, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 245, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 245, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 245, 236) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 5.805, 71.549 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 245, 236) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 245, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 245, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 245, 236); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 245, 236); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 245, 236) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 5.805, 71.549 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 245, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
245, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor