

Converting Colors

CIELCh(97, 5.762, 341.584)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(97, 5.762, 341.584) contains.

CIELCh(97, 5.567, 339.698)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(97, 5.567, 339.698)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF3FA
RGB	255, 243, 250
RGB Percent	100%, 95%, 98%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0462, 0.0188
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.02, 0.00
HSL	324°, 100%, 98%
HSV	324°, 5%, 100%
XYZ	90.7176, 92.4403, 103.6752
YIQ	247.3860, 4.9050, 4.7210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

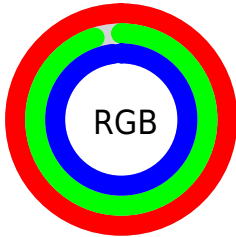
Format	Color
R_{YB}	255, 243, 250
Decimal	16774138
CIE Lab	97.00, 5.22, -1.93
CIE LCh	97, 5.567, 339.698
Yxy	92.4403, 0.3163, 0.3223
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294964218 (0xFFFFF3FA)
YUV	247.3860, 1.2887, 6.6775
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, 0.1669, 3.3690

Details

The CIELCh color $97, 5.567, 339.698$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be $99, 5.472, 158.663$, and the grayscale version is $97, 0.011, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $77, 5.562, 337.312$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $91, 17.586, 340.055$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $100, 0.012, 296.813$.

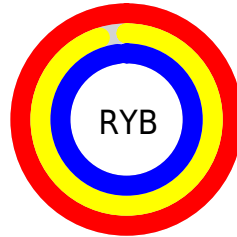
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (95%)

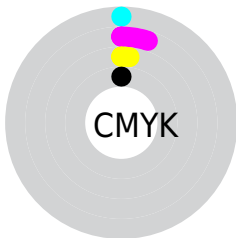
Blue (98%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (95%)

Blue (98%)

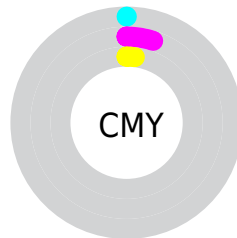


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (2%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 5.567, 339.698 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 5.567, 339.698 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 97, 5.567, 339.698

 97, 5.567, 339.698

 100, 5.567,
339.698

 87, 5.567, 339.698

 77, 5.567, 339.698

 67, 5.567, 339.698

 57, 5.567, 339.698

 47, 5.567, 339.698

 37, 5.567, 339.698

 27, 5.567, 339.698

 17, 5.567, 339.698

 7, 5.567, 339.698

97, 5.567, 339.698

97, 5.567, 339.698

91, 17.586,
340.055

100, 0.012,
296.813

84, 29.791,
340.939

78, 41.897,
341.909

73, 53.560,
342.995

68, 64.302,
344.241

64, 73.528,
345.707

60, 80.608,
347.482

58, 85.051,
349.685

■ 56, 86.747,
352.448

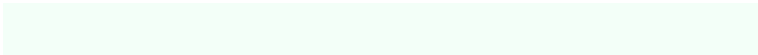
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97, 5.567, 339.698



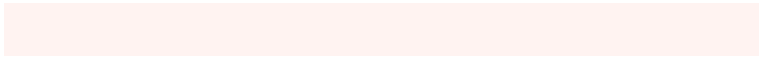
99, 5.472, 158.663

Rectangle

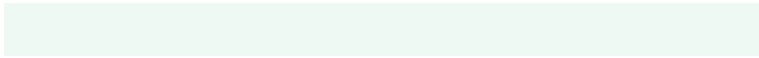
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



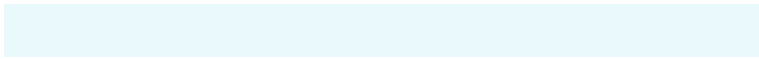
97, 5.567, 339.698



97, 5.567, 29.698



97, 5.567, 159.698



97, 5.567, 209.698

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 5.508, 339.201



99, 1.193, 338.633



97, 6.283, 305.715



53, 0.679, 338.610



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

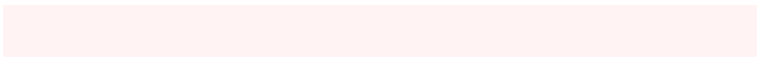
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 5.508, 339.201



96, 7.159, 339.326



97, 4.231, 11.373



51, 4.751, 339.382



42, 70.164, 353.535



11, 33.049, 349.413

Inverse Universe

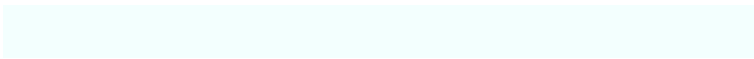
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 5.508, 339.201



96, 7.159, 339.326



99, 4.129, 190.945



51, 4.751, 339.382



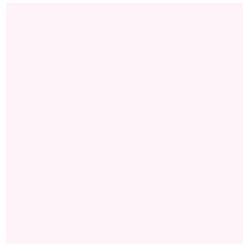
42, 70.164, 353.535



11, 33.049, 349.413

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 5.567, 339.698 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

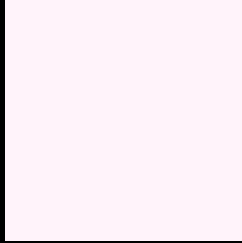
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 5.567, 339.698 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 97, 5.567, 339.698

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 5.567, 339.698.

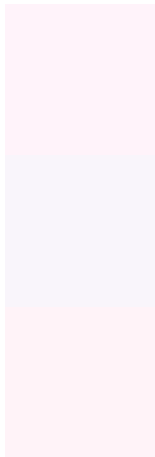


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 5.567, 339.698.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

97, 5.567, 339.698

Protanopia

97, 3.397, 314.709

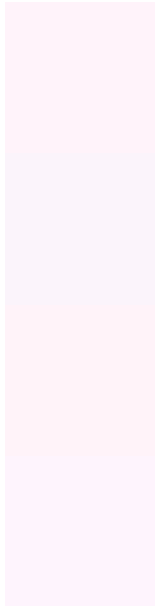
Deuteranopia

97, 4.971, 348.712



Tritanopia
97, 6.481, 319.507

Trichromacy



Original Color

97, 5.567, 339.698

Protanomaly

97, 4.371, 324.526

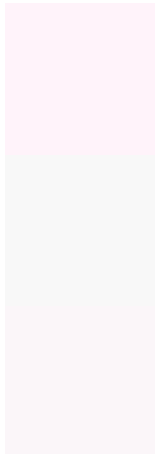
Deuteranomaly

97, 5.253, 343.947

Tritanomaly

97, 5.818, 327.443

Monochromacy



Original Color

97, 5.567, 339.698

Achromatopsia

98, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly

97, 2.352, 338.594

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 5.567, 339.698 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 243, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 243, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 243, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 243, 250) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 5.567, 339.698 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 243, 250) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 243, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 243, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 243, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 243, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 243,  
250) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 5.567, 339.698 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 243, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
243, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor