

Converting Colors

CIELCh(97, 5.770, 229.139)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(97, 5.770, 229.139) contains.

CIELCh(97, 5.927, 230.456)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(97, 5.927, 230.456)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EAF9FF
RGB	234, 249, 255
RGB Percent	92%, 98%, 100%
CMY	0.0825, 0.0236, 0.0001
CMYK	0.08, 0.02, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	197°, 100%, 96%
HSV	197°, 8%, 100%
XYZ	85.8354, 92.4403, 107.9029
YIQ	245.1990, -10.8660, -1.3140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

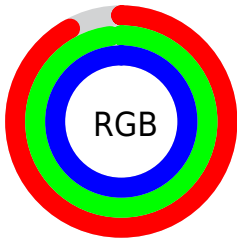
Format	Color
RYB	234, 243, 255
Decimal	15399423
CIELab	97.00, -3.77, -4.57
CIELCh	97, 5.927, 230.456
Yxy	92.4403, 0.2999, 0.3230
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293589503 (0xFFEAF9FF)
YUV	245.1990, 4.8319, -9.8215
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -8.8973, 0.7619

Details

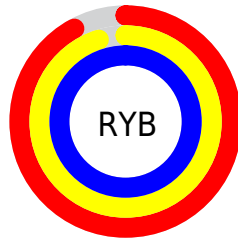
The CIELCh color **97, 5.927, 230.456** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **96, 6.202, 49.180**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 5.941, 226.036** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93, 12.818, 231.245**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.002, 72.210**.

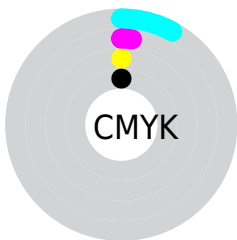
Distribution



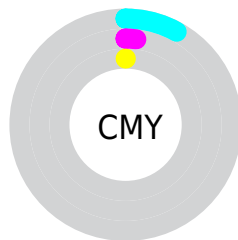
- Red (92%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 5.927, 230.456 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 5.927, 230.456 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 97, 5.927, 230.456

 97, 5.927, 230.456

 100, 5.927,
230.456

 87, 5.927, 230.456

 77, 5.927, 230.456

 67, 5.927, 230.456

 57, 5.927, 230.456

 47, 5.927, 230.456

 37, 5.927, 230.456

 27, 5.927, 230.456

 17, 5.927, 230.456

 7, 5.927, 230.456

97, 5.927, 230.456

97, 5.927, 230.456

93, 12.818,
231.245

100, 0.002, 72.210

90, 19.297,
232.347

87, 25.273,
233.773

84, 30.656,
235.599

81, 35.372,
237.915

78, 39.384,
240.816

75, 42.714,
244.386

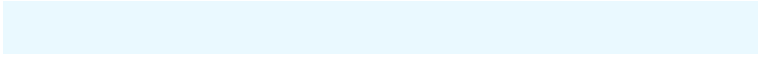
73, 45.472,
248.666

■ 70, 47.872,
253.577

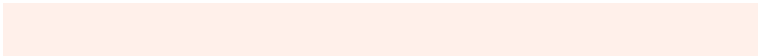
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



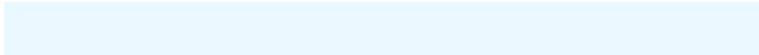
97, 5.927, 230.456



96, 6.202, 49.180

Rectangle

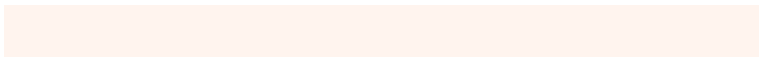
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97, 5.927, 230.456



97, 5.927, 280.456



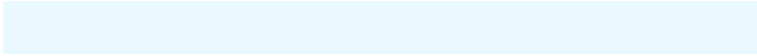
97, 5.927, 50.456



97, 5.927, 100.456

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 5.927, 230.433



99, 1.461, 230.312



98, 10.700, 153.086



53, 0.831, 230.327



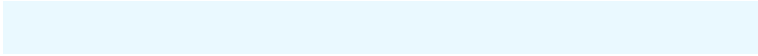
0, 0.000, 0.000



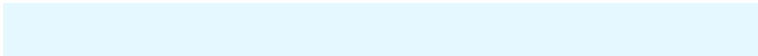
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 5.927, 230.433



96, 7.169, 230.553



94, 8.581, 280.404



51, 4.081, 230.518



54, 38.620, 253.500



17, 16.987, 246.619

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95, 10.732, 334.229



94, 13.050, 334.358



98, 8.499, 98.409



50, 7.416, 334.322



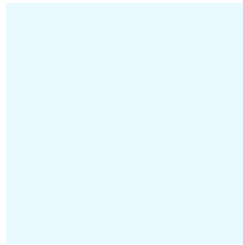
43, 75.015, 343.880



11, 35.324, 341.481

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 5.927, 230.456 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

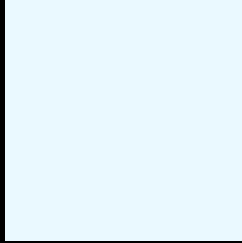
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 5.927, 230.456 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

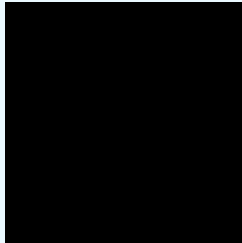
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

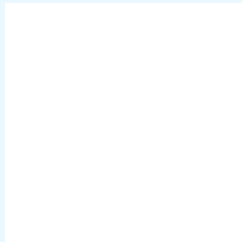
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 97, 5.927, 230.456

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 5.927, 230.456.

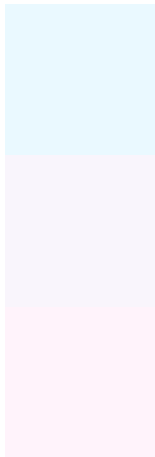


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 5.927, 230.456.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

97, 5.927, 230.456

Protanopia

97, 3.868, 311.597

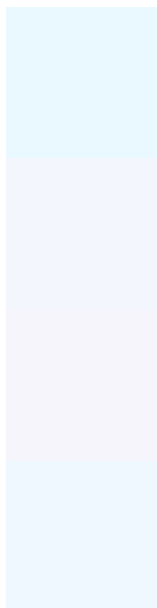
Deuteranopia

97, 5.909, 335.926



Tritanopia
97, 4.417, 267.541

Trichromacy



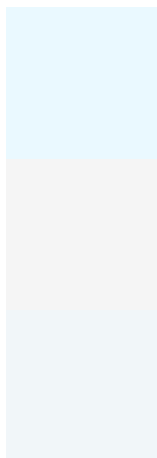
Original Color
97, 5.927, 230.456

Protanomaly
97, 3.643, 279.508

Deuteranomaly
97, 3.666, 301.413

Tritanomaly
97, 4.691, 249.208

Monochromacy



Original Color
97, 5.927, 230.456

Achromatopsia
97, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
97, 2.307, 241.397

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 5.927, 230.456 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(234, 249, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 249, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 249, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 249, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 5.927, 230.456 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 249, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 249, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 249, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 249, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 249, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 249,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 5.927, 230.456 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 249, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
249, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor