

# Converting Colors

CIE LCh(97, 5.990, 128.303)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(97, 5.990, 128.303) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(97, 5.895, 127.283)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F3F8ED
RGB	243, 248, 237
RGB Percent	95%, 97%, 93%
CMY	0.0464, 0.0268, 0.0700
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.04, 0.03
HSL	87°, 45%, 95%
HSV	87°, 4%, 97%
XYZ	85.9434, 92.4403, 93.5560
YIQ	245.2510, 0.5510, -4.4810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

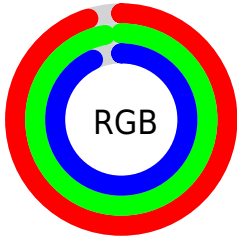
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	237, 248, 242
Decimal	15988973
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	97.00, -3.57, 4.69
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	97, 5.895, 127.283
Yxy	92.4403, 0.3160, 0.3399
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294179053 (0xFFFF3F8ED)
YUV	245.2510, -4.0677, -1.9741
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -8.6967, 9.6092

# Details

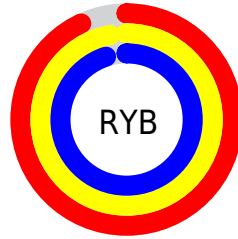
The CIELCh color **97, 5.895, 127.283** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **94, 5.956, 307.658**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 6.190, 127.222** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96, 19.242, 126.800**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 4.148, 322.315**.

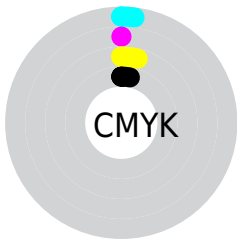
# Distribution



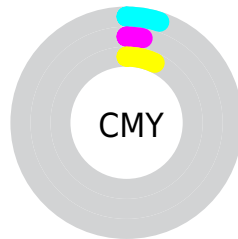
- Red (95%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 5.895, 127.283 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 5.895, 127.283 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



97, 5.895, 127.283

97, 5.895, 127.283

100, 5.895,  
127.283

87, 5.895, 127.283

77, 5.895, 127.283

67, 5.895, 127.283

57, 5.895, 127.283

47, 5.895, 127.283

37, 5.895, 127.283

27, 5.895, 127.283

17, 5.895, 127.283

7, 5.895, 127.283

97, 5.895, 127.283

97, 5.895, 127.283

96, 19.242,  
126.800

98, 4.148, 322.315

94, 32.538,  
126.301

98, 4.254, 324.517

93, 45.662,  
125.801

92, 58.430,  
125.330

91, 70.575,  
124.939

90, 81.708,  
124.705

90, 91.309,  
124.737

89, 98.787,  
125.165

■ 88,103.728,  
126.093

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97, 5.895, 127.283



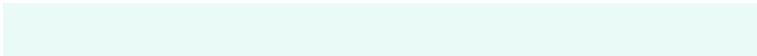
94, 5.956, 307.658

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



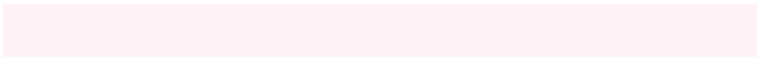
97, 5.895, 127.283



97, 5.895, 177.283



97, 5.895, 307.283



97, 5.895, 357.283

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 5.897, 127.291



100, 1.350, 127.520



96, 3.307, 69.165



53, 0.767, 127.527



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 5.897, 127.291



99, 6.800, 127.262



97, 6.759, 142.906



52, 4.564, 127.228



69, 85.733, 126.493



23, 37.318, 125.043



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94, 5.956, 307.658



96, 6.869, 307.687



95, 6.782, 323.287



50, 4.614, 307.722



28, 100.491, 310.902

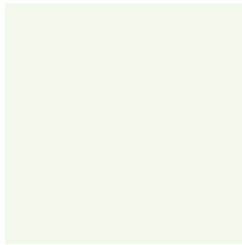


5, 43.191, 311.392



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 5.895, 127.283 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

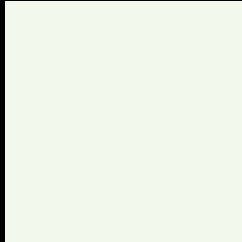
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 5.895, 127.283 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

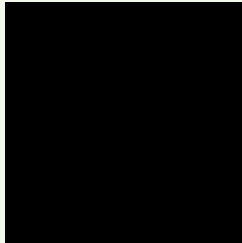
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

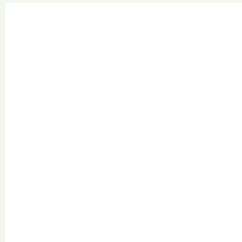
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 97, 5.895, 127.283

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 5.895, 127.283.

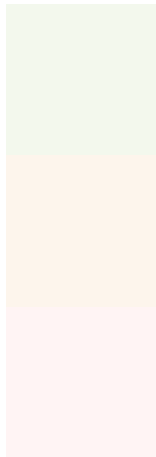


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 5.895, 127.283.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

97, 5.895, 127.283


### Protanopia

97, 5.390, 77.620

### Deuteranopia

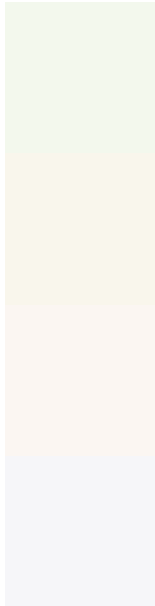
97, 3.905, 19.499





**Tritanopia**  
97, 5.180, 298.262

# Trichromacy



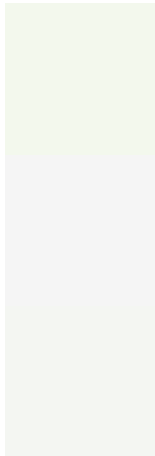
**Original Color**  
97, 5.895, 127.283

**Protanomaly**  
97, 5.195, 97.847

**Deuteranomaly**  
97, 2.684, 68.586

**Tritanomaly**  
97, 1.544, 290.344

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
97, 5.895, 127.283

**Achromatopsia**  
97, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
97, 2.160, 129.062

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 5.895, 127.283 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 248, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 248, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 248, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 248, 237) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 5.895, 127.283 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 248, 237) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 248, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 248, 237)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 248, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 248, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 248,  
237) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 5.895, 127.283 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 248, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
248, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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